WHY THEY BUY IT

PEOPLE BUY THE SUN BECAUSE IT IS LIVELY, NEWSY, AND TRUTHFUL. IT OUTSELLS ALL RIVALS AND IS LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE LOWELL SUN

WEDDING GOWN

THE LATEST FROM PARIS. SISTER OF CARLYLE IN CANADA. NUN DESCENDANT OF MARTHA WASHINGTON FULLY DESCRIBED IN TOMORROW'S SUN.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1897. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

FIRST EDITION 2 O'CLOCK

THE WEATHER.

The pleasant weather which prevailed over New England yesterday and last night will probably be superseded today by cloudy weather and rain which is moving eastward from the lake region. This foul weather will probably continue into Tuesday, though no great amount of rain is now indicated. It will be warmer Tuesday, with southerly winds, probably followed by clearing and cooler weather with winds becoming westerly in the afternoon or night.

ALMANAC, MONDAY, NOV. 15.
Sun rises—6:36; sets, 422.
High water—2:50 a. m.; 3:02 p. m.
Moon rises—9:32 p. m.

REGISTRATION MONDAY FROM 1 TO 3, AND 7 TO 9 P. M.

FUNERALS.

CURRY—The funeral services of Mrs. Catherine Curry took place Saturday afternoon at her home, 174 High street, after which there were services in the Immaculate Conception church. Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., officiated. The bearers were Thomas Quinn, William Roark, George Rushby, Thomas Roach. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

McLAUGHLIN—The funeral of Mary McLaughlin, took place at the home of her mother, 443 Broadway yesterday afternoon. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery and Rev. Fr. Ducey conducted the services at the grave. The bearers were John Morris, Michael Delehanty, Thomas McGrail, Patrick Hughes, Patrick Doyle and Patrick McCarthy. The floral tributes included a mammoth pillow from the husband, marked "Wife"; standing cross, Margaret McDermott; spray of pinks, Margaret McLaughlin.

REGISTRATION MONDAY FROM 1 TO 3, AND 7 TO 9 P. M.

Is Your Blood Tainted

Disease and Danger Threaten When the Blood is Impure

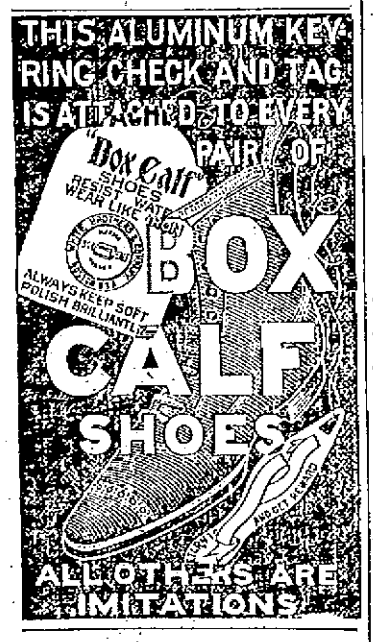
The Only Safety is in Eradicating All Scrofulous Taints at Once—Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures All Eruptions.

Scrofula, in one form or another, taints the blood of almost everyone. Thousands inherit the dreadful tendency; others acquire it in childhood or later years and millions find themselves the victims of boils, sores, pimples, swollen neck, or some more hidden and insidious form of the disease. The only safety is in purifying the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla does this promptly and thoroughly, accomplishing wonderful and permanent cures, even after other medicines have failed. Don't allow scrofula taints to develop in your system. At the first symptom of impure blood take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.



J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER,

Market, Corner Worthen Street. Telephone.

$7 TO $15

GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.

GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street.

ROCKING CHAIRS

A white enameled Child's Rocker given away with one pound of our 50c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Tel. 69-2.

MAUD GONNE'S ADDRESS

At Huntington Hall Last Evening—the Crowd Overwhelming.

MISS MAUD GONNE, the Irish Joan of Arc.

The Hall Was Not Half Large Enough — Her Address Full of Vigor and Patriotism—Mr. Egan an Ex-Political Prisoner Imprisoned With Thomas Callan Also Spoke—Mayor Courtney Presided.

"The strangershall hear thy lament on his plains;
The sigh of thy harp shall be heard o'er the deep,
'Till the masters themselves, as they rivet thy chains,
Shall pause at the song of their captive and weep."

The truth of the concluding lines of Moore's beautiful apology to his beloved motherland, although it has not been fully realized, even after nearly a century of suffering, is slowly but surely becoming apparent to the world and the complete realization of the sweet prophecy is longingly hoped for by all true Irishmen with the dawn of the new century.

The stranger has indeed heard Erin's lament on his plains. Many times has it been told, but never has Erin had a fairer, truer, or more devoted champion in these later days than she who last night stirred the hearts of thousands, Miss Maud Gonne, so well named the Irish Joan of Arc.

Imbued with the truest kind of patriotism, that which emanates from the heart and is made stronger rather than crushed by adversity, Miss Gonne is fighting Ireland's cause most nobly and the impression she makes wherever she goes insures some, if not all, of the grand results which she strives for so zealously.

Her reputation having preceded her, it was expected by the gentlemen who invited Miss Gonne to Lowell that the attendance would fill the hous... it is doubtful if even the most sanguine estimated within the thousand mark the number of Lowell's people who went to Huntington hall to hear this fair champion of a noble cause.

Never in the history of the hall has such an immense crowd sought admission to it. The doors were opened at about 6 o'clock and before 6.30 the spacious hall was comfortably filled. At 7 o'clock the hall, floor and gallery, was packed and half an hour later, the aisles, corridors, rear of the stage, and the stairways were packed, it being next to impossible to move about, while hundreds were turned away disappointed.

When at 8 o'clock the speakers and reception committee marched to the stage they reached their destination with the greatest difficulty. In fact, the hall was overcrowded, and had the aisles been kept clear, the fair speaker would have been relieved of much fatigue, as she was forced to exert herself unreasonably to make herself heard above the din.

The audience was a remarkable one in character and size, for it composed all nationalities and creeds, and all stations in life. Irish Catholics, Irish Protestants, Irish-Americans, native Americans, and French Americans sat side by side and heard with a similarity of feeling the tale of Erin's wrongs, so pathetically related by Miss Gonne and all expressed their sympathy in loud and liberal applause.

The decorations on this occasion were simple. The speaker's desk was covered with an Irish flag, while on either side of the stage were the emblems of America and France.

Among those on the stage with Miss Gonne were Mayor Courtney and wife, Charles D. Palmer and wife, D. J. Murphy and Miss Murphy, Joseph Smith and wife, John A. O'Hearn and wife, John W. McEvoy, Esq., D. J. Donahue, Esq., William Morrissey of Portsmouth, N. H., the Misses Delaney Mrs. Courtney, Mrs. Gilbride, Dr. Madden, Dennis Murphy, J. L. Chalifoux, P. J. O'Brien, Andrew F. Roche, Joseph Sullivan, Cornelius A. Daly, Councilman James F. Kennedy, Rev. James Walsh, Rev. Fr. McKenna, Rev. Fr. Scannell Alderman Cosgrove and others. In the boxes were Fisher H. Pearson, Gardner W. Pearson, Lawrence Cummings, Edward Gallagher, Councilman Bosco and others.

The meeting opened shortly after 8 o'clock and being called to order after a selection by St. Patrick's band, by Chairman P. J. O'Brien, who made a brief address of welcome in which he acknowledged the honor conferred upon the Irish societies of Lowell by the guest of the evening in her acceptance of their invitation to visit them. He then introduced Mayor William F. Courtney, who was warmly received.

Mayor Courtney spoke as follows:

"I deem it a privilege as well as an honor to be called upon to preside at this splendid meeting of friends of Ireland's cause. For centuries the Irish people have suffered from the injustice of English laws and from the cruel persecution of the English government, but the love of their native land is just as strong in their hearts today as it ever was, and they are just as ready to sacrifice life and liberty as were those illustrious heroes who have preceded them, and of whom the Irish people are so proud. It is my pleasant duty tonight to introduce to you one whose fame has already preceded her, a lady born in Ireland, who has witnessed the suffering and persecution of the people of that unhappy country, and who is now engaged in appealing to the civilized people of the world to redress the wrongs of Ireland. It gives me pleasure to introduce to you as the principal speaker of the evening, she who has been so aptly termed the Irish Joan of Arc, Miss Maud Gonne."

The mention of the well known and beloved name aroused all the good old Irish enthusiasm of the multitude to the highest pitch and it was only after a request from Mayor Courtney that it restrained itself.

Miss Gonne is remarkable in appearance. She is very tall, quite frail, yet charmingly graceful. Her beauty of countenance is most striking when flushed with Irish enthusiasm she tells in no uncertain language the sad tale of her country. At other times her expression is pensive. As a speaker, she is very attractive, though last evening she labored against great odds, owing, to a troublesome cough and the noise made by the great audience. She uses beautiful language and her address was intensely "Irish," hence its charm.

Miss Gonne spoke substantially as follows:

"I cannot express to you the feeling that comes over me as I stand here in this vast assembly of my fellow countrymen, so far away from the old land. When I left home my friends told me that I was not going among strangers, and indeed they spoke the truth. There is nothing more wonderful or more beautiful, I think, in all the world, than the devotion of the Irish people to the cause of the old land. In spite of her humiliation, in spite of her sorrows, and perhaps, I might say, on account of those sorrows, we love Ireland more truly than men love the greatest empires of the world, and will never rest until we have broken asunder her chains and awake her from the the death-like trance in which she lies at the feet of England. It has been well said a bad son never makes a good husband, and the more the Irish exile loves his mother land, the more certain he is to be a good citizen of his adopted country.

"Long centuries of struggle against England, not alone for Freedom's sake but for actual existence, have taught the Irish people to distrust England. We know by bitter experience that she is never more to be dreaded than when she holds out the hand of friendship. We have seen treaty after treaty broken whenever it suited the policy of England to do so. It is but natural and right that the Irish people in America should do all they can to defend their beloved country from the shadow of England's influence which has wrought ruin in Ireland. This is why so many Irishmen have opposed the treaty of arbitration which England sought to get passed in America. I believe that many thousands of Americans who first saw in that treaty only the application of universal peace and justice, and as such supported it now recognize its true meaning. England wants this treaty, not as the guarantee of peace, but in order to enable her to make war. She wants to say: 'We have the great republic of America at our back and we are strong; it is the alliance of the great English speaking races.' This is how France and the press of Europe look on this treaty of arbitration, and we in Ireland, who are fighting such a struggle for liberty against such terrible odds. It would be a cruel blow to us to see America support England.

"England has been engaged in more wars during the last 60 years—wars against weak nations—than any other country in the world. During the Queen's jubilee, the English press boasted of the 31 great wars of Victoria. And this is the nation that talks about peace and arbitration! If England is so in love with the principle of arbitration, why does she not arbitrate the Irish question. But Mr. Chamberlain said, when President Kruger proposed arbitration with the Transvaal, 'We English are a dominant nation; it is preposterous to talk to us of arbitration!' The arbitration treaty was rejected and it was a great blow to England, but it is not given up yet. England will strain every nerve to obtain that treaty. My fellow countrymen, as Irishmen, and above all as Americans, it is your duty to oppose this treaty.

"Almost a century has passed away since the united Irishmen so nearly succeeded in freeing our country. During the hideous mockery of the jubilee pageant, the Irish turned for consolation to the memory of 1798. England had her jubilee this year; we will celebrate ours next year. England celebrated in her jubilee 60 years of successful plunder, murder and rapine; next year we will celebrate the memory of one of the most heroic struggles for freedom that the world has ever known. Human life is very precious, no doubt, and should never lightly be risked; but, fellow countrymen, there are some sorts of economy that are short sighted. We should not forget that in the 60 years of Victoria's reign our population has been reduced by one half. From 8½ millions, we have been reduced to 4½ millions, and, fellow countrymen, one million Irishmen have been starved to death in Ireland, in a land of plenty, during the reign of Queen Victoria. Famine accompanies British rule wherever it may be, in India or in Ireland. She deals in this way with the people whom she may have conquered, but cannot subdue. It seems to me that constant bloodshed might have proved less deadly to Ireland than these losses. A little bloodshed makes a great stain. The Sultan of Turkey only massacred some hundred thousands of Armenians and the world cried out in horror, but the Turks are a barbarous people and have not learned the fine arts of civilization with which England deals with her subjects.

"I myself have seen whole villages in Ireland destroyed and helpless women and children driven out in winter to starve on the mountain side. Only four years ago, when Mr. Gladstone—that great, old hypocrite—(great applause, mingled with hisses)—was in power, having come into power by the Irish vote and declared he was going to stop evictions, I saw the agent of Lord Dufresne come around protected by policemen and set fire to thatch roofs of a whole village and the people barely had time to escape with their lives. Remember, my countrymen, these things took place in time of peace and while the infamous doctrine of a union of hearts is being preached to the Irish people.

"Unfortunately, as John Mitchell says, England possesses the ear of the world, and she pours into it all the calumnies she wishes. I am afraid that lately, by our personal quarrels and dissensions, we have been making England's task in this respect very easy. The glorious centennial of '98 will give us an opportunity to place Ireland in a position to disprove these calumnies. We can show to the world that when there is a great national issue at stake, the people of Ireland can unite.

"I do not believe that any great or noble effort is ever wasted. Sooner or later, the fruits of these centuries of sacrifice will be reached and the holy light of freedom will shine once more upon Ireland."

At the conclusion of Miss Gonne's address a collection was taken up and the proceeds will be divided between the Prisoners' Amnesty fund and the '98 celebration funds.

Daniel J. Donahue was then introduced and he sang with inspiring effect "The Wearing of the Green," the song being received with tremendous applause and cheering. Miss Murphy presided at the piano. For an encore, Mr. Donahue rendered "The Boys of Wexford."

Mayor Courtney then introduced Jas. F. Egan, the former political prisoner, as one who has suffered but who is still fighting the battle of Ireland, devoting his life unselfishly to the Irish cause.

Mr. Egan received an ovation and when the applause had subsided he said "I am here tonight as a representative of those men, some of whom fell in fighting the battle of their country, and many of whom are now undergoing excruciating torture in English prisons. But though they have suffered now for over 18 years and but a vestige of their former strength remains, yet the love of liberty and Ireland is as warm in their hearts today as it was 18 years ago, when they were robbed of their liberty and consigned to a living death; and so will it be; the love of Ireland will remain paramount in their hearts until the spark of life has been at last extinguished.

"Some years ago, I was enabled, through the Nationalists of America to send home money to the suffering families of these prisoners, and today I am here again on a similar mission.

"There were 28 Irish prisoners in English prisons, 3 of whom died there and 7 have already gone insane as a result of cruel treatment accorded them. Two of them were received in this country not long ago, and the sight presented by one bereft of reason, Dr. Gallagher, appalled all who saw that unfortunate man! Previous to his release, the Home Secretary denied the statements made in regard to Dr. Gallagher's condition, but today Dr. Gallagher is in an insane asylum. Is it not enough to show you, fellow countrymen, the manner in which that government has treated us? It is utterly impossible to describe the horrible treatment of our prisoners. And yet England extends to you in this country the right hand of fellowship in the shape of a proposed arbitration treaty. Beware of it!

"It is a fact that many of our Irish political prisoners were wrongly condemned, the government entering into the conspiracy. Hirelings of the government on every hand strove to condemn all who raised their voices in behalf of Ireland. If my countrymen are guilty, England is a thousand times more guilty. We have a just cause in demanding the release of our Irish political prisoners.

"During the Queen's jubilee, I thought, as did many of my countrymen, that surely the Queen would set free those prisoners, but no spark of love for our country exists in her bosom. She carries out the policy of her husband, who said that the Irish did not deserve liberty even as much as did the Poles, and those prisoners are still in the dungeons while their families, heartbroken, are fighting a bitter battle against poverty.

"I know I am speaking to a kindly audience tonight and I ask you in conclusion to stand by us. This fight for Ireland must go on until Ireland wins and I ask you to stand by us not only until we have succeeded in getting the release of our prisoners, but until we make our country a nation once more."

James E. Donnelley then sang "The Minstrel Boy," and for an encore "Asthore," after which Mayor Courtney read a set of resolutions drawn by the projectors of the meeting in denunciation of the proposed arbitration treaty and calling upon the Senator from Massachusetts to fight against its passage, the resolutions dwelling particularly upon that portion of the treaty relative to the extradition of political prisoners.

The resolutions passed most emphatically.

This concluded the program and when Mayor Courtney had thanked the audience for its presence, the great meeting was over.

After the meeting, Miss Gonne and Mr. Egan held an informal reception on the stage after which she repaired to the home of D. J. Murphy on Walker street, where she was entertained during her stay in Lowell.

IS YOUR NAME ON THE CHECK LIST? IF NOT, GO TO THE REGISTRARS' OFFICE, CITY HALL MONDAY, AND HAVE IT PUT ON.

First class printing done at this office.

For Mamma's Boy

You'll find in our Children's Department a wealth of novelties, designed to please the most critical mamma or papa. Our stock of Reefers is very large and select. All the nobby and sensible styles are here. The cloths are Kersey, Chinchilla, Frieze, Astrachan and Boucle. The colors Black, Brown, Green, Blue, Red, Oxford and light covert shades trimmed most artistically.

We mention specially a line of Astrachan Reefers in ages 3 to 8 years, trimmed with several rows of braid back and front, with very deep sailor collar in several colors,

$3.00

Others $4.65 to $7.00, made with sailor collar in small ages and velvet or storm collar for the larger boys.

N. B. Our Children's Department is the lightest in the city.

Opp. City Hall.

Merrimack Clothing Company

THE WINTER TINGE

Of Saturday's weather added fresh impetus to our already large overcoat business.

Prices and style must be right, for every man who came in to look, stayed to buy.

The man who can't find an Overcoat here to his liking must indeed be hard to please.

Prices—$5.00 to $30.00.

Styles—Everything that's correct.

If alterations are needed, we make them, just as a tailor does.

PUTNAM & SON.

No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

IS YOUR NAME ON THE CHECK LIST? IF NOT, GO TO THE REGISTRARS' OFFICE, CITY HALL, MONDAY, AND HAVE IT PUT ON.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday December 3rd, in the Savings Department of the

Traders' National Bank

Will draw interest from December 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compound semi-annually.

HOURS { Daily 8 a. m. to 3 p. m. / Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

30 Middlesex street, 11 Post Office Avenue.

Chas. J. Glidden, President. William F. Hills, Cashier.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE.

129 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00; Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket, 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Lockie's, 129 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET,

Will Sell at "Special Sale" Price ON

Tuesday, Nov. 16

39 Dozen Ladies' Perfect Fitting Well Made

WRAPPERS

Which are very slightly imperfect, but in many cases could not be detected if not informed of the imperfections by honest dealers. The regular price is $1 each. The special price of this lot "as are" is 51c. each. The sizes are from 32 to 46 bust measure, skirts cut full 3 yards at bottom, waists are lined and sleeves fashionable. Colors silver grey, standard 64x64 prints, with small and medium figures of beautiful designs. The cloth in each of these Wrappers cost 65c. and no dressmaker would charge less than $1.25 for making and lining, so for 51c. you get a Wrapper which, if made to order, would cost complete $1.87. Remember this is at the place of rare bargains which didn't "bust up."

Sale Tuesday, Nov. 16, which is tomorrow.

Infants' and little Children's Cloaks, Bonnets, etc. We make special prices on from now until Thanksgiving.

We carry the most complete stock of Knit Fascinators, Hoods, Leggings, Mittens, Jackets, Capes, Shawls, etc. shown in Lowell.

FRANK E. STOWELL, candidate for Purchasing Agent.

TEMPERANCE DISCOURSE

BY REV. MR. BARTLETT OF KIRK STREET CHURCH.

The Good Templars of this city and Chelmsford attended service at the Kirk street church last night and listened to a temperance address by Rev. W. A. Bartlett. Among other things he said;

"I do not speak to you tonight as Protestants, but as Christian citizens. I take it for granted that Catholics and Protestants are alike interested in this holy war. I have had my hand clasped since my sermon on the Mountain-Rock scandal just as warmly by Catholics as Protestants, and I know of no grander advocate of temperance in this country than Bishop Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul. I wish I could put into the hand of every citizen of Lowell the magnificent plea which he lately made in Cleveland which is well named "Conscience—the Sure Foundation of Good Citizenship." Among other things he says: 'Civil society needs Titanic strength. The passions of men rise up in fierce war against society. Passions recognize no rights and suffer no control. Passions in their greed are mighty. Pride, envy lust, greed, if unrestrained, will break down alike walls and reduce to chaotic ruins all citadels. Passions are always where men are; the menace of disorder and anarchy are never absent from human society.' He truly says that we cannot rely on physical force or on law unless men will do righteously because it is right. He says again: 'Every citizen is a teacher of morals by his silent example. The higher the citizen by office, wealth, or social position the greater his responsibility to fellow men and to country. Notice this: "One glaring deed of profligacy or dishonesty in high place weakens the morals of tens of thousands. The tens of thousands are preserved from evil by a sound public opinion, when, with a depraved public opinion, they would rush wildly into sin/ Let us work faithfully to form and maintain a high, moral, public conscience."'

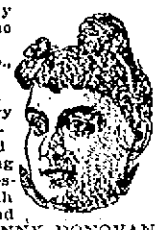
REV. DR. COURT'S SUCCESSOR.

Until January 1, the Boston presbytery will supply preachers for the Presbyterian church on Appleton street. Then members of the church will act upon a successor to the late Rev. Dr. Court.

FAT A BURDEN.

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt Will Take it Off—Some Reduced a Pound a Day.

Mrs. James B. (Fanny) Donovan, of the Donovons' Irish Sketch Artists, took Dr. Edison's Obesity treatment with the best results:



Messrs. Loring & Co., New York City:

Gentlemen:—About the first of January my stoutness had become burdensome and unsightly and my being in the theatrical profession it interfered with my acting, singing and dancing. I had tried everything to reduce me but could get no relief. I began to use Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt, and at once commenced to reduce, until now I am down to my normal weight. That distressed, heavy and languid feeling is entirely gone, and I feel like a new woman. Shortness of breath, with which I was greatly troubled, has been completely cured. I can safely recommend the Pills and Salt as the only true and effective flesh reducers in the world. Yours truly,

FANNY DONOVAN.
MRS. JAMES B. DONOVAN.

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used. Our goods are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE HENRY MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 42 W. 22d Street, New York city, (Medical Department of Loring & Co.) is the largest and best appointed in the world. Its physicians are the most skilful and its appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases are the most complete and embrace every recent worthy invention for the benefit of suffering mankind. Electrical Sanitarium—Powerful and elaborate electrical apparatus for the reduction of obesity and the cure of nervous exhaustion and all chronic diseases of men and women. Dermatological department—Superfluous hair and facial blemishes removed. Special surgery. Free advice about any disease. Rupture cured.

One bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills costs only $1.50; one bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Salt costs only $1. Send mail orders to Loring & Co., general agents for the United States.

We send free "How To Cure Obesity."

LORING & CO., DEPT. 110.
No. 42 W. 22nd St., New York City.
No. 3 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.
Nos. 56-62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

REV. MR. MERRIAM

RESIGNS FROM PASTORATE OF HIGHLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. Charles L. Merriam, pastor of the Highland Congregational church, has resigned from the pastorate of that church, his letter being read by Rev. J. W. Hayley at the morning's service yesterday. The letter stated in substance that the pastor felt unable to bear the burden longer and that he felt that his resignation might result in a financial benefit to the church.

AMBULANCE CALLS

THREE CALLS SINCE SATURDAY NIGHT.

John L. Greenwood, aged 40 years, was removed from his room in Daly's block on Gorham street to St. John's hospital. He suffered a stroke of paralysis last Thursday and ever since then has had nothing to eat, nor had he seen anyone. Yesterday some friends called and discovered his condition.

The ambulance was called to a corporation boarding house in Suffolk street at 6 o'clock last night to take care of a man named Joseph Nolan, who was suffering from delirium tremens. He was removed to the city farm.

Michael Maguire was thrown from a wagon Saturday night, receiving a bad scalp wound. He was taken to St. John's hospital, and last night was reported as resting comfortably.

WHERE IS MARTIN RILEY?

HIS YOUNG SON JAMES SEEKS HIM IN LOWELL.

Where is Martin Riley, formerly of 63 Lakeview avenue?

His young son, James, is in town in search of him.

Young Riley lived here with his father at the above address, the father being in the employ of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company. About a year ago the boy went to Buffalo, N. Y., where he worked until recently. Getting out of work he was sent on here by the overseers of the poor, arriving in this city last night.

This morning he learned that his father is no longer in the employ of the insurance company and that he has not lived in Lakeview avenue for three months.

As the boy is without money or friends he is much worried over the absence of his father.

LE CERCLE GARIN.

A meeting of Le Cercle Garin was held yesterday afternoon in their hall, and Mr. T. J. Goyette was the presiding officer. Mr. Arthur Heneage was elected secretary in place of Mr. Chas. Bonir, resigned. A debate on the question: Resolved, "That war is disastrous to a country" was held and was decided in the negative. Mr. J. L. Lamoureux was elected chairman during the debate. The debate was a general one and was open to all.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

The alarm from box 56, shortly after three o'clock this morning was occasioned by a fire in the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen on the third floor of the Irving building on Middle street. The damage to the apartments was slight, but the water went through into store rooms occupied by A. G. Pollard & Co., and, it is said, slightly injured some dry goods.

The committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the street railway companies and municipalities and to report to the next legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, at 10.30 a. m., at the state house in Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

LAWYER THOMAS RILEY, the silver democratic candidate for Mayor of Boston.

POLICE COURT.

This was the slowest Monday that the court has seen in many months.

James Lahey got four months in the workhouse.

James Fitzgerald also received five months, while William Moran got four.

Napoleon Germaine was held in $200 for trial November 19.

COURT COLUMBUS.

At the last regular meeting of Court Columbus, No. 80, Foresters of America, held Friday evening, the following resolutions were adopted on the death of the Past Supreme Chief Ranger Laurence J. Smith:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call to an eternal rest our highly esteemed brother, L. J. Smith.

Whereas, By this unexpected death, the Order has sustained an irreparable loss in having removed from our midst his noblest son;

Resolved, That we tender to his wife and children our most heartfelt sympathy;

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the records of this Court, and copies of the same forwarded to the bereaved family of the deceased brother, and to each of the following newspapers, for publication: The Sun, Citizen, Daily News and L'Etoile.

—A Bourbonnere,
Wm. J. Goldrick
James Madden,
Committee.

A WORD TO COMMERICAL TRAVELERS.

And others who travel, being subject to our changeable climate. Prepare yourselves before going on your journey with a bottle of Cleveland's Lung Healer. It will cure you of all Throat and Lung troubles, a sure remedy for acute and chronic coughs. F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street, have the sole agency for Lowell. Call on them and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

WATER MAIN BREAKS.

The 2 1-2 inch water main supply pipe in the basement of the Old Lowell bank burst this forenoon and flooded the cellar. The fire department was called to stop the water and empty the cellar.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED),
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels, and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

FOR THANKSGIVING

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Cream Pitchers, Butter Dishes, and everything the eye can feast upon or the heart wish is at present in our stock of Silver Ware.

We keep the finest line of Souvenir Spoons.

LEGAULT & CO.,
Jewellers and Opticians.
70 Central, cor. Prescott Sts.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO., Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

3 Days More of Our Startling Reduction Sale 3

Three days more in which the people of Lowell can buy Winter Dry Goods at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices, as a result of our purchases from the wholesale stock of Bradford, Thomas & Co. of Boston, who are going out of business. Three days more in which you can buy large size Comforters at 29c. each. Large size heavy Blankets at $1.00 a pair. Staple Check Ginghams at 3c. per yard. Flannel Delaine, regular 12 1-2c. grade, at 5c. per yard. A. C. A. Ticking at 10c. per yard. Brown and Bleached Cotton, 3 1-2c., 5c. and 6 1-4c. per yard. We always give a greater equivalent for your money than others. We always make it profitable for you to trade here. We always pay you big interest on your money. This store is a great savings bank for its customers. Phenomenal low pricing for this week's trading.

EMPRESS TEAS and COFFEES

This department continues to do a growing business and once you try the Empress Teas or Coffees you will have no other. We will continue our special offering for this week as follows:

1 lb. of 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee for 24c., or 5 lbs. for $1
1 pound of 38c. Coffee and 1-2 pound of 65c. Tea for 50c

We will also give a special discount of 5 per cent. per pound on all our 50c., 60c. and 70c. Tea during this sale.

Toilet Dept.

Startling reduction in popular brands.

Glycerine and Rose Water, regular price, 15c. Down to 9c.

1000 bottles of Vaseline. At 4c. per bottle.

Madame Campbell's Face Powder in pink.

Red Seal Toilet Waters, 4 oz. bottle, 15c. 8 oz. bottle, 25c.

Bay Rum, usually sold for 39c. Down to 19c. a bottle.

White Clover Cream, usual price, 35c. Down to 19c. a bottle.

Triple Extract, all odors, usual price 39c. Down to 19c. a bottle.

Triple Extract in small size, usual price, 15c. Down to 9c.

Hat Brushes, usually sold for 15c. Down to 5c. each.

Tooth Brushes, usually sold at 19c. Down to 7c. each.

Parker's Cold Cream. Down to 9c. a bottle.

1000 cakes of Toilet Soap, 15c. quality. Down to 5c. a cake.

1000 cakes of Pure Castile Soap. 3 cakes for 5c.

Ladies' Dressing Combs, 7c. each.

Napier Witch Hazel, usual price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.

Napier Borax, usual price, 19c. Down to 10c. a bottle.

Napier Almond Meal, for the complexion, usual price, 39c. Down to 19c.

Napier Court Plaster, 2½c. per package.

Colgate's Sachet Powders in all colors, regular price, 29c. Down to 15c.

Toilet Dept.—(Continued.)

Parker's Tooth Powder, 25c. quality. Down to 19c.

Martin's Tooth Powder, regular price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.

Basement Bargains

Greater than ever.

Pressed Tumblers, fine polish, 2c. each.

Wooden Handled Bread Knives 5c. each.

Blue Edge Pie Plates, any size, 5c. each.

White Plates, semi-granite, any size, 5c. each.

Perfection Pie Plates, lift-out bottom, 7c. each.

Victoria Flour Seives, 7c. each.

10-inch Nappies, 9c. each.

11x16 Sheet Iron Drip Pans, 13c. each

10-inch Decorated Dishes, 13c. each.

Double Turkey Roasters, 19c. a pair.

10-quart Bread Raisers, 19c. each.

Bone Handled Butcher Knives, 19c. each.

10-inch Yellow Lipped Bowls, 17c. each.

12-inch Dishes, round or square, 39c. each.

Fine Blown Tumblers, 39c. per doz.

Bone Handled Knives and Forks, 39c. per doz.

56-piece Tea Sets of English Stone China, $2.89 per set.

112-piece Dinner Sets English Stone China, $6.89 per set.

Dress Makers' Findings

Laces, Braids, Fur Edgings, Buttons, etc., at prices lower than you'll ever find them again.

Silk Laces, 2, 3, and 4 inches wide. At 12½c., 15c., and 19c. per yard.

Black Chantilly Laces, 25c. to 50c. goods. Down to 10c., 12½c., 15c., 17c., and 19c. per yard.

Black Coney Fur Edge, 50c. goods, Down to 29c. per yard.

Black and Brown Marten Fur Tails, 22c. to 39c. per yard.

Fancy Tinsel Gauze, 45 inches wide, for evening, in black, cardinal, green, and maize. At 49c. per yard.

Mohair Braids and Gimps, black and colored, regular price, 25c. to 50c. Down to 12½c. per yard.

Colored Mohair Tubular Braids, Down to 3c.

Fancy Mohair Braids. Down to 15c. per yard.

Iridiscent Bead Headings. Down to 10c. per yard.

Boston Dress Stays. Down to 7c.

Ivory Top Dress Stays, covered. Down to 8c.

Stockinet Dress Shields. Down to 7c.

John English Needlebook. Complete assortment of needles. 5c.

Skirt Hooks and Eyes. Down to 2c. a box.

The popular Spring Hooks and Eye, Down to 3c.

Bone Hat Pins, regular 25c. goods, Down to 10c.

We Give Away Free This Week

A 25c. Waist Pattern to every purchaser of a set of Favorite Dress Stays.

Ladies' and Children's Winter Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Jersey Vests or Pants, white or Egyptian. At 25c. each.

Ladies' All Wool Jersey Underwear, in medium sizes, white or grey. At 25c. each.

Ladies' Wool Pants, scarlet, grey or white, regular $1.25 goods. Down to 50c. per pair.

Ladies' All Wool Combination Suits, regular $2.00 goods. At $1.00 per suit.

Ladies' Harvard Mill Combination Suits, in white or Egyptian. Down to 50c. each.

Infants' Fleeced Lined Vests, sizes 1 to 6. Down to 12½c. each.

Misses' Fleeced Combination Suits in white or Egyptian. Down to 45c.

Children's Extra Heavy Merino Vests and Pants. At 15c. each.

Small Ware Dept.

Money savers.

Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, 5c. each and per pair.

1000 pieces of Ruching. At 5c. per yard.

5 gross of Ladies' Tan Belts, 25c. quality. At 10c. each.

Boys' Windsor Ties. At 5c. each.

100 pieces of Featherstitch Braid, 19c. quality. At 7c. each.

1000 packages of Envelopes, regular price, 12c. At 5c. per package.

Cabinet Hair Pins, 4c. per box.

Invincible Hair Pins, 2½c. per box.

Adelina Patti's Hair Pins, 3c. a box.

Princess Curling Irons, large size, regular price, 12c. Down to 7c.

500 Broom Brushes, 15c. quality, Down to 7c. each.

Kid Curlers, 4c. per dozen.

Fancy Silk Elastic Web, 39c. quality, down to 25c.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

Several new lots today.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with seamless foot and 2-thread heel and toe. Sale price, 8c per pair.

Ladies' Fast Black Fleeced Hose, seamless foot; 19c. grade. Down to 11c. per pair.

Ladies' All Wool Hose, seamless foot and fast black, 25c. quality. Down to 12½c. per pair.

One case of Ladies' Fast Black All Wool Hose, ribbed (seconds) 2-thread heel and toe, a great bargain. At 17c. per pair.

Boys' and Girls' School Hose, double knee, heel and toe. Sale price, 8c. per pair.

Children's Cashmere Hose, sizes 6 to 9½, double knee and toe, extra quality, 17c. per pair.

One Case of Boys' Extra Heavy All Wool Hose, a 39c. value. At 25c. per pair.

Ladies' Wool, Corduroy and Silk Waists.

Corduroy Waists, all colors, with laundered collar and Velveteen Waists in best quality, $5.00 value. At $3.89 each.

2 Lots of Plaid and Plain Colored Wool Waists, usually sold $1.50 to $2.00. At 98c. and $1.39 each.

1 Lot of Black Taffetta Silk Waists, with Blouse Plaited front, an excellent value. At $3.98 each.

Colored Dress Goods.

The most gigantic sacrifice ever made.

All Wool Serges and Flannel Suitings in all the new shades, 49c. goods, at 29c. per yard.

All Wool and Worsted Mohair Novelties, in all the up-to-date colorings, including pencil stripes and mixtures. Sale price, 39c. per yard.

All Wool Mohair and Wool heavy and smooth effects in a select line that cannot be duplicated. These goods are considered bargains at 75c. Sale price 49c. per yard.

47-inch Silk Finished Henrietta in all the new colorings. Also 44-inch Novelties in two-toned colorings. Also Pebble and Diagonal weaves regular $1.00 goods. At 59c. per yard.

54-inch Coverts, 46-inch Pebble weaves, 46-inch two-toned Diagonals, 46-inch Canvass Cloth, and 46-inch Chevrons, goods that have retailed readily at $1.25. Sale price, 75c. per yard.

All Wool and Silk and Wool Plaids in Poplins, Etamines, and Twills, suitable for waists and Misses' dresses. At 19c., 25c., 39c., 49c., 69c., and 75c. per yard.

54-inch Cloaking, sold at $2.50. Down to $1.50 per yard.

Drapery Dept.

Carpets and Floor Coverings, Window Shades and Laces, Portieres, Rugs, etc. at prices that will positively eclipse anything ever offered.

Japanese Beaded Portieres, $1.50 quality. At 98c.

All wool carpet remnants, 1½ yard long, at 25c. each.

Best Brussels remnants, 1½ yards long, at 75c. each.

Best Moquette remnants, 1½ yards long, at 85c. each.

Best quality Hassocks, newest shapes, usual prices, 75c. and 85c., sale prices, 39, 49, and 59c. each.

Sash rods in white, oak, and cherry, 10c. goods, at 5c. each.

Extension rods, regular 10c. quality, down to 5c. each.

Best quality oil cloth, worth 50c. down to 35c. per yard.

Scotch Rugs, regular price, 50c., down to 39c. each.

Tapestry portieres, $2.25 quality, down to $1.49 each.

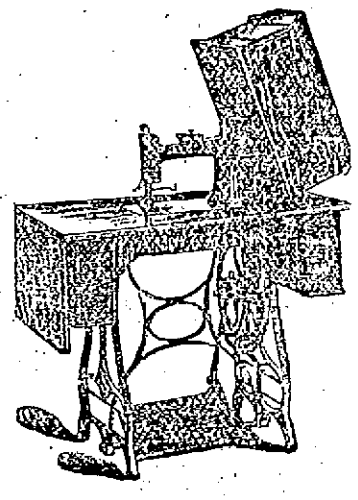
Rug Fringe, assorted colors, down to 7c. per yard.

China Matting, 15c. quality, down to 10c. per yard.

ANOTHER CHANCE TO BUY OUR

NEW LOWELL SEWING MACHINE

At About 1-3 Its Regular Value.



We will continue during this week to offer our New Lowell Sewing Machine, which we guarantee equal in every way to regular $50 machines sold by agents, with all attachments and warranted for five years, at

$17.50 EACH

Buy Your Thanksgiving Linens This Week.

Goods at Mere Fraction of Their Worth.

Table Linens worth 39 and 49c. at 25c. per yard.

Pillow Shams worth 39 and 49c. at 25c.

Tray Cloths worth 19c. at 10c. each.

Doylies, worth 10c. and 12½c. At 5c. each.

100 doz. Towels worth 10c. at 4½c. each.

1000 rolls of Crash worth 5c. at 1½c. per yard.

20 different patterns in Linen Table Sets at $1.98 per set.

100 doz. Bureau Scarfs, worth 35c., at 19c. each.

100 doz. Commode Sets worth 20c. at 10c. each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

5 dozen Figured Black Mohair Skirts, made in the most up-to-date style, sold usually at $3.25. Down to $1.49 each.

5 dozen Serge, Mohair and Fancy woven Black Skirts, a regular $4.00 value. At $2.49 each.

3 dozen All Silk black brocade Skirts, excellently made, a regular $10 value, At $5.98 each.

Sheetings and Pillow Slips.

At the lowest prices ever quoted.

100 doz. Pillow Slips, 8c. quality, at 5c. each.

50 doz. ready-made Sheets, 49c. quality, at 20c. each.

3 bales of 40-inch Brown Cotton, 10c. quality, at 6¼c. per yard.

500 White Spreads, slightly damaged, $1.00 quality, at 45c. each.

33 pieces of White Domet Flannel 3c. quality, at 4c. per yard.

40 pieces of Eiderdown, all colors, at 25c. per yard.

Corsets and Petticoats.

Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets, Black, White and Drab, 89c. per pair.

Prima Donna Corsets, regular price, $1.00. Down to 79c. per pair.

J. & C. Corsets, price for this week, 39c. per pair.

Black Sateen lined Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 98c. each.

Blue, Black and Grey Flannel Skirts, $1.25 quality. Down to 75c. each.

Quilted Sateen Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 98c. each.

German Silk Skirts, $4.00 quality. Down to $2.98 each.

THOMAS McGURN, a leading worker in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

BERNARD BURNS, a leader in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

WITH THE POLICE

Burglars Ransacked House on Broadway.

JUVENILE PIGEON THIEVES ARE BEING SOUGHT.

Doherty's Saloon Suffers Loss by Burglars.

The house of John J. McNabb was entered some time between 12 o'clock and 8 o'clock yesterday by means of a rear window. When Mr. McNabb returned last night he found the following articles were missing: Two silver tea pots, one silver butter dish, one silver cream pitcher, one silver sugar bowl, one silver spoon holder, one and a half dozen silver spoons, two silver knives and forks, one lady's open faced silver watch, one Knights of Pythias gold charm, two lady's gold rings, gold watch chain with pearl charm. Mr. McNabb places his loss at about $75.

THEY STOLE PIGEONS.

Napoleon Germaine, aged 15 years, was arrested by Inspectors Allen and Laflamme on Saturday morning on the charge of having stolen eight fancy doves from the coop of J. F. Maxwell of North Billerica Friday night. The birds, which are valued at $5, were recovered. Five of them had been sold for 65 cents. Germaine and another boy, it will be remembered, stole a pig from a Dracut farmer some time ago, for which they were placed on probation. Two other boys were in on the pigeon theft, it is said, but as yet they have not been apprehended.

A SALOON ENTERED.

Early Sunday morning, thieves entered the saloon of James F. Doherty, at the corner of Summer and South streets, and took $15, that had been framed as the first money put over the bar. Entrance was gained by cutting a window near the catch.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Wilson men had another meeting Saturday night. This time they got together in the Socialist headquarters in Runel's building. They talked over different matters and then got down to ward reports. They claimed everything but Ward Nine, where they confessed Lawton easily had the lead. They said Wilson would have an easy time in Wards One, Four, Five, Six and Eight.

Before the meeting adjourned, Mr. Wilson made a few remarks assuring his hearers that if nominated and elected, he would endeavor to give an honest and economical administration of the city's affairs.

Shortly before 10 o'clock, the meeting adjourned to boom again at the same place next Thursday night.

It is said that a few Ward Seven men who felt like saying a few things out loud have been squelched by Bennett's friends.

"Charlie" Varnum, Ex-Supt. of lands and buildings, is said to be following the Lawton banner, though he was originally classed as a Bennett man.

The republicans of the "triple alliance," friends of Wilson, Miller and Tryder, get out your boats and take a row up the Merrimack tonight, for there will be a Wilson meeting in the old Middlesex tavern at 8 o'clock.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

Mr. Charles J. Glidden from a telephone in his home yesterday afternoon talked directly with friends in Dallas, Texas, and Little Rock, Ark.

TABLE OF FIFTEEN WOODS.

Mr. Cleveland Gave His Venezuelan Present to Princeton University.

Mr. Cleveland has presented to Princeton university quite a remarkable piece of furniture, which is now on exhibition in Nassau hall. It is a beautiful table, presented to Mr. Cleveland by the governor of Zulia, a small Venezuelan state.

The table is circular and represents all the different woods of Venezuela. There are eight rings of wood of different shapes, square, triangular, rhomboidal and hexagonal. About 15 kinds of wood are shown in the table, and the colors and shapes are arranged in a very striking manner. The central piece is hexagonal and jet black. The woods shade from the center, and the outer ring is a very beautiful shade of mahogany. The table is about four feet in diameter and composed of 207 pieces.

Sugar From Starch.

A Dutch chemist in Java claims to have discovered a process by which starch may be converted into sugar at half the present cost of sugar. The two substances are composed of the same chemical elements, yet it remains to be proved that one can be profitably turned into the other.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Dominion Line (U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer) BOSTON SERVICE

S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

good Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:

Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $40 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.37. Steerage passage $23.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to local Agents, Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow.

Via Londonderry.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, Oct. 1, 8 a. m
MONGOLIAN, Oct. 15, 2 p. m

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00, Steerage, $23.50.

Glasgow and Boston

Via Londonderry and Galway.

Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $23.50.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to

H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St., Lowell.

NOT Good to Eat

To secure best results by the application of an external remedy in the treatment of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy and other chest troubles, be sure and get Benson's Plaster, carefully avoiding imitations and substitutions with which the market is flooded. Benson's Plaster promptly relieves and cures aches and pains of every description, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, etc. Price, 25c.

THE NEW BUOY LIGHT.

Colonel Heap's Invention May Revolutionize the Lighthouse Service System.

The new acetylene gas buoy light, with which Colonel D. M. Heap, U. S. A., engineer of the third lighthouse district, has been experimenting and which gives promise of revolutionizing this branch of the lighthouse service, is 300, the electrically lighted buoys average 200, and the buoys lighted by the old gas system are 100 candle power. The acetylene light, it is announced, is far superior to its competitors in luminosity and penetrative qualities. The new illuminant resembles a limelight in color, but is softer in effect and does not hurt the eyes when one looks at it. Moreover, according to the experts, the new buoys can be manufactured for $300 each, while the cost of the buoys used under the old system is about $1,000 each.

In the buoy designed by Colonel Heap the ingredients that go to make the new gas are stored in three pipes, which are connected directly with the burner of the lamp. What those ingredients are he declined to make public, but he showed how the gas is made by pouring a grayish powder into a glassful of water. The effect was as in the mixing of a seidlitz powder. A match was applied to the foaming liquid, an explosion followed and then the gas was generated.

The new buoy light, in addition to being more powerful than the electrically lighted buoys, has this advantage. When one of the latter gets out of order, the whole chain of connected buoys is affected, and this has been a subject of great complaint upon the part of mariners, whereas the new buoy light, standing alone, is alone affected and can be speedily replaced by another. This point, it is thought, will count largely in favor of its adoption as the standard buoy light of the service.—New York Herald.

BACHELOR CLUB OF GIRLS.

Members Are Prohibited From Marrying and Make Other Strange Vows.

A girls' bachelor club has recently been organized at Ponca City, O. T., for the purpose, as the constitution recites, of exalting the conditions of old maidenhood. It has fitted up elegant clubrooms, where the members, who are the prettiest and most accomplished young ladies of the town, spend their leisure hours. New members are initiated with solemn rites, in which they are compelled to make many strange vows and agree to severe penalties for their violation. The ritual prescribes that the candidates shall promise to remain single, to make a verbatim report in open meeting of every proposal of marriage received, to learn how to smoke cigarettes, to write a poem or story every month, to perfect themselves in pistol practice, to practice fencing and boxing and not to permit their regard for any young man to exceed platonic friendship. During the ceremony the members are dressed in flowing white robes, peaked caps and white masks, forming a ghostly company. The room is lighted with two wax tapers, which shed a pale radiance over the scene. The penalty for breaking the first vow is that the bride shall have the members of the Bachelors' club dressed in their "spooky" costumes for her attendants. The rest of the penalties are equally curious.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Novel Headgear For Trotter.

Janie T is the greatest 2-year-old trotter of the season. Her driver, Fuller, has several ingenious appliances for increasing speed by freak harness and thinks they have proved most successful. Whenever Janie T is nervous her driver has taken precautions that she will see little while in a race. Besides huge blinders, which confine the sight to the front, there is a bridgelike arrangement across the nose which prevents the horse from seeing the ground near by.

John L.'s Book.

John L. Sullivan is talking of publishing an autobiography. He can find a great deal of data in his scrapbook.—Houston Post.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Gloves And Mittens.

Public attention is called to our extraordinary values in Gloves and Mittens for Winter Wear. One dollar and one dollar and fifty cents has been asked and received for similar goods in the past two seasons for goods scarcely equal to those we offer in this sale.

Working Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds.

Dress Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds,

50c. A. PAIR.

The story of how we got them and where we got them will be told later.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

POET TRAMP IN TOWN.

Seedy Stranger at the Police Station Who Talked in Rhymes.

"What's your name?" asked the station sergeant as the seedy looking stranger asked for a place to sleep recently in Atlanta.

And then the sergeant stared at the fellow with mouth wide open when he heard him reply:

"It's Henry Wilhelm Willingham,
From Brunswick and not Amsterdam."

"Well, what's your business?"

The station sergeant dropped his eyeglasses when the fellow said dramatically:

"The night is dark, the weather damp,
And I am but a lonesome tramp.
I work sometimes—not often, sure—
It's many hardships I endure."

By this time all the attaches of the barracks had gathered around the ragged and unkempt stranger. The sergeant looked as if he was afraid to ask him any more questions, and then a reporter took the queer genius in hand. It was evident that he had a stock of old rhymes which he had culled and memorized and kept ready to spin out when he wished to make himself conspicuous.

"You are something of a poet," said the reporter.

"A poet? Nay, call me not that.
I rhyme—on that I will stand pat—
And some are good and some are worse.
Oh, gently treat my little verse!"

"Say, stranger," said the station sergeant, "if you want to go to bed here tonight just say so and trot along."

"Sweet rest! To lie upon a bed
With pillowed comfort for the head,
Forgot in sleep the sordid cares
Which dreaded daylight always wears."

The station sergeant was getting mad, and finally he exclaimed in a voice that didn't augur well for blissful dreams:

"I am going to tell you for the last time that if you don't go on and go to sleep you ain't goin to stay here tonight."

It was thought that the stranger would then come down to plain everyday prose, but he replied:

"Now, would you send me thus away,
Out in the cold night air to stay?"

There was a slamming of the sleepers' hook and the sergeant told the call officer to show the stranger the door.

The tramp smiled wearily and said:

"Your patience don't let me abuse.
Oh blame not me, but blame my muse!"

He was shown the door, but the cold night wind blew so piercingly in that the station sergeant's heart melted, and he said:

"Rush that fellow back into a cell quick."

As the stranger was being "rushed" he was heard saying hurriedly:

"Oh, treat me kindly, for my woes
Are for me making only foes.
For Henry Wilhelm Willingham
There's not a soul who cares a ——!"

The prison door slammed, and nothing more was heard of the poet tramp.—Atlanta Constitution.

NATURE OF APPENDICITIS.

Real Cause of the Disease Is a Microbe Called the Colon Bacillus.

Judging from the reports so frequently made in the daily press, it would appear that appendicitis is not only on the increase, but that it seems to have a special predilection for prominent persons. Contrary to popular belief, however, it is no more frequent nor obnoxious in its occurrence than formerly. It is simply a new name for the very old and very common trouble known as peritonitis, or inflammation of the bowels, which, until lately and before operative treatment was instituted, always ended in death.

The trouble having been traced to the ulceration or rupture of an inflamed appendix, causing the fatal peritonitis, the early removal of the diseased organ very naturally suggested the proper line of treatment. It is perhaps not generally known by the public that the various foreign bodies, such as grape seeds, cherry pits and the concretions usually found in the appendix, are merely accidental consequences of the inflammation rather than causes of it. To such as never eat a grape without a certain misgiving it may be comforting to learn that it is a very rare circumstance to find a seed of the fruit lodged in the appendix. In fact, it is now proved that aside from the intestinal concretions which really form in the organ after the latter becomes diseased there is scarcely an average proportion of 3 per cent in which foreign bodies, distinctively so called, are discovered. That these accidental or deposited substances are not absolutely necessary for the production of the disease is shown by their entire absence in a goodly number of the most severe cases. Among the latter may be mentioned a recent instance which has claimed much public attention.

The real cause of the disease is associated with the destructive tendencies of a peculiar microbe called the colon bacillus, which always exists in the intestine and is absolutely harmless until an inflammation or injury of the appendix gives it an opportunity for the development of malignant qualities. The microbes then multiply with great rapidity, penetrate the walls of the weakened organ, intensify the inflammation and finally escape into the abdominal cavity by ulceration or rupture of the tube, thus producing the fatal or septic peritonitis.—New York Herald.

Passed $14 to the Cuspidor.

There is a total disregard of the value of the precious metal in Dawson City. Every one has so much gold dust that the sight of big sacks and cans of it have ceased to attract attention.

"For instance," said Mr. Thompson, "you will see a wooden sack covered with canvas, a bar across one end of it. This is a saloon, about as unlikely a place for riches as a man would find on earth, and yet at any time of the day and night the aggregate wealth of the men in there at any one time would reach into the millions.

"Why, one day I was in a place of this description, and in front of the bar was a long box filled with sawdust. This sawdust, owing to frequent expectorations from the tobacco chewing custom, gets soiled. Some boys came along and said to the proprietor, 'If you will give us this old box, we will bring you another filled with clean sawdust.' 'Take it along,' was the rejoinder. The boys immediately put a clean one in its place and took away the old one. I was so interested to see what they intended to do that I followed them, and, to my surprise, they commenced to pan out the sawdust, and in a little while they recovered $14 in gold."—Alaska Miner.

Losing His Grip.

Kipling apparently is losing his grip. He has just published a poem of eight stanzas on "White Horses," and there isn't in it even a hint about the redheaded girl.—Chicago Times-Herald.

In Mexico City "first class American butter, made by an expert," is advertised at 50 and 55 cents a pound at wholesale and retail respectively.

The flourishing city of Mishawaka, Ind., is about to have added to its industries a manufactory of rubber goods.

SOME KANSAS GIRLS.

How They Are Winning Fame Throughout the Country.

It is claimed that there are more self reliant and self supporting young women in Kansas than in any state of the Union, population considered. The following are a few samples:

Miss Minnie Ball and Miss Laura Klein, both Wellington girls, made the race to the Cherokee strip at the opening and secured claims.

Miss Rosa Puckard of Pleasanton, the "wheat queen" of Hush county, raised 1,000 bushels of wheat this year. She teaches a county school in the winter.

Miss Elinor Seymore of Abilene is an artist's model in New York, and is employed in the studios of magazine illustrators. She sat for "Dolly Madison" in a picture of early White House women.

Miss Birdie Sprague Waggoner of Atchison, lecturer and elocutionist, is starring with Sam Small, the revivalist.

Miss Hallie Rolfe of Atchison, young, handsome and rich, is head nurse in the largest ward in St. Luke's hospital, Chicago.

Miss Mary E. Byrd, daughter of J. H. Byrd, the Kansas pioneer preacher and abolitionist, has charge of the astronomical observatory at Smith college.

Miss Celeste Nellis of Topeka has won a scholarship in the Royal School of Music at Berlin. There were many contestants, but only one other besides Miss Nellis passed.

Miss Nellie J. Hatch of Seneca, an accomplished musician, is winning fame and fortune by traveling over the state tuning pianos.

Miss Ella M. Pierce of Holton has received the appointment of matron of the Absentee Shawnee Indian school, Oklahoma.

Miss Anna Alt is the passenger agent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road at Dentonville.

Miss Constance Ingalls, daughter of ex-United States Senator John J. Ingalls, has consecrated herself to works of charity and benevolence and is educating herself for a deaconess in the Episcopal church at the Philadelphia Training school.

Miss Phrena Semmerson of Moreland is a grain buyer for an eastern firm.

Miss Georgia Boyd edits the Belleville Freeman with profit and credit to herself.

Miss Grace Martin of Atchison, daughter of the late governor, John A. Martin, is educating herself for a professional nurse at the Armour institute, Chicago.

Miss Mary Berry of Waterville is winning golden opinions and some money as a public singer.

Miss Mabel Cunningham of Emporia is instructor of voice culture at Baker university.—Kansas City Times.

AN INGENIOUS CONVICT.

He Lived For Two Years in a Retreat Under a Schoolhouse.

A remarkable case in Blue Earth county, Minn., is that of Cyrus D. Miller, an escaped convict from the Nebraska penitentiary at Lincoln, who, to prevent recapture, excavated a room under a schoolhouse in Blue Earth county and for two years resided there without detection. The police learned of the underground retreat by accident.

Miller was arrested for stealing a bicycle, and when placed in the sweatbox recently he lost his customary nerve and told of his strange home. The police were skeptical until they visited the schoolhouse, about eight miles from Mankato, and saw the evidences of the man's story.

He gained access to the building, which is of brick and one story in height, and skillfully sawed a small door through the wainscoting facing the brick chimney, which extended from the ground. He then dug down from the bottom of the chimney and tunneled under the building, where he excavated a room. The room was found to be neatly papered and made as comfortable as possible. It was provided with a stove, bed, bedding, cooking utensils of all kinds, a table, stock of books and magazines and other articles to add to the comfort of the occupant.

The larger articles were lowered into the subterranean retreat through a trapdoor, which had been ingeniously constructed through the floor of the schoolroom. The small door was sufficient for ordinary uses. Miller obtained food and other articles by prowling through the surrounding farming community, stealing at night from cellars, robbing hen roosts, etc. Cows were milked by him when occasion demanded. All these depredations were charged to the tramps who are constantly passing through the neighborhood, and no suspicion was ever directed to the real culprit.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No To Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

COOK REMEDY CO.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY.

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently

CURED IN 15 TO 35 DAYS.

You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE

taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary

BLOOD POISON

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.

We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians.

$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. 100 page book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 & 308 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

COOK REMEDY CO.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 1, 1897.

The Committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the Street Railway Companies and Municipalities, and to report to the next Legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, 1897, at 10.30 a. m. in Room 227, State House, Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

At this time the Committee desires especially to hear from all citizens who may have suggestions to make as to legislation in relation to such companies, including tenure of franchise and methods of taxation.

—Charles Francis Adams,
Chairman.

Antitoxine For Rheumatism.

Dr. Hans Froelich of Chicago, a Swiss physician who has been in America two years, claims that he has found a remedy that will drive rheumatic aches and pains out of the human body. Dr. Froelich is enthusiastic over the new remedy. It is, he explains, of the same nature as the antitoxine remedy used in the cure of diphtheria and the consumption cure which it is claimed has been discovered by a Californian. He claims to have made several private experiments that have shown him beyond all question that his remedy is not only practical, but that it will cure the worst case of rheumatism in less than a week.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hen That Is a Wonder.

A citizen living in Cleveland has a hen that is a wonder. Recently, according to its owner, the hen laid an egg that was 9 15-16 inches in length and 1⅞ inches in diameter, beside which an ordinary size egg looks very small indeed. Recently the same hen laid an egg that contained three yolks. The owner is afraid some one will steal the valuable hen and keeps a close watch on her.

"Kid" McCoy's Blow.

Pugilist "Kid" McCoy counts on his new "corkscrew" blow to win him the world's championship from Fitzsimmons, but a draw may be the best he can get with it.—St. Louis Republic.

FROM THE KLONDIKE

Did You Ever See Iron Pyrites?

It looks like gold, so like it that its other name is "Fool's Gold."

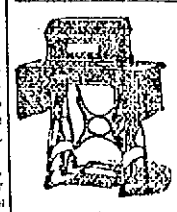
Not one test given gold, though, will iron pyrites stand. Much the same way with other malt extracts.

They resemble Johann Hoff's. Look like it, but there is one difference—a great difference—none of them will do what Johann Hoff's will.

One dozen bottles of the genuine JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT give as much strength and nourishment as a cask of ale, without being intoxicating.

All dealers sell it. See that the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" is on the neck label of every bottle. *Insist upon it.* None other is genuine or in any way equal to it.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Head Agents, New York, U. S.



SPECIAL SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.

During the next 10 days we shall offer a regular $50 Sewing Machine, manufactured by the New Home Company, at the remarkably low price of $16.75. These Machines have all up-to-date improvements, with a complete set of attachments and a 10 yr guarantee.

$16.75

Sold on 30 Day's Trial.

If not satisfactory, to be returned at our expense. It will pay you to see them.

RING'S BIG STORE,

Sewing Machines and Bicycles, 221, 229 Dutton Street.

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

WE HAVE THEM

Stylish Suits and Overcoats for the Men and Boys.

Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Skirts for the Ladies' and Girls.

SOLD ON CREDIT.

Men's Nobby Suits $5 up.
Men's Nobby Overcoats $6 up.
Custom Made Suits $15 up.
Ladies' Jackets $5 up.

No need for anyone to freeze trying to save enough to buy your winter outfit, as our terms will enable you to buy now and pay for goods while wearing them.

EMPIRE CREDIT CLOTHING CO., Over 97 Central St. Open Evenings.

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

NEW

Garments

AT HALF PRICE.

We have just closed out the complete line of a New York manufacturer. Spot cash made the price low.

Don't Buy an Old Garment at Any Price.

The inducements we offer you this week on new, fresh, stylish Garments were never before equalled. NEW GARMENTS at the same prices others ask for shop worn goods.

New Jackets.

Jackets at $2.95, $3.50 and $3.95, worth double.

Boucle Jacket, fly front, latest sleeve, storm collar, new $4.95, worth double.

All Wool Black Beaver Jackets, half lined, fancy stitching, 26 inches length, or same style in Tan, Covert Cloth, with velvet storm collar, now $5.95, worth double.

New Capes.

One lot of Boucle Capes, lined throughout with fancy serge and trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, now $3.95, worth double.

30-inch Astrachan Cloth Cape, trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, high storm collar, now $5.75, worth double.

New Furs.

One lot Astrachan Fur Capes, 30 inches long, full sweep, high storm collar, satin lined, for a leader this week at $6.75, worth double.

One lot of extra fine Astrachan or Seal Collarettes, full sweep, high collar, special price $2.[illegible]

FRANK E. STOWELL, candidate for Purchasing Agent.

TEMPERANCE DISCOURSE

BY REV. MR. BARTLETT OF KIRK STREET CHURCH.

The Good Templars of this city and Chelmsford attended service at the Kirk street church last night and listened to a temperance address by Rev. W. A. Bartlett. Among other things he said;

"I do not speak to you tonight as Protestants, but as Christian citizens. I take it for granted that Catholics and Protestants are alike interested in this holy war. I have had my hand clasped since my sermon on the Mountain Rock scandal just as warmly by Catholics as Protestants, and I know of no grander advocate of temperance in this country than Bishop Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul. I wish I could put into the hand of every citizen of Lowell the magnificent plea which he lately made in Cleveland which is well named "Conscience—the Sure Foundation of Good Citizenship." Among other things he says: 'Civil society needs Titanic strength. The passions of men rise up in fierce war against society. Passions recognize no rights and suffer no control. Passions in their greed are mighty. Pride, envy lust, greed, if unrestrained, will break down alike walls and reduce to chaotic ruins all citadels. Passions are always where men are; the menace of disorder and anarchy are never absent from human society.' He truly says that we cannot rely on physical force or on law unless men will do righteously because it is right. He says again: 'Every citizen is a teacher of morals by his silent example. The higher the citizen by office, wealth, or social position the greater his responsibility to fellow men and to country. Notice this: "One glaring deed of profligacy or dishonesty in high place weakens the morals of tens of thousands. The tens of thousands are preserved from evil by a sound public opinion, when, with a depraved public opinion, they would rush wildly into sin/ Let us work faithfully to form and maintain a high, moral, public conscience."'

REV. DR. COURT'S SUCCESSOR.

Until January 1, the Boston presbytery will supply preachers for the Presbyterian church on Appleton street. Then members of the church will act upon a successor to the late Rev. Dr. Court.

FAT A BURDEN.

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt Will Take It Off—Some Reduced a Pound a Day.

Mrs. James B. (Fanny) Donovan, of the Donovons' Irish Sketch Artists, took Dr. Edison's Obesity treatment with the best results:

FANNY DONOVAN

Messrs. Loring & Co., New York City:

Gentlemen:—About the first of January my stoutness had become burdensome and ungainly and my being in the theatrical profession it interfered with my acting, singing and dancing. I had tried everything to reduce me but could get no relief. I began to use Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt, and at once commenced to reduce, until now I am down to my normal weight. That distressed, heavy and languid feeling is entirely gone, and I feel like a new woman. Shortness of breath, with which I was greatly troubled, has been completely cured. I can safely recommend the Pills and Salt as the only true and effective flesh reducers in the world. Yours truly,

MRS. JAMES B. DONOVAN.

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used. Our goods are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE HENRY MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 42 W. 22d Street, New York city, (Medical Department of Loring & Co.) is the largest and best appointed in the world. Its physicians are the most skillful and its appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases are the most complete and embrace every recent worthy invention for the benefit of suffering mankind. Electrical Sanitarium—Powerful and elaborate electrical apparatus for the reduction of obesity and the cure of nervous exhaustion and all chronic diseases of men and women. Dermatological department—Superfluous hair and facial blemishes removed. Special surgery. Free advice about any disease. Rupture cured.

One bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills costs only $1.50; one bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Salt costs only $1. Send mail orders to Loring & Co., general agents for the United States.

We send free "How To Cure Obesity."

LORING & CO., DEPT. 110.

No. 42 W. 22nd St., New York City.
No. 3 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.
Nos. 56-62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

REV. MR. MERRIAM

RESIGNS FROM PASTORATE OF HIGHLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. Charles L. Merriam, pastor of the Highland Congregational church, has resigned from the pastorate of that church, his letter being read by Rev. J. W. Hayley at the morning's service yesterday. The letter stated in substance that the pastor felt unable to bear the burden longer and that he felt that his resignation might result in a financial benefit to the church.

AMBULANCE CALLS

THREE CALLS SINCE SATURDAY NIGHT.

John L. Greenwood, aged 40 years, was removed from his room in Daly's block on Gorham street to St. John's hospital. He suffered a stroke of paralysis last Thursday and ever since then has had nothing to eat, nor had he seen anyone. Yesterday some friends called and discovered his condition.

The ambulance was called to a corporation boarding house in Suffolk street at 6 o'clock last night to take care of a man nambd Joseph Bolan, who was suffering from delirium tremens. He was removed to the city farm.

Michael Maguire was thrown from a wagon Saturday night, receiving a bad scalp wound. He was taken to St. John's hospital, and last night was reported as resting comfortably.

WHERE IS MARTIN RILEY?

HIS YOUNG SON JAMES SEEKS HIM IN LOWELL.

Where is Martin Riley, formerly of 63 Lakeview avenue?

His young son, James, is in town in search of him.

Young Riley lived here with his father at the above address, the father being in the employ of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company. About a year ago the boy went to Buffalo, N. Y., where he worked until recently. Getting out of work he was sent on here by the overseers of the poor, arriving in this city last night.

This morning he learned that his father is no longer in the employ of the insurance company and that he has not lived in Lakeview avenue for three months.

As the boy is without money or friends he is much worried over the absence of his father.

LE CERCLE GARIN.

A meeting of Le Cercle Garin was held yesterday afternoon in their hall, and Mr. T. J. Goyette was the presiding officer. Mr. Arthur Beauvage was elected secretary in place of Mr. Chas. Bonir, resigned. A debate on the question: Resolved, "That war is disastrous to a country" was held and was decided in the negative. Mr. J. L. Lamoureux was elected chairman during the debate. The debate was a general one and was open to all.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

The alarm from box 58, shortly after three o'clock this morning was occasioned by a fire in the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen on the third floor of the Irving building on Middle street. The damage to the apartments was slight, but the water went through into store rooms occupied by A. G. Pollard & Co., and, it is said, slightly injured some dry goods.

The committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the street railway companies and municipalities and to report to the next legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, at 10.30 a. m., at the state house in Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

LAWYER THOMAS RILEY, the silver democratic candidate for Mayor of Boston.

POLICE COURT.

This was the slowest Monday that the court has seen in many months.

James Lahey got four months in the workhouse.

James Fitzgerald also received five months, while William Moran got four.

Napoleon Germaine was held in $200 for trial November 19.

COURT COLUMBUS.

At the last regular meeting of Court Columbus, No. 80, Foresters of America, held Friday evening, the following resolutions were adopted on the death of the Past Supreme Chief Ranger Laurence J. Smith:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call to an eternal rest our highly esteemed brother, L. J. Smith.

Whereas, By this unexpected death, the Order has sustained an irreparable loss in having removed from our midst his noblest son;

Resolved, That we tender to his wife and children our most heartfelt sympathy;

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the records of this Court, and copies of the same forwarded to the bereaved family of the deceased brother, and to each of the following newspapers, for publication: The Sun, Citizen, Daily News and L'Etoile.

—A. Bourbonniere,
Wm. J. Goldrick
James Madden,
Committee.

A WORD TO COMMERICAL TRAVELERS.

And others, who travel, being subject to our changeable climate. Prepare yourselves before going on your journey with a bottle of Cleveland's Lung Healer. It will cure you of all Throat and Lung troubles, a sure remedy for acute and chronic coughs. F. H. Butler & Co., 255 Central street and 391 Middlesex street, have the sole agency for Lowell. Call on them and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

WATER MAIN BREAKS.

The 2 1-2 inch water main supply pipe in the basement of the Old Lowell bank burst this forenoon and flooded the cellar. The fire department was called to stop the water and empty the cellar.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels, and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

FOR THANKSGIVING

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Cream Pitchers, Butter Dishes, and everything the eye can feast upon or the heart wishes is at present in our stock of Silver Ware.

We keep the finest line of Souvenir Spoons.

LEGAULT & CO.,

Jewelers and Opticians.

70 Central, cor. Prescott Sts.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO., Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

3 Days More of Our Startling Reduction Sale 3

Three days more in which the people of Lowell can buy Winter Dry Goods at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices, as a result of our purchases from the wholesale stock of Bradford, Thomas & Co. of Boston, who are going out of business. Three days more in which you can buy large size Comforters at 29c. each. Large size heavy Blankets at $1.00 a pair. Staple Check Ginghams at 3c. per yard. Flannel Delaine, regular 12 1-2c. grade, at 5c. per yard. A. C. A. Ticking at 10c. per yard. Brown and Bleached Cotton, 3 1-2c., 5c. and 6 1-4c. per yard. We always give a greater equivalent for your money than others. We always make it profitable for you to trade here. We always pay you big interest on your money. This store is a great savings bank for its customers. Phenomenal low pricing for this week's trading.

EMPRESS TEAS and COFFEES

This department continues to do a growing business and once you try the Empress Teas or Coffees you will have no other. We will continue our special offering for this week as follows:

1 lb. of 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee for 24c., or 5 lbs. for $1
1 pound of 38c. Coffee and 1-2 pound of 65c. Tea for 50c

We will also give a special discount of 5 per cent. per pound on all our 50c., 60c. and 70c. Tea during this sale.

Toilet Dept.

Startling reduction in popular brands.

Glycerine and Rose Water, regular price, 15c. Down to 9c.
1000 bottles of Vaseline. At 4c. per bottle.
Madame Campbell's Face Powder in pink.
Red Seal Toilet Waters, 4 oz. bottle, 15c. 8 oz. bottle, 25c.
Bay Rum, usually sold for 89c. Down to 19c. a bottle.
White Clover Cream, usual price, 35c. Down to 19c. a bottle.
Triple Extract, all odors, usual price 39c. Down to 19c. a bottle.
Triple Extract in small size, usual price, 15c. Down to 9c.
Hat Brushes, usually sold for 15c. Down to 5c. each.
Tooth Brushes, usually sold at 19c. Down to 7c. each.
Parker's Cold Cream. Down to 9c. a bottle.
1000 cakes of Toilet Soap, 15c. quality. Down to 5c. a cake.
1000 cakes of Pure Castile Soap. 3 cakes for 5c.
Ladies' Dressing Combs, 7c. each.
Napier Witch Hazel, usual price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.
Napier Borax, usual price, 19c. Down to 10c. a bottle.
Napier Almond Meal, for the complexion, usual price, 39c. Down to 19c.
Napier Court Plaster, 2½c. per package.
Colgate's Sachet Powders in all odors, regular price, 39c. Down to 15c.

Toilet Dept.—(Continued.)

Parker's Tooth Powder, 25c. quality. Down to 15c.
Martin's Tooth Powder, regular price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.

Basement Bargains

Greater than ever.

Pressed Tumblers, fine polish, 2c. each.
Wooden Handled Bread Knives 5c. each.
Blue Edge Pie Plates, any size, 5c. each.
White Plates, semi-granite, any size, 5c. each.
Perfection Pie Plates, lift-out bottom, 7c. each.
Victoria Flour Selves, 7c. each.
10-inch Nappies, 9c. each.
11x16 Sheet Iron Drip Pans, 13c. each
10-inch Decorated Dishes, 13c. each.
Double Turkey Roasters, 19c. a pair.
10-quart Bread Raisers, 19c. each.
Bone Handled Butcher Knives, 19c. each.
10-inch Yellow Lipped Bowls, 17c. each.
12-inch Dishes, round or square, 39c. each.
Fine Blown Tumblers, 39c. per doz.
Bone Handled Knives and Forks, 39c. per doz.
56-piece Tea Sets of English Stone China, $2.89 per set.
112-piece Dinner Sets English Stone China, $6.89 per set.

Dress Makers' Findings

Laces, Braids, Fur Edgings, Buttons, etc., at prices lower than you'll ever find them again.

Silk Laces, 2, 3, and 4 inches wide. At 12½c., 15c., and 19c. per yard.
Black Chantilly Laces, 35c. to 50c. goods. Down to 10c., 12½c., 15c., 17c., and 19c. per yard.
Black Coney Fur Edge, 50c. goods, Down to 29c. per yard.
Black and Brown Marten Fur Tails, 22c. to 39c. per yard.
Fancy Tinsel Gauze, 45 inches wide, for evening, in black, cardinal, green and maize. At 49c. per yard.
Mohair Braids and Clasps, black and colored, regular price, 25c. to 50c. Down to 12½c. per yard.
Colored Mohair Tubular Braids, Down to 3c.
Fancy Mohair Braids. Down to 15c. per yard.
Iridiscent Bead Headings. Down to 10c. per yard.
Boston Dress Stays. Down to 7c.
Ivory Top Dress Stays, covered. Down to 8c.
Stockinet Dress Shields. Down to 7c.
John English Needlebook. Complete assortment of needles. 5c.
Skirt Hooks and Eyes. Down to 2c. a box.
The popular Spring Hooks and Eye, Down to 3c.
Bone Hat Pins, regular 25c. goods, Down to 10c.

We Give Away Free This Week

A 25c. Waist Pattern to every purchaser of a set of Favorite Dress Stays.

Ladies' and Children's Winter Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Jersey Vests or Pants, white or Egyptian. At 25c. each.
Ladies' All Wool Jersey Underwear, in medium sizes, white or grey. At 25c. each.
Ladies' Wool Pants, scarlet, grey or white, regular $1.25 goods. Down to 50c. per pair.
Ladies' All Wool Combination Suits, regular $2.00 goods. At $1.00 per suit.
Ladies' Harvard Mill Combination Suits, in white or Egyptian. Down to 89c. each.
Infants' Fleeced Lined Vests, sizes 1 to 6. Down to 12½c. each.
Misses' Fleeced Combination Suits in white or Egyptian. Down to 45c.
Children's Extra Heavy Merino Vests and Pants. At 17c. each.

Small Ware Dept.

Money savers.

Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, 5c. each and per pair.
1000 pieces of Ruching. At 5c. per yard.
5 gross of Ladies' Tan Belts, 25c. quality. At 10c. each.
Boys' Windsor Ties. At 5c. each.
100 pieces of Featherstitch Braid, 19c. quality. At 7c. each.
1000 packages of Envelopes, regular price, 12c. At 5c. per package.
Cabinet Hair Pins, 4c. per box.
Invincible Hair Pins, 2½c. per box.
Adelina Patti's Hair Pins, 3c. a box.
Princess Curling Irons, large size, regular price, 12c. Down to 7c.
500 Broom Brushes, 15c. quality, Down to 7c. each.
Kid Curlers, 4c. per dozen.
Fancy Silk Elastic Web, 39c. quality, down to 25c.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

Several new lots today.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with seamless foot and 2-thread heel and toe. Sale price, 8c per pair.
Ladies' Fast Black Fleeced Hose, seamless foot, 19c. grade. Down to 11c. per pair.
Ladies' All Wool Hose, seamless foot and fast black, 25c. quality. Down to 12½c. per pair.
One case of Ladies' Fast Black All Wool Hose, ribbed (seconds) 2-thread heel and toe, a great bargain. At 17c. per pair.
Boys' and Girls' School Hose, double knee, heel and toe. Sale price, 5c. per pair.
Children's Cashmere Hose, sizes 6 to 9½, double knee and toe, extra quality, 17c. per pair.
One Case of Boys' Extra Heavy All Wool Hose, a 39c. value. At 25c. per pair.

Ladies' Wool, Corduroy and Silk Waists.

Corduroy Waists, all colors, with laundered collar and Velveteen Waists in best quality, $5.00 value. At $3.89 each.
2 Lots of Plaid and Plain Colored Wool Waists, usually sold $1.50 to $2.00. At 98c. and $1.39 each.
1 Lot of Black Taffetta Silk Waists, with Blouse Plaited front, an excellent value. At $3.98 each.

Colored Dress Goods.

The most gigantic sacrifice ever made.

All Wool Serges and Flannel Suitings in all the new shades, 49c. goods, at 29c. per yard.
All Wool and Worsted Mohair Novelties, in all the up-to-date colorings, including pencil stripes and mixtures, Sale price, 39c. per yard.
All Wool Mohair and Wool heavy and smooth effects, in a select line that cannot be duplicated. These goods are considered bargains at 75c. Sale price 49c. per yard.
47-inch Silk Finished Henriette, in all the new colorings. Also 44-inch Novelties in two-toned colorings. Also Pebble and Diagonal weaves regular $1.00 goods. At 59c. per yard.
54-inch Coverts, 46-inch Pebble weaves, 46-inch two-toned Diagonals, 46-inch Canvass Cloth, and 46-inch Chevrons, goods that have retailed readily at $1.25. Sale price, 75c. per yard.
All Wool and Silk and Wool Plaids in Poplins, Etamines, and Twills, suitable for waists and Misses' dresses. At 19c., 25c., 39c., 49c., 59c., and 75c. per yard.
54-inch Cloaking, sold at $2.50. Down to $1.59 per yard.

Drapery Dept.

Carpets and Floor Coverings, Window Shades and Laces, Portieres, Rugs, etc. at prices that will positively eclipse anything ever offered.

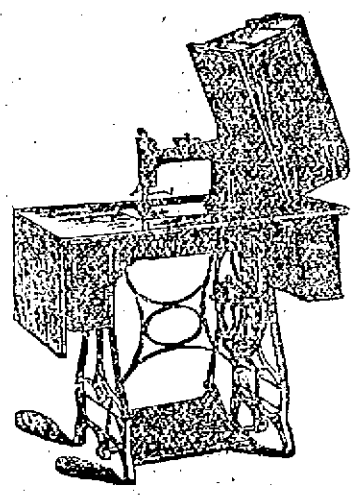
Japanese Beaded Portieres, $1.50 quality. At 98c.
All wool carpet remnants, 1½ yard long, at 25c. each.
Best Brussels remnants, 1½ yards long, at 75c. each.
Best Moquette remnants, 1½ yards long, at 85c. each.
Best quality Hassocks, newest shapes, usual prices, 75c. and 85c., sale prices, 39, 49, and 59c. each.
Sash rods in white, oak, and cherry, 10c. goods, at 5c. each.
Extension rods, regular 10c. quality, down to 5c. each.
Best quality oil cloth, worth 60c. down to 35c. per yard.
Scotch Rugs, regular price, 50c., down to 39c. each.
Tapestry portieres, $2.25 quality, down to $1.49 each.
Rug Fringe, assorted colors, down to 7c. per yard.
China Matting, 15c. quality, down to 10c. per yard.

ANOTHER CHANCE TO BUY OUR

NEW LOWELL SEWING MACHINE

At About 1-3 Its Regular Value.

We will continue during this week to offer our New Lowell Sewing Machine, which we guarantee equal in every way to regular $50 machines sold by agents, with all attachments and warranted for five years, at



$17.50 EACH

Buy Your Thanksgiving Linens This Week.

Goods at Mere Fraction of Their Worth.

Table Linens worth 39 and 49c. at 25c. per yard.
Pillow Shams worth 39 and 49c. at 25c.
Tray Cloths worth 19c. at 10c. each.
Doylies worth 10c. and 12½c. At 5c. each.
100 doz. Towels worth 10c. at 4½c. each.
1000 rolls of Crash worth 5c. at 1½c. per yard.
20 different patterns in Linen Table Sets at $1.98 per set.
100 doz. Bureau Scarfs, worth 35c., at 19c. each.
100 doz. Commode Sets worth 20c. at 10c. each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

5 dozen Figured Black Mohair Skirts, made in the most up-to-date style, sold usually at $2.25. Down to $1.49 each.
5 dozen Serge, Mohair and Fancy woven Black Skirts, a regular $4.00 value. At $2.49 each.
3 dozen All Silk black brocade Skirts, excellently made, a regular $10 value, At $5.98 each.

Sheetings and Pillow Slips.

At the lowest prices ever quoted.

100 doz. Pillow Slips, 8c. quality, at 5c. each.
50 doz. ready-made Sheets, 49c. quality, at 39c. each.
3 bales of 40-inch Brown Cotton, 10c. quality, at 6¼c. per yard.
500 White Spreads, slightly damaged, $1.00 quality, at 45c. each.
33 pieces of White Domet Flannel 8c. quality, at 4c. per yard.
40 pieces of Elderdown, all colors, at 25c. per yard.

Corsets and Petticoats.

Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets, Black, White and Drab, 83c. per pair.
Prima Donna Corsets, regular price, $1.00. Down to 79c. per pair.
J. & C. Corsets, price for this week, 39c. per pair.
Black Sateen lined Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 98c. each.
Blue, Black and Grey Flannel Skirts, $1.25 quality. Down to 75c. each.
Quilted Sateen Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 98c. each.
German Silk Skirts, $4.00 quality. Down to $2.98 each.

THOMAS McGURN, a leading worker in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

BERNARD BURNS, a leader in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

WITH THE POLICE

Burglars Ransacked House on Broadway.

JUVENILE PIGEON THIEVES ARE BEING SOUGHT.

Doherty's Saloon Suffers Loss by Burglars.

The house of John J. McNabb was entered some time between 12 o'clock and 8 o'clock yesterday by means of a rear window. When Mr. McNabb returned last night he found the following articles were missing: Two silver tea pots, one silver butter dish, one silver cream pitcher, one silver sugar bowl, one silver spoon holder, one and a half dozen silver spoons, two silver knives and forks, one lady's open faced silver watch, one Knights of Pythias gold charm, two lady's gold rings, gold watch chain with pearl charm. Mr. McNabb places his loss at about $75.

THEY STOLE PIGEONS.

Napoleon Germaine, aged 15 years, was arrested by Inspectors Allen and Laflamme on Saturday morning on the charge of having stolen eight fancy doves from the coop of J. F. Maxwell of North Billerica Friday night. The birds, which are valued at $5, were recovered. Five of them had been sold for 65 cents. Germaine and another boy, it will be remembered, stole a pig from a Dracut farmer some time ago, for which they were placed on probation. Two other boys were in on the pigeon theft, it is said, but as yet they have not been apprehended.

A SALOON ENTERED.

Early Sunday morning, thieves entered the saloon of James F. Doherty, at the corner of Summer and South streets, and took $15, that had been framed as the first money put over the bar. Entrance was gained by cutting a window near the catch.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Wilson men had another meeting Saturday night. This time they got together in the Socialist headquarters in Rural's building. They talked over different matters and then got down to ward reports. They claimed everything but Ward Nine, where they confessed Lawton easily had the lead. They said Wilson would have an easy time in Wards One, Four, Five, Six and Eight.

Before the meeting adjourned, Mr. Wilson made a few remarks assuring his hearers that if nominated and elected, he would endeavor to give an honest and economical administration of the city's affairs.

Shortly before 10 o'clock, the meeting adjourned to boom again at the same place next Thursday night.

It is said that a few Ward Seven men who felt like saying a few things out loud have been squelched by Bennett's friends.

"Charlie" Varnum, Ex-Supt. of lands and buildings, is said to be following the Lawton banner, though he was originally classed as a Bennett man.

The republicans of the "triple alliance," friends of Wilson, Miller and Tryder, get out your boats and take a row up the Merrimack tonight, for there will be a Wilson meeting in the old Middlesex tavern at 8 o'clock.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

Mr. Charles J. Glidden from a telephone in his home yesterday afternoon talked directly with friends in Dallas, Texas, and Little Rock, Ark.

TABLE OF FIFTEEN WOODS.

Mr. Cleveland Gave His Venezuelan Present to Princeton University.

Mr. Cleveland has presented to Princeton university quite a remarkable piece of furniture, which is now on exhibition in Nassau hall. It is a beautiful table, presented to Mr. Cleveland by the governor of Zulia, a small Venezuelan state.

The table is circular and represents all the different woods of Venezuela. There are eight rings of wood of different shapes, square, triangular, rhomboidal and hexagonal. About 15 kinds of wood are shown in the table, and the colors and shapes are arranged in a very striking manner. The central piece is hexagonal and jet black. The woods shade from the center, and the outer ring is a very beautiful shade of mahogany. The table is about four feet in diameter and composed of 207 pieces.

Sugar From Starch.

A Dutch chemist in Java claims to have discovered a process by which starch may be converted into sugar at half the present cost of sugar. The two substances are composed of the same chemical elements, yet it remains to be proved that one can be profitably turned into the other.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)
9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool;
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec 9, 10 a. m.
This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)
Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.37. Steerage passage $23.50.
For passage, plans, etc., apply to local agents. Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 3 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

ALLAN LINE.
New York and Glasgow.
Via Londonderry.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Oct. 1, 8 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Oct. 15, 2 p. m.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00, Steerage, $23.50.
Glasgow and Boston
Via Londonderry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $25.50.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St. Lowell.

NOT Good to Eat

Facsimile of the Label on the Genuine Plaster.

To secure best results by the application of an external remedy in the treatment of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy and other chest troubles, be sure and get Benson's Plaster, carefully avoiding imitations and substitutions with which the market is flooded. Benson's Plaster promptly relieves and cures aches and pains of every description, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, etc. Price, 25c.

THE NEW BUOY LIGHT.

Colonel Heap's Invention May Revolutionize the Lighthouse Service System.

The new acetylene gas buoy light, with which Colonel D. M. Heap, U. S. A., engineer of the third lighthouse district, has been experimenting and which gives promise of revolutionizing this branch of the lighthouse service, is 300, the electrically lighted buoys average 200, and the buoys lighted by the old gas system are 100 candle power. The acetylene light, it is announced, is far superior to its competitors in luminosity and penetrative qualities. The new illuminant resembles a limelight in color, but is softer in effect and does not hurt the eyes when one looks at it. Moreover, according to the experts, the new buoys can be manufactured for $350 each, while the cost of the buoys used under the old system is about $1,000 each.

In the buoy designed by Colonel Heap the ingredients that go to make the new gas are stored in three pipes, which are connected directly with the burner of the lamp. What those ingredients are he declined to make public, but he showed how the gas is made by pouring a grayish powder into a glassful of water. The effect was as in the mixing of a seidlitz powder. A match was applied to the foaming liquid, an explosion followed and then the gas was generated.

The new buoy light, in addition to being more powerful than the electrically lighted buoys, has this advantage. When one of the latter gets out of order, the whole chain of connected buoys is affected, and this has been a subject of great complaint upon the part of mariners, whereas the new buoy light, standing alone, is alone affected and can be speedily replaced by another. This point, it is thought, will count largely in favor of its adoption as the standard buoy light of the service. —New York Herald.

BACHELOR CLUB OF GIRLS.

Members Are Prohibited From Marrying and Make Other Strange Vows.

A girls' bachelor club has recently been organized at Ponca City, O. T., for the purpose, as the constitution recites, of exalting the conditions of old maidenhood. It has fitted up elegant clubrooms, where the members, who are the prettiest and most accomplished young ladies of the town, spend their leisure hours. New members are initiated with solemn rites, in which they are compelled to make many strange vows and agree to severe penalties for their violation. The ritual prescribes that the candidates shall promise to remain single, to make a verbatim report in open meeting of every proposal of marriage received, to learn how to smoke cigarettes, to write a poem or story every month, to perfect themselves in pistol practice, to practice fencing and boxing and not to permit their regard for any young man to exceed platonic friendship. During the ceremony the members are dressed in flowing white robes, peaked caps and white masks, forming a ghostly company. The room is lighted with two wax tapers, which shed a pale radiance over the scene. The penalty for breaking the first vow is that the bride shall have the members of the Bachelors' club dressed in their "spooky" costumes for her attendants. The rest of the penalties are equally curious.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Novel Headgear For Trotter.

Janie T is the greatest 2-year-old trotter of the season. Her driver, Fuller, has several ingenious appliances for increasing speed by freak harness and thinks they have proved most successful. Whenever Janie T is nervous her driver has taken precautions that she will see little while in a race. Besides huge blinders, which confine the sight to the front, there is a bridgelike arrangement across the nose which prevents the horse from seeing the ground near by.

John L.'s Book.

John L. Sullivan is talking of publishing an autobiography. He can find a great deal of data in his scrapbook.—Houston Post.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Gloves And Mittens.

Public attention is called to our extraordinary values in Gloves and Mittens for Winter Wear. One dollar and one dollar and fifty cents has been asked and received for similar goods in the past two seasons for goods scarcely equal to those we offer in this sale.

Working Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds.

Dress Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds,

50c. A PAIR.

The story of how we got them and where we got them will be told later.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

POET TRAMP IN TOWN.

Seedy Stranger at the Police Station Who Talked In Rhymes.

"What's your name?" asked the station sergeant as the seedy looking stranger asked for a place to sleep recently in Atlanta.

And then the sergeant stared at the fellow with mouth wide open when he heard him reply:

"It's Henry Wilhelm Willingham,
From Brunswick and not Amsterdam."

"Well, what's your business?"

The station sergeant dropped his eyeglasses when the fellow said dramatically:

"The night is dark, the weather damp,
And I am but a lonesome tramp.
I work sometimes—not often, sure—
It's many hardships I endure."

By this time all the attaches of the barracks had gathered around the ragged and unkempt stranger. The sergeant looked as if he was afraid to ask him any more questions, and then a reporter took the queer genius in hand. It was evident that he had a stock of old rhymes which he had coined and memorized and kept ready to spin out when he wished to make himself conspicuous.

"You are something of a poet," said the reporter.

"A poet? Nay, call me not that.
I rhyme—on that I will stand pat—
And some are good and some are worse.
Oh, gently treat my little verse!"

"Say, stranger," said the station sergeant, "if you want to go to bed here tonight just say so and trot along."

"Sweet rest! To lie upon a bed
With pillowed comfort for the head,
Forgot in sleep the sordid cares
Which dreaded daylight always wears."

The station sergeant was getting mad, and finally he exclaimed in a voice that didn't augur well for blissful dreams:

"I am going to tell you for the last time that if you don't go on and go to sleep you ain't goin to stay here tonight."

It was thought that the stranger would then come down to plain everyday prose, but he replied:

"Now, would you send me thus away,
Out in the cold night air to stay?"

There was a slamming of the sleepers' book and the sergeant told the call officer to show the stranger the door.

The tramp smiled wearily and said:

"Your patience don't let me abuse.
Oh blame not me, but blame my muse!"

He was shown the door, but the cold night wind blew so piercingly in that the station sergeant's heart melted, and he said:

"Rush that fellow back into a cell quick."

As the stranger was being "rushed" he was heard saying hurriedly:

"Oh, treat me kindly, for my woes
Are for me making only foes.
For Henry Wilhelm Willingham
There's not a soul who cares a ——!"

The prison door slammed, and nothing more was heard of the poet tramp.—Atlanta Constitution.

NATURE OF APPENDICITIS.

Real Cause of the Disease Is a Microbe Called the Colon Bacillus.

Judging from the reports so frequently made in the daily press, it would appear that appendicitis is not only on the increase, but that it seems to have a special predilection for prominent persons. Contrary to popular belief, however, it is no more frequent nor elective in its occurrence than formerly. It is simply a new name for the very old and very common trouble known as peritonitis, or inflammation of the bowels, which, until lately and before operative treatment was instituted, always ended in death.

The trouble having been traced to the ulceration or rupture of an inflamed appendix, causing the fatal peritonitis, the early removal of the diseased organ very naturally suggested the proper line of treatment. It is perhaps not generally known by the public that the various foreign bodies, such as grape seeds, cherry pits and the concretions usually found in the appendix, are merely accidental consequences of the inflammation rather than causes of it. To such as never eat a grape without a certain misgiving it may be comforting to learn that it is a very rare circumstance to find a seed of the fruit lodged in the appendix. In fact, it is now proved that aside from the intestinal concretions which really form in the organ after the latter becomes diseased there is scarcely an average proportion of 3 per cent in which foreign bodies, distinctively so called, are discovered. That these accidental or deposited substances are not absolutely necessary for the production of the disease is shown by their entire absence in a goodly number of the most severe cases. Among the latter may be mentioned a recent instance which has claimed much public attention.

The real cause of the disease is associated with the destructive tendencies of a peculiar microbe called the colon bacillus, which always exists in the intestine and is absolutely harmless until an inflammation or injury of the appendix gives it an opportunity for the development of malignant qualities. The microbes then multiply with great rapidity, penetrate the walls of the weakened organ, intensify the inflammation and finally escape into the abdominal cavity by ulceration or rupture of the tube, thus producing the fatal or septic peritonitis.—New York Herald.

Panned $14 to the Cuspidor.

There is a total disregard of the value of the precious metal in Dawson City. Every one has so much gold dust that the sight of big sacks and cans of it have ceased to attract attention.

"For instance," said Mr. Thompson, "you will see a wooden sack covered with canvas, a bar across one end of it. This is a saloon, about as unlikely a place for riches as a man would find on earth, and yet at any time of the day and night the aggregate wealth of the men in there at any one time would reach into the millions.

"Why, one day I was in a place of this description, and in front of the bar was a long box filled with sawdust. This sawdust, owing to frequent expectorations from the tobacco chewing custom, gets soiled. Some boys came along and said to the proprietor, 'If you will give us this old box, we will bring you another filled with clean sawdust.' 'Take it along,' was the rejoinder. The boys immediately put a clean one in its place and took away the old one. I was so interested to see what they intended to do that I followed them, and, to my surprise, they commenced to pan out the sawdust, and in a little while they recovered $14 in gold."—Alaska Miner.

Losing His Grip.

Kipling apparently is losing his grip. He has just published a poem of eight stanzas on "White Horses," and there isn't in it even a hint about the redheaded girl.—Chicago Times-Herald.

In Mexico City "first class American butter, made by an expert," is advertised at 50 and 56 cents a pound at wholesale and retail respectively.

The flourishing city of Mishawaka, Ind., is about to have added to its industries a manufactory of rubber goods.

SOME KANSAS GIRLS.

How They Are Winning Fame Throughout the Country.

It is claimed that there are more self reliant and self supporting young women in Kansas than in any state of the Union, population considered. The following are a few samples:

Miss Minnie Ball and Miss Laura Klein, both Wellington girls, made the race to the Cherokee strip at the opening and secured claims.

Miss Rusa Packard of Pleasanton, the "wheat queen" of Rush county, raised 4,000 bushels of wheat this year. She teaches a county school in the winter.

Miss Elinor Seymore of Abilene is an artist's model in New York, and is employed in the studios of magazine illustrators. She sat for "Dolly Madison" in a picture of early White House women.

Miss Birdie Sprague Waggoner of Atchison, lecturer and elocutionist, is starring with Sam Small, the revivalist.

Miss Hallie Rolfe of Atchison, young, handsome and rich, is head nurse in the largest ward in St. Luke's hospital, Chicago.

Miss Mary E. Byrd, daughter of J. H. Byrd, the Kansas pioneer preacher and abolitionist, has charge of the astronomical observatory at Smith college.

Miss Celeste Nellis of Topeka has won a scholarship in the Royal School of Music at Berlin. There were many contestants, but only one other besides Miss Nellis passed.

Miss Nellie J. Hatch of Seneca, an accomplished musician, is winning fame and fortune by traveling over the state tuning pianos.

Miss Ella M. Pierce of Holton has received the appointment of matron of the Absentee Shawnee Indian school, Oklahoma.

Miss Anna Alt is the passenger agent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road at Dentonville.

Miss Constance Ingalls, daughter of ex-United States Senator John J. Ingalls, has consecrated herself to works of charity and benevolence and is educating herself for a deaconess in the Episcopal church at the Philadelphia Training school.

Miss Phrona Semmerson of Moreland is a grain buyer for an eastern firm.

Miss Georgia Boyd edits the Belleville Freeman with profit and credit to herself.

Miss Grace Martin of Atchison, daughter of the late governor, John A. Martin, is educating herself for a professional nurse at the Armour Institute, Chicago.

Miss Mary Berry of Waterville is winning golden opinions and some money as a public singer.

Miss Mabel Cunningham of Emporia is instructor of voice culture at Baker university.—Kansas City Times.

AN INGENIOUS CONVICT.

He Lived For Two Years In a Retreat Under a Schoolhouse.

A remarkable case in Blue Earth county, Minn., is that of Cyrus B. Miller, an escaped convict from the Nebraska penitentiary at Lincoln, who, to prevent recapture, excavated a room under a schoolhouse in Blue Earth county and for two years resided there without detection. The police learned of the underground retreat by accident.

Miller was arrested for stealing a bicycle, and when placed in the sweatbox recently he lost his customary nerve and told of his strange home. The police were skeptical until they visited the schoolhouse, about eight miles from Mankato, and saw the evidences of the man's story.

He gained access to the building, which is of brick and one story in height, and skillfully sawed a small door through the wainscoting facing the brick chimney, which extended from the ground. He then dug down from the bottom of the chimney and tunneled under the building, where he excavated a room. The room was found to be neatly papered and made as comfortable as possible. It was provided with a stove, bed, bedding, cooking utensils of all kinds, a table, stock of books and magazines and other articles to add to the comfort of the occupant.

The larger articles were lowered into the subterranean retreat through a trapdoor, which had been ingeniously constructed through the floor of the schoolroom. The small door was sufficient for ordinary uses. Miller obtained food and other articles by prowling through the surrounding farming community, stealing at night from cellars, robbing hen roosts, etc. Cows were milked by him when occasion demanded. All these depredations were charged to the tramps who are constantly passing through the neighborhood, and no suspicion was ever directed to the real culprit.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

COOK REMEDY CO
BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY.
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently
CURED IN 15 TO 35 DAYS.
You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.
IF YOU HAVE
taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary
BLOOD POISON
WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.
We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. 100 page book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 & 308 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.
COOK REMEDY CO

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 1. 1897.

The Committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the Street Railway Companies and Municipalities, and to report to the next Legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, 1897, at 10.30 a. m. in Room 227, State House, Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

At this time the Committee desires especially to hear from all citizens who may have suggestions to make as to legislation in relation to such companies, including tenure of franchise and methods of taxation.

—Charles Francis Adams, Chairman.

Antitoxine For Rheumatism.

Dr. Hans Froelich of Chicago, a Swiss physician who has been in America two years, claims that he has found a remedy that will drive rheumatic aches and pains out of the human body. Dr. Froelich is enthusiastic over the new remedy. It is, he explains, of the same nature as the antitoxine remedy used in the cure of diphtheria and the consumption cure which it is claimed has been discovered by a Californian. He claims to have made several private experiments that have shown him beyond all question that his remedy is not only practical, but that it will cure the worst case of rheumatism in less than a week.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hen That Is a Wonder.

A citizen living in Cleveland has a hen that is a wonder. Recently, according to its owner, the hen laid an egg that was 9 15-16 inches in length and 1¾ inches in diameter, beside which an ordinary size egg looks very small indeed. Recently the same hen laid an egg that contained three yolks. The owner is afraid some one will steal the valuable hen and keeps a close watch on her.

"Kid" McCoy's Blow.

Pugilist "Kid" McCoy counts on his new "corkscrew" blow to win him the world's championship from Fitzsimmons, but a draw may be the best he can get with it.—St. Louis Republic.

FROM THE KLONDIKE

Did You Ever See Iron Pyrites?

It looks like gold, so like it that its other name is "Fool's Gold."

Not one test given gold, though, will iron pyrites stand. Much the same way with other malt extracts.

They resemble Johann Hoff's. Look like it, but there is one difference—a great difference—none of them will do what Johann Hoff's will.

One dozen bottles of the genuine JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT give as much strength and nourishment as a cask of ale, without being intoxicating.

All dealers sell it. See that the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" is on the neck label of every bottle. *Insist upon it.* None other is genuine or in any way equal to it.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Head Agents, New York, U. S.

SPECIAL SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.

During the next 10 days we shall offer a regular $50 Sewing Machine, manufactured by the New Home Company, at the remarkably low price of **$16.75** $16.75. These Machines have all up-to-date improvements, with a complete set of attachments and a 10 years' guarantee.

Sold on 30 Day's Trial.

If not satisfactory, to be returned at our expense. It will pay you to see them.

RING'S BIG STORE,
Sewing Machines and Bicycles, 221, 229 Dutton Street.

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

WE HAVE THEM

Stylish Suits and Overcoats for the Men and Boys.

Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Skirts for the Ladies' and Girls.

SOLD ON CREDIT.

Men's Nobby Suits $5 up.
Men's Nobby Overcoats $6 up.
Custom Made Suits $15 up.
Ladies' Jackets $5 up.

No need for anyone to freeze trying to save enough to buy your winter outfit, as our terms will enable you to buy now and pay for goods while wearing them.

EMPIRE CREDIT CLOTHING CO., Over 97 Central St. Open Evenings.

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

NEW **Garments** AT HALF PRICE.

We have just closed out the complete line of a New York manufacturer. Spot cash made the price low.

Don't Buy an Old Garment at Any Price.

The inducements we offer you this week on new, fresh, stylish Garments were never before equalled. NEW GARMENTS at the same prices others ask for shop worn goods.

New Jackets.

Jackets at $2.95, $3.50 and $3.95, worth double.

Boucle Jacket, fly front, latest sleeve, storm collar, now $4.95, worth double.

All Wool Black Beaver Jackets, half lined, fancy stitching, 26 inches length, or same style in Tan, Covert Cloth, with velvet storm collar, now $3.95, worth double.

New Capes.

One lot of Boucle Capes, lined throughout with fancy serge and trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, now $3.95, worth double.

30-inch Astrachan Cloth Cape, trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, high storm collar, now $5.75, worth double.

New Furs.

One lot Astrachan Fur Capes, 30 inches long, full sweep, high storm collar, satin lined, for a leader this week at $6.75; worth double.

One lot of extra fine Astrachan or Seal Collarettes, full sweep, high collar, special price $2.[illegible]

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.
SUN BUILDING,
Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
Per Year. $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS
A Member of the Associated Press

The insanity plea is becoming ridiculous, especially when it is put forward by such men as Joe Kelley as a pretext for committing a most cold-blooded murder.

There is no question that Col. J. W. Bennett is the logical candidate for the republican mayoralty nomination. To deprive him of the nomination would be an act of treachery which the voters will not tolerate.

The Massachusetts Editor is a publication for newspaper workers that will find a cordial welcome in every editorial room. It is published at North Adams and bids fair to have a bright future.

Thanksgiving is at hand and already some people are preparing for the observance, which consists mainly of a series of gastronomical interviews with a gobbler, during which the latter enters into the subject most thoroughly.

There is a movement against Chinese laundries by the other laundries of the city on the ground of sanitation. The premises may not be as clean as they might be, but if we are to judge from the washing done, the Chinese laundries are not the most uncleanly.

The Boston Herald, speaking of the pension list, says:

"We owe our pension enormities (and that is the appropriate word for them) to republican lust for votes from their beneficiaries."

This is a grave charge but nevertheless true and this form of political hypocrisy is flaunted to the country as love for the soldiers.

A St. Denis, France, suicide selected roasting as the means of his taking off. He built a big fire in his fireplace lay down close to it, and wrote down his impressions as long as he could. The body was in a shocking condition when found. It is singular how suicides will torture themselves when there are so many painless ways of shuffling off the mortal coil.—Taunton Gazette.

Why not organize a society for more sensible methods of suicide? Our own view of the matter is that anybody who resorts to suicide deserves a good roast.

The fact that the Appellate court of New York has declared the anti-trust laws of that state inconstitutional has given the coal trust fresh courage and it is now arranging to lessen the production of coal, so as to cause a famine and raise the prices. The trust will thus demand tribute from every household in the land where its product is used, and yet to curb its operations or restrain its actions is not within the scope of our constitution. We do not accept such a libel upon the constitution of the United States.

The New Time for the month of November is one of the foremost reform magazines in the country. It has among its contributors William Dean Howells, Hon. C. A. Barlow, Mrs. Helen Campbell, Homer C. Davenport, John Wanamaker, Prof. Frank Parsons, Elbweed Pomeroy, H. L. Bliss, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Henry D. Lloyd, J. W. Sullivan, Herbert N. Casson. The contents present a series of brilliant articles upon the leading questions of the day. Among the prominent articles are those by B. O. Flower, Frederick Upham Adams, Herbert N. Casson, William Matthews Handy, Prof. Frank Parsons, Henry L. Bliss, and other distinguished writers upon the subject of government ownership, direct legislation, and other matters of intense interest at the present time. The New Time should be a popular magazine throughout this country, as it deals with the living issues of the hour in the very ablest manner.

DEMOCRATIC DUTY.

Col. Henry Watterson of the Louisville Courier-Journal has made a right about wheel, politically speaking, and will henceforth support the democratic party. Mr. Watterson was one of the dissidents that bolted the Chicago platform, but he has now turned into line and it is expected that a large portion of the gold democrats will follow his example. The New York Journal makes a strong plea for a reunion of all the democratic forces with a view to victory in 1900. The Journal is very sanguine since the great victory of New York, and is confident that with proper management, the democrats can win in the national contest in 1900. Speaking upon the subject of democratic harmony, the Journal says:

"It is the part of democrats everywhere now to co-operate with the majority in their own party, in order that it may become the majority party. The national policy will be fixed in 1900. Out of harmony, harmony achieved by self sacrifice and self abnegation in each state and congressional district, national harmony and national victory will spring.

"There is a common meeting ground for all real democrats. That there are men masquerading as democrats who by calling, conviction, and affiliation are wholly incapable of democratic sentiments, the Journal knows. But they are few and their following is inconsiderable. The majority of the people in this nation are democrats, and for that majority there will be found a point of complete union.

"Already the signs of party harmony are convincing. In New York they culminated in overwhelming victory. The great leader of the democracy will be he who before 1900 helps most to heal every wound in his party."

CURRENT COMMENT.

Tacoma News—The health department of Baltimore wants kissing suppressed "on the ground that it is a public menace." Our oldest and most cherished institutions are not safe these days.

Portland Express—Spanish statesmen have more than once intimated that they "do not care for the good offices of the United States." In that particular they differ very materially from our own statesmen.

Providence Telegram—Our own motion is that the best way to get honest caucuses is for honest men to go to them and fight for their rights in them. That is better than going to boss-ruled legislatures for regulations which will have loopholes in them and afford the skilled workers plenty of chances to carry on their work legitimately. If honest voters will stand by each other they can have their way. The people are honest yet, in spite of the sour-minded prophets of evil.

Haverhill Gazette—Senator Castellar has written an article on the international relations of Spain to the United States, in which he impugns the courage of the McKinley administration. We dislike very much to say so, but there seems to be a good reason, an excellent reason, for calling in question the courage of the present administration, so far as its treatment of the Cuban question is concerned. President McKinley should save his reputation and his bacon at the same time by taking prompt action.

Boston Herald—We all want prosperity, to a certain extent we have obtained some of it by the abnormal profit that has been realized for our agricultural products, and by the demand for these products in foreign countries which has led to active transportation and large earnings by railroad companies. But there is no means by which this act of God can be allied with the Dingley bill, and up to this time, so far as the tariff is concerned, while it has tended in certain instances to raise the price of commodities it has yet to give proof that it has in any way corrected the degradation of man by recording him better or higher wages. Higher prices with high wages and constant employment may be an advantage, but we have never heard even a protectionist claim that high prices accompanied by low wages was a beneficent industrial and social condition. The one ounce of fact which we want to see is the prosperity which can be attributed to the tariff and this exhibition, unfortunately, was wanting in Mr. Dingley's address.

New York Times—The true protectionist never admits that a tariff law could be so unpopular as to defeat the party that made it. Whether it be 45 per cent. or 69 per cent., the people must love it and worship its creators. The republican slaughter that followed the McKinley act was attributed to ignorance and caprice. The makers of that law obstinately refused to see that the terrible rebuke of 1890 was meant for them. Mr. Dingley can imagine and adduce a hundred causes for republican defeat in New York. He will never be convinced that his 69 per cent. deficit tariff is one of them. Mr. Dingley is confident that his party and his tariff will have the support of the people in the congressional elections next year and in the presidential year 1900. The republican tariff act of 1883 was followed by the election of Mr. Cleveland in 1884. The McKinley act was followed by two tremendous democratic victories in the congressional elections of 1890 and 1892 and by the election of a democratic President. In the last 14 years there have been seven appeals to the people on national questions and four times they have expressed their confidence in the democratic party. Mr. Dingley's party was carried to victory by democratic votes last year and protection was not the issue.

Fall River Globe—Senator Lodge's effort at the Home Market club dinner to show that the recent elections didn't indicate much of a falling off in the republican vote, was about as logical and convincing as the inglorious explanation he made a few weeks ago to excuse his vote on the tariff bill against free hides.

B. J. WEFERS

HE IS AGAIN CHARGED WITH PROFESSIONALISM.

New York, Nov. 15.—B. J. Wefers, the well known amateur sprinter, who has been charged with professionalism at Worcester, Mass., by J. S. Aborn of that city, was on trial Saturday before Messrs. Kelly, Babb and Sullivan, the registration committee of the A.A.U., Casper Whitney also charged Wefers with practices inconsistent with good standing as an amateur. Wefers strenuously denied all charges of receiving money for prizes in athletic contests. Mr. Whitney is absent in Siam, and the only testimony produced except letters from professionals which exonerated Wefers, was that of Mr. Aborn, who declared that Wefers' brother offered the services of the sprinter for a money consideration and that of the brother, who denied making such an offer. A letter was produced in evidence, signed "Harry" said to be from Harry Cornish, in which the writer states his reasons for protesting Wefers were to secure new legislation in the New York athletic club and to "get even" with Weeks with whom he had a grievance. No decison was reached when the committee adjourned for luncheon. Later it was said that the announcement of the decision had been postponed a week.

If your coal does not suit you, try Mullin, the 953 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone.

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

WISHED HE MIGHT DIE

A Fall River Man That Did; He Now Rejoices to Live and Hails With Joy

The Wonderful Medicine That Cured Him.

James Leonard, 317 Fourth street, Fall River, says: "I have been troubled with catarrh since a small boy; in fact, all my life; I have employed many doctors and specialists and spent hundreds of dollars, but could seem to get very little relief. My nose was badly ulcerated in side and the dropping into my throat was something awful. Many times I have walked the floor with my head bandaged and wished I might die, the pain was so awful. My voice became so husky I could not speak distinctly and my throat was at all times very sore and badly irritated. I have used two bottles of California Catarrh Cure, got from Brady's, and already find myself much improved in every way. My voice is certainly much clearer and the ulcers in my head seem to be disappearing. The awful pain is gone. I consider California Catarrh Cure surely a wonderful medicine and am glad to give my testimonial that others suffering as I have may get relief from this terrible disease."

Catarrh in its fully developed forms is a hideous disease involving decay, filth and actual rottenness, with offensive odors in the very seat of the senses of taste and smell; firmly fixed there, it begins to attack the membrane lining the passages leading to the lungs or the stomach; resulting either in consumption, or what is often called dyspepsia. It is really catarrh of the stomach, intestines, liver, kidneys, and various internal passages California Catarrh Cure will cure all forms of catarrh and will even check incipient consumption. All dealers, 50 cents; three times as much, $1.

SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL

PARKVALES OF LAWRENCE AND THE ENSIGNS WERE WINNERS.

At Atherton Saturday the Albions of this city were beaten by the Parkvales of Lawrence in an interesting game of football.

The Parkvales had the choice of positions and kept the wind at their backs. The Albions kept the ball well in the Parkvales' territory most of the time, but at every goal the ball would sail up to within 15 yards of the Albions' goal. The half time was called with the score 0 to 0.

In the second half the Parkvales played better than in the first half, but the Albions held them down to one goal. The playing of Campbell of the Parkvales at goal was the star feature of the game. The players were:

Albions—Walworth, goal; Townson, Crane, full backs; Summerscales, Wilmont, Whitworth, half backs; Ellison, Waterhouse, Flynn, Nelson and Broadbent, forwards.

Parkvales—Campbell, goal; Anderson Finlan, full backs; Gavin, Ed Campbell, McHugh, half backs; Lawn, Dan Campbell, Costello, Cury and Madden, forwards.

Time—Two 30-minute halves.

Score—Parkvales 1; Albions 0.

ENSIGNS 10; WEST ENDS 4.

One of the greatest games of football that ever took place on the North common was that between the Ensign A. C. and the West Ends Saturday afternoon. The Ensigns were greatly handicapped by the loss of their crack half-back, Captian Rourke, who retired early in the game. Stirk of the same team put up a wonderful game at full-back and also Hoar at right half-back. The Ensigns made great gains on the tackles, St. John and Lipay played a star game for the West Ends. The line-up was as follows:

ENSIGNS.	WEST ENDS.
Maguire, l. e.	l. e. Fahey
Chanahan, l. h. b.	l. h. b. Kelly
Jacques, l. t.	l. t. Fadden
Lowell, l. g.	l. g. Gibbins
Murry, c.	c. Ryan
Callahan, r. g.	r. g. Sayard
Redding, r. t.	r. t. St. John
Hoar, r. h. b.	r. h. b. Grimes
Gibbin, r. e.	r. e. Lipay
Stirk, f. b.	f. b. Ring
Quinn, q. b.	q. b. Brown

Touchdowns—Stirk 2. Kelly 1. Umpire, Dennelly. Referee, Flannery.

MARTIN'S FAST MILE.

William Martin, the American rider, who has been having so much success in Australia for the past two years, has ridden, according to a cable message received from the Antipodes, a straight-away mile on an asphalt track in 1:19 3-5, but as yet there are no particulars as to whether he was paced or had a cyclone behind him.

STORIES OF THE STREET

Lowell People are Talking About it on Every Corner.

It is sometimes an easy matter to fool the public, but you can't keep it up very long. They are sure to find you out, and every time a man is fooled, another skeptic is made. Skepticism is allowable when reading in a home newspaper about some incident occurring in San Francisco or Iowa, but the circumstances are entirely different when it refers to someone right here at home, friends and neighbors, people you know, whom you can see, and with whom you talk it over. This is the kind of evidence at the back of Doan's Kidney Pills—home statements by home people, and the astonishing local work they have been doing has caused more talk among our citizens than the doings of any other modern wonder. Read the following:

Mrs. Knowles of 46 Cross street, says: "I suffered with painful backache for over a year, dizziness, severe headache and a urinary weakness. I saw in my paper that Doan's Kidney Pills were curing cases like mine and got a box at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets. I had not taken many before there was quite an improvement. I got the second box and now I can say my suffering has ceased. I am all right in every way. I do not hesitate to give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit of curing the kidney trouble and every pain connected with it. You may use my name and say I am willing to answer anyone who may apply to me with trouble like mine."

For sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

OF HORSE RACING

Medford Writer Discusses Its Many Benefits.

CLAIMS THE SPORT SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED.

Harm Done by all Advised Reformers.

Gambling is inseparable from human life. That we challenge any and all men to dispute and found their argument on fact. When a man sails from Boston on a ship which represents his entire wealth or any part of his wealth he stakes that whole or part against the dangers of the sea that he will reach port safely.

When an insurance company writes a policy on a man's life it bets the difference between the face of the policy and the premium that he will not die until he has paid in enough premiums to cover the loss; and the man bets his premium that he will die before he pays in the face of the policy. We might go on indefinitely and then would find the axiom, "Life and all of life is a chance."

Sin abounds in every phase of human life; it is as inseparable from members of churches as it is from all other men. What, then, are we to do with mankind at large? Shal we wipe them out because they sin? Going into details, shall we wipe out every man in business because some are robbers? Shall we withdraw scholarshipse and banner class prizes because some men and children are dishonest? Shall we cancel all life insurance policies because some men are frauds? Shall we do away with progressive whist because some people cheat?

Shall we stop bowling, billiards, golf and such social sports because some people play unfair?

Shall we stop the sport of horse-racing because there are dishonest men on the turf? And lastly, fully measuring the possibility of censure which may be meted out to us for drawing the comparison shall we cease to preach to men of the heavenly reward for earthly well doing because there are hypocrites in the church? We have read in God's law: "Let him among you who is without sin cast the first stone."

A writer, said to be a clergyman, in the Medford, Mass., Light for November, 1897, speaks as follows:

It is an indisputable fact that the gentlemen who caused pool selling to be stopped at the Combination and Mystic parks have driven many thousands from Medford this year, and to that degree diminished the wealth of our city, and in addition, have largely depreciated the value of an investment in race tracks.

We do not make issue with the gentlemen who caused this financial loss; far from that. They are sincere Christians and are working zealously for Medford's advancement from their point of view; nevertheless, we regret the loss which has come to the grocer, the druggist, the doctor, the butcher, the harness maker, the baker, the dress maker, the washerwoman, the horse shoer, and the church, because of the closing of the race tracks.

Ever since the world began, mankind has delighted in sports—and sports are necessary for his physical as well as his spiritual well being.

God's Son said these words:

Can the son of a man do better than to remember his own humanity? Shall we not with spirit of true Christianity say to ourselves. Christ knows better than we can the measure of human weakness.

Who is there among us so pure that he may assume to stone his neighbors?

Scholarship prizes, banner class prizes, banner contribution prizes, progressive whist and euchre prizes, prizes for bowling, billiards, tennis, golf, and all the various sorts, kinds and conditions of prizes given for excellence in any and all directions by men to men for resudts of contests, benefit mankind at large by developing man's many sided nature to the utmost. Prizes given for speed on the race tracks, for beauty of form, for excellence of training, for docility, for strength among horses, benefit mankind practically by conducing to the safety of the body and morally by bringing him in close touch with and making him more thoughtful with one of God's grandest creatures in animal form, the horse.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13.

4—Mary Monahan, 64, myocarditis.
5—Orinna Champagne, 6 mos., brain disease.
6———Tweed, half hour, premature.
Marie Tallard, 61 pneumonia.
Joseph Rondeau, 1 dky, general debility.
Sabina Ash, 67, cancer.
Florence Carey, days, prem. birth.
7—Patrick H. Shoughro, 1 hour, asphixia.
Delia McCaffrey, 28, pulm. tuber.
Mary Shenck, 61, bronchitis.
John W. Fletcher, 4 days, infantile debility.
8—John Foley, 11 mos. diphtheria.
Sarah J. Guthrie, 43, hemorrhage.
Thomas Singleton, 71, paralysis.
9—Albert H. Donnellan, 7, acute nephitris.
Miles F. Martin, 4, diphtheria.
Willie Brown, 1 hour, atelectesis.
Noahdiah Lund, 87, heart disease.
Catherine O'Connor, 62, carcinoma of stomach.
Patrick Hanrahan 65, heart disease.
10—Stephen Ferlard, 8, phthisis.
Mary McLaughlin, 25, phthisis.
Natalie Keep, 4, meningitis.
Azro M. Webster, 19, carbuncle.
Frank M. Hart, 31, acute phthisis.
Samuel Erskine, 70, pneumonia.
Edgar W. Gilman, 59, chronic bron.
11—Julia Collins, 69, apoplexy.
George W. Parker, 70, heart disease.
Benjamin Mikklsvansky, 75, senile bronchorhoea.
Adele St. Mars, 63, acute encephalitis.
12—Dorila Regnier, 4, croup.
Edgar Blanchette, 2, pneumonia.
Alfred Rourke, 20, meningitis.

—Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Bon Ami

WILL NOT SCRATCH
BUT IS COARSE ENOUGH TO CLEAN.
All Grocers.

AN ELOQUENT SERMON

BY REV. FR. WHALEN, O.S.A., OF LAWRENCE AT THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH.

Rev. Fr. Whalen, O.S.A., of Lawrence preached at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday. He delivered a sermon on "Death."

He first read the epistle and gospel of the 23rd Sunday after Pentecost and telling the story of the raising of Jairus' daughter and of the woman cured by touching the hem of the Savior's garment. This brief gospel, said the preacher, related two miracles of our Lord, either of which suggested many thoughts by which all might profit. But the most striking fact in the passage was that of death—the ruler's daughter was just now dead. Her father besought the Lord, whose fame had gone out through Judea and Galilee, to come to his house and his daughter would live again. But the ruler and the humble woman showed great faith and their prayers were granted.

Passing to his theme, that of death, the preacher said it was a truism to say that all must die. And yet people, knowing the fact too well, too often banish the idea of it from their minds and live as if there were no such thing as death, "and after death the judgment." The time will surely come when it shall be said of each of us, "He is dead." We may not know the time, but no one is sure that he will see tomorrow's sun. Life is a field in which the reaper Death is ever at work. At each swing of his sickle many blades of grass go down. We may be near the end of the field or close to the reaper; we canot tell; but sooner or later our time will come to fall beneath his blade.

The preacher disclaimed any intention of preaching a lugubrious or startling discourse; he sought only to direct his hearers to the ever-present fact of death, and to urge them to prepare for it rationally. He would not that they should be as men who would say "I may not see tomorrow," for that would paralyze all energy, prevent all enterprise for the future, and make the world barren. But he desired that his hearers should look to the end which is certain with the same prudence that men show in their business lives. If men left their business to care for itself, they would soon be driven to the wall. And it is the same way with spiritual affairs, in the care of the soul's business. If neglected, the soul becomes spiritually bankrupt.

Death often comes without any warning. A great saint went forth to say mass. Three times he began "I will go forth unto the altar of God," and fell dead on the altar steps. In the early days of the church, when persecution was rampant, a deacon in the church was singing the alleluias of Easter time when an arrow, shot by the persecutors, pierced his heart and he finished the alleluias in Heaven.

Fr. Whalen enumerated the simple requirements of the preparation for death. They were embraced in the one injunction, "Be faithful to the duties of your state." It was not necessary to be a priest or nun to live in a convent, to save one's soul. The cowl did not make the monk nor the habit the religious. The people in the world, no matter what their avocation, were as able to secure salvation as the cloistered monastic.

The preacher dwelt with impressive force on the deaths he had seen in his own experience, of the drunkard reeling into the presence of his Judge, of the sinner called away in the midst of his sins. In closing, Fr. Whalen recapitulated the points of his discourse and assured his hearers that if they were faithful to their duties they could go through life enjoying all the delights of earthly existence, bearing with resignation all its trials and hardships, with confidence that when called upon to give an account of their stewardship they would receive the glad announcement, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant; enter thou into the joy of the Lord," and forever enjoy the happiness of a blissful eternity.

MUSIC HALL.

"A GAY NEW YORKER."

At Music Hall this evening the reigning musical comedy success, "A Gay New Yorker" will be presented. This bright melange of new features, songs, dances, and specialties is well backed by an interesting story, replete with complications and ludicrous situations, but interesting withal. It is a laugh from the rise to the fall of the curtain and is in the hands of one of the strongest of comedy companies. High class specialties are interspersed and the play goes with a dash and spirit bound to interest an audience. You get sixty laughs a minute and you goes away with the desire for more of the same kind. Ed Rogers, Ed M. Ryan, Harry Edwards, Charles Gorman, James Stanton, W. McAvoy, Nellie Franklin, Daisy Kernell, the Ryeford sisters, Mamie Dunn, Ada Hyle and Cora Strong are the merry-makers.

"A JAY IN NEW YORK."

William Jerome's Herald Square Comedians will present at Music Hall Thursday, Friday and Saturday the funny comedy "A Jay in New York," and it is without doubt the funniest show on the road this season. It fairly teems with bright dialogue and catchy music, and it is enacted by a company of unusual merit throughout. The play deals with the unfortunate complications of Jay Smith during his first visit to the metropolis. Mr. Blondell, who plays the "Jay" is conceded one of the cleverest Yankee comedians and the press has gone so far as to compare him to Denham Thompson. Miss Maude Nugent, the author of "Sweet Rosie O'Grady," plays the part of "Daisy," and plays it with all the known chic and vivacity. William Jerome has made the hit of his life in the character of "Dusty Streets," a man with a beer income and a wine appetite. Hays and Bundy, the dancing wonders, the Harbecks, Thomas E. Sedkwick, Libbie Blondell, the Maynard sisters, May Davis and Lulu Leslie, are all happily cast and the show promises to be one of the big winners of the present season.

PEOPLE'S CLUB.

The first entertainment of the season at the People's club (Women's branch) took place Saturday night under the direction of Miss Adelaide Noyes. As usual with Miss Noyes' entertainments it was first class. The audience was large and appreciative. The program was as follows: Recitation by Misses Jessie Lewis, Maria Coggeshall, Ruth Crawford and Faith Dotey; club swinging by Bertha Brims; piano solo, Helen Savage; dumb-bell exercise, Gracie Shipman, Pearl Robinson; songs by Gracie Mansfield, Theresa Rock, Ethel Walsh; mandolin and banjo selections, Erie Banjo club, Ethel Lawrence, Edith and Mirtle Whitcomb.

The Big 7 defeated the Boulevards Saturday by a score of 6 to 0. In their challenge to other teams the Boulevards say their average weight is 145 lbs. The Big 7 average is 120, a difference of 25 pounds. The odds against the victorious team were great and they won out solely by their grit and masterly manoeuvers. The Big 7 is open to all challenges from 120 to 130 pound teams in the vicinity.

—Cox, Manager of Big 7 F. B. C.

Contractor C. P. Conant hopes to get the roof of the Varnum school annex on very soon in which case work can go on upon the interior during the winter.

The share assessed upon Lowell by the county for the grading of the Lowell end of the new Tyngsboro highway is $2543.41.

First class printing done at this office.

It's 'World's Fair' that suits most smokers — the best cut plug sold—it's made from choicest leaf, like all

B-L

TOBACCOS

When You Want to Get the
FINEST CLASS OF ALE
In the city, call at GEORGE ENWRIGHT'S place at 11 Middlesex street. This is the only place on the south side of the city where you can get Bass's half stock ale. Just drop in and sample a glass. Also the choicest brands of wines, liquors and cigars

5c. Will Buy
1 quart Cranberries,
1 quart Best Pea Beans,
1 quart Best Roasted Peanuts, hot from our new rotary oven.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
418 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET
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PLEASANT TO TAKE
DROPPED ON SUGAR.
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES COLDS CROUP COUGH COLIC CRAMPS

All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power and are loud in its praise ever after. For Internal as much as External Use. Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life lasts. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Do not forget the very important and useful fact, that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, Internal or External. It is a fact, proven by the investigations of medical science, that the real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years except for the fact that it does possess extraordinary merit for very many Family Ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction, and handed down to their children a knowledge of its worth, as a Universal Household Remedy, from infancy to good old age.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle.

BLUE PEOPLE BRIGHT.

The business man's friend, Bicola Pills, are a scientific remedy, and the only perfect cure for the diseases of the nervous system. A remedy adapted for the banker, doctor, lawyer, preacher, and merchant. While Bicola Pills are intended for all who are afflicted with nervous weakness, they are particularly adapted to women suffering from a weakened condition of the nervous system, with prostration, faintness, etc. Bicola Pills give immediate relief—for rheumatism, and all blood and nervous troubles. Discovered and perfected by THE TURNERS of Philadelphia. The Turners also make

TARZINA—The only ointment for skin troubles. Cures Piles.
TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.
F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Dellsle Beaulon & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassen, J. S. Westwood, George A. Wilson & Co.

STEINERT'S PIANOS

Look!

Steinway, Hardman, Braumuller, Pease, Weser, With Mandolin Attachment, and six other different makes.

Lowell Leaders, 34 PRESCOTT STREET.

JOHN W. McENIRY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Masonic Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

LUTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 10, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 318 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

DON'T

Put off the bow to the inevitable. Your sleigh must be made ready for winter use sooner or later. To-day is not any too soon. What little time there is will be needed for the paint and varnish to dry and harden.

We are already at work on quite a few.

Can we add yours to the list?

The SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY WORTHEN STREET.

The DAYLIGHT Incandescent Gas Lamp

will save you one-half your gas and give three times the light. The DAYLIGHT Mantles will last three times as long as any other on the market. Try them.

I have for sale Chimneys (glass or india) that will fit lamp in use.

Geo. H. Bachelder,
SOLE AGENT,
23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.
Telephone 507-3.

The Prices of the Best Grades of WATCHES Have advanced, but we are selling lower than ever before for cash. Call and get our prices

J. D. Grant, Practical Watchmaker, 61 Merrimack Street.
Particular attention given to Watch Repairing.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor will make his $42 Suits for $15, his $38 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $12. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

Go to Central Supply Co. for Clothing on Credit

We have the largest stock as we clothe the entire family, and keep the most stylish clothes at the very lowest prices and easiest terms.

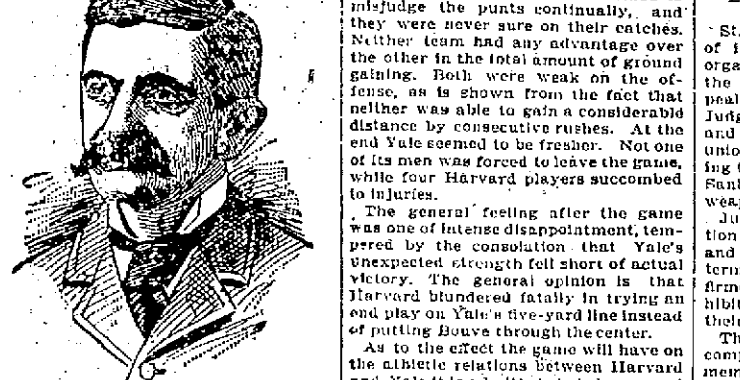
117 Merrimack street, Opp. Moore Bros.'
OPEN EVENINGS.

TO CHECK BALL FIELD ROWS

Important Action by the National League Controllers.

Exhibition of Temper to End—Two Umpires to Serve at Next Year's Games—Saturday's Football Events.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—Next season the double umpire system will be used in National league games. President Young is to arrange a schedule of games for umpires which shall be kept secret throughout the season, the public, club owners, managers, or players not to know, at any time, the order in which the umpires shall be sent to the different cities. No umpire is to be scheduled for more than six consecutive games at one place. Preference in the appointment of umpires is to be given to ex-league players with good reputation.



PRESIDENT N. E. YOUNG OF THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

A committee of three will report at the spring meeting a plan which will define foul, indecent and obscene language on the ball field, and prescribe a method of procedure for the punishment of offenders, the penalty for which offense, upon conclusive proof, shall be expulsion, with a prohibition of engagement by any club operating under protection of the national agreement and without the possibility of pardon or reinstatement. The plan provides for the reference of any case which may arise under the provisions of this rule to three men who shall have no interest in any club in the league, and whose decision shall be final. The schedule for next season will provide for four trips between the east and west instead of two, as has been the rule for several years, and also provide for 154 games to be played by each club instead of 132.

The season will extend from April 15 to Oct. 15, inclusive. Last year the season was from April 22 to Oct. 2. The extended period for next year will give opportunity for the playing of the 22 additional games required to be played by each club. Under the new rule clubs will be permitted to play two games on one day during the first as well as other series in order to dispose of postponed games, and postponed games may be played off on grounds other than those on which the game was prevented. Heretofore special consent from the league was required to change the place for playing off postponed games.

NOT UP TO STANDARD.

Cambridge, Nov. 15.—To anyone who had witnessed the memorable battles between the crimson and the blue on Hampden park, Springfield, the scene at the close of Saturday's game was a strange one, and left a tinge of general disappointment in the atmosphere. There was no cheering, no enthusiasm, at the end, although 25,000 persons attended; neither side had won, neither had scored, and that spectacular feature—the wild, exultant burst of enthusiasm from the victors—was entirely missed. The contest was clean and manly. Twice Harvard lost the ball for holding, and once the crimson was given five yards on Yale's interference while putting the ball in play.

Critically the game was not up to the standard of modern football of the first class. The play on both sides lacked the perfect organization, the advanced tactics, and the well drilled execution that were to have been expected. On the defense both elevens were remarkably strong; on the attack, they were signally weak. Yale presented a stronger defensive front than popular opinion gave credit for; Harvard's plan of attack was far weaker than anyone expected. Yale used a fairly close formation, concentrating its power chiefly on the tackles, where the players made all their material gains. They had no tricks and few intricate formations of any kind.

Harvard's offense consisted chiefly of an "end's back" formation, which was often divided—too often for ground gaining purposes—outside of the tackles and ends. Although a few tandems with a guard in the interference were hurled at Yale's center, it was a mystery why more repeated attempts were not made in this direction. The Harvards had no novel plays, and what they had were poorly used. It may be safely said that the aggressive play of both elevens was far below the standard.

At times the Yale backs made miserable attempts at punting. Four times they had their kicks blocked by the Harvard forwards; once it turned to their own advantage, and but once decidedly to Harvard's. Haughton was guilty of several bad but not costly fumbles, while Yale's backfield seemed to misjudge the punts continually, and they were never sure on their catches. Neither team had any advantage over the other in the total amount of ground gaining. Both were weak on the offense, as is shown from the fact that neither was able to gain a considerable distance by consecutive rushes. At the end Yale seemed to be fresher. Not one of its men was forced to leave the game, while four Harvard players succumbed to injuries.

The general feeling after the game was one of intense disappointment, tempered by the consolation that Yale's unexpected strength fell short of actual victory. The general opinion is that Harvard blundered fatally in trying an end play on Yale's five-yard line instead of putting Bouve through the center.

As to the effect the game will have on the athletic relations between Harvard and Yale it is admitted that the general situation has been much improved by it. The atmosphere certainly betokens more sportsmanlike conduct and less bitter rivalry than was the case in the days of the Springfield games.

One of the special features of the game was the tremendous crowd of students and graduates from nearly every other college and university in the country. The orange and black of Princeton, the brown and white and white of Brown, the carnelian and white of Cornell, the dark green of Dartmouth, the purple and white of Amherst, the red and blue of Pennsylvania, and the purple of Williams, all mingled in a grand galaxy of color with the crimson and blue of the two leading American universities. Princeton, Amherst and Williams were all found cheering for Yale, while Pennsylvania, Cornell and Dartmouth shouted for Harvard. In fact nearly every prominent college in the country were represented and gave their own particular cheer for either one side or the other.

OTHER GAMES SATURDAY.

New York—Brown, 18; Carlisle Indians, 11.

Buffalo—Cornell, 42; Williams, 0.

New Haven—Yale freshmen, 10; Princeton freshmen, 0.

Hanover, N. H.—Dartmouth, 54; Amherst, 0.

Philadelphia—Pennsylvania university, 22; Wesleyan, 0.

Troy—Worcester tech, 6; Rensselaer, 0.

FINE GAME AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—The feature of the game Sunday afternoon between the Baltimores and All-Americans was the clever stick work of Lange, the All-American center fielder. Four times at the bat, he was credited with four base hits, one a home run over the center field fence in the second inning. Kelley, the third baseman for the Baltimores, made the greatest hit ever seen on the grounds. In the first inning he sent the ball over the center fence and made a circuit of the bases. The game was remarkable for the many double plays, no less than six being made.

Stahl, the right field for Boston, who is playing in the same position for the All-Americans, made a phenomenal catch in the first half of the eighth inning, running into center field and capturing a hot liner from Griffin's bat. He threw the ball to the home plate and retired Jennings. Attendance, 6000. Score:

Baltimore	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	—6
All-American	1	5	0	0	0	1	0	0		—7

Pond and Donahue; Rhines and Smith.

WESTERN CHAMPIONS BEATEN.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—The coaches and backers of the university of Chicago football team offer the Wisconsin university eleven a guarantee of $5000 for another game here. The Chicago men declare that "luck" and not superiority gave the badgers Saturday's victory and are confident of success if another battle occurred. With the offer of $5000 goes a stipulation that the game is to occur in Chicago on Nov. 20, 27, or the second Saturday after Thanksgiving.

Nearly 10,000 football enthusiasts saw the eleven from the university of Wisconsin defeat the Chicagoans, 23 to 8. Had it not been for two bad fumbles by Wisconsin in the second half Chicago would have been shut out, for the hitherto unbeaten champions were completely outplayed.

THE HANDICAP KING.

Bellair, Fla., Nov. 15.—About 2000 persons witnessed the racing which wound up the national circuit chase here. Nat Butler won the two-mile handicap, thus defending his title of "handicap king." His time was 4:01 2-5. The owner of the track presented him with $50 in gold. Frank Powers of Jacksonville defeated Peabody of Chicago in the special two-mile race.

ILL TEMPERED BOXER ARRESTED.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—A four-round bout between Joe Butler, the colored pugilist of Philadelphia, and Jack Bonner of Summit Hill, Pa., was stopped in the second round. In the first round Butler knocked Bonner down, and when the latter started to rise Butler twice fouled him. The referee overlooked the fouls, however, and the round ended. The men mixed it up lively in the second, and in a clinch both were in danger of going over the ropes when the referee, Ernest Crowhurst, separated them and sent them to their corners. This angered Butler, who made a vicious lunge at Crowhurst. A policeman then stepped on the platform and took Butler into custody.

JOCKEY SLOANE FLATTERED.

London, Nov. 15.—The Referee, which is considered one of the highest sporting authorities in England, pays a great compliment to Tod Sloane, the American jockey. It says: "At the present moment we do not think we have a more popular personage on the turf than little Sloane. If the little American goes on doing as well as he has been doing we shall probably have a school of imitators spring up. His method is superior to the English, but only prolonged experience and a comparison of the two styles can determine which pays best."

RIOT AT FOOTBALL GAME.

Denver, Nov. 15.—The football game between the teams of the East Denver and West Denver high school students ended in a riot. That no one was seriously injured was due to the fact that a dozen policemen were sent to the scene and dispersed the mob.

The game had been characterized from the start by slugging, several players being hurt, and when fraud was charged against the East Denver team in making a touchdown, a free fight was at once started among the players, the spectators taking part. When the police arrived the East Denver team had barricaded themselves in their dressing room, and the mob was making desperate efforts to break in.

LEGALITY OF THE BOYCOTT.

St. Louis, Nov. 15.—A decision that is of interest throughout the country to organized labor has been rendered in the United States circuit court of appeals here. The case was heard by Judges Thayer, Sanborn and Caldwell, and involves the legal right of a labor union to resort to the boycott. According to the opinions of Judges Thayer and Sanborn, the boycott is not a legal weapon.

Judge Caldwell, however, takes exception to the views of the other two judges, and sets forth his opinion in emphatic terms. Judges Thayer and Sanborn affirmed the decree of the trial court prohibiting the defendants from continuing their boycott against the plaintiff.

The case was that of the Oxley Stave company of Kansas City, Kan., against members of the Coopers' union of Kansas City and the Trades assembly of the same place. The union enforced a boycott against the company. Judges Sanborn and Thayer contended that the defendants had no right to form a conspiracy to deprive the plaintiff of its own rights to manage its own business. If such a thing was lawful then a combination might be organized to prevent the use of the typesetting machines, presses, harvesters, threshing machines and thousands of other useful inventions. The dissenting judge holds that the boycott is a legitimate weapon when employed without violence.

SHOT BY KING OF DUDES.

New York, Nov. 15.—J. Waldere Kirk, known as the "king of dudes," who came here recently from Chicago, was arraigned Sunday on a charge of shooting Richard E. Mandelbaum in a hotel and held in $2500 bail for examination Nov. 23.

According to the policeman Mandelbaum failed to find his wife in her room when he returned to the hotel Saturday and went to Kirk's room and kicked in the door. Kirk is said to have fired five times at the intruder. One bullet entered Mandelbaum's body just above the heart and one struck him in the groin. The others went wild. Kirk said he shot in self-defense, declaring that Mandelbaum struck him with a blunt instrument.

COULDN'T WAIT LEGAL PROCESS.

Osceola, Ark., Nov. 15.—Henry Phillips, alias Doc Jones, a negro, a self-confessed murderer, was lynched in the courtyard here at midnight Saturday by a mob composed of prominent citizens of this town and the surrounding country. The direct cause of the lynching was the murder of a merchant near here by Phillips a few days ago.

POSTMASTER ASKS REDRESS.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 15.—Postmaster Mallon has caused the arrest of Mayor Olmstead, A. A. Newberry, E. B. Hyde and D. F. Wetzel, prominent citizens, who were officers of the Citizens' National bank, which failed with a deposit of $3110 of postoffice money. As the bank was not a United States depository, the loss falls upon the postmaster and his bondsmen. He charges the defendants with knowledge that the bank was insolvent when his deposit was taken.

HANDBALL CHAMPION.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—William Carney successfully defended his title as handball champion of the world against Fireman Louis Keegan Sunday afternoon. It was the second series of the contest which began Nov. 7. On that occasion Carney won six games out of eight, and in the second meeting he had only to win two games to get the necessary eight in fifteen. The scores: Carney, 21, 11, 21; Keegan, 4, 21, 9.

YELLOW FEVER AT MOBILE.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 15.—Only one new case of yellow fever was reported Sunday. There were no deaths. Total cases, 243; deaths, 44; recoveries, 279; under treatment, 20.

MARTIN THORN'S HANDSAW

The Supposed Place of Burial Pointed Out by Mrs. Nack.

The Woman Hopes Not for Leniency—Thorn's Lawyer Threatens Her With Dire Things Before the Trial Closes.

New York, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Nack was taken from the Queens county jail Sunday and, for the first time since she was removed to Long Island City from the Tombs, left the courthouse buildings. She went to corroborate a part of her confession, and today the authorities hope to be able to locate the saw with which it is claimed Thorn dismembered the body of Guldensuppe. The party drove through Woodside, but not near the now notorious cottage where the murder occurred, to a point between Flushing and College Point, known as College Hill. In her confession, Mrs. Nack had indicated that as the locality in which the saw was buried. She thought she could find the spot, and when taken there indicated the vicinity. She was not sure of the exact place, but was sure she was able to tell within a few feet. When the spot was located as nearly as possible, the three re-entered the coach, and it was driven back to Long Island City.

Mrs. Nack has issued a statement intended to show that she had really been converted, and had not appeared as a witness against Martin Thorn in order to save her own life. She says she hopes for no leniency and she is ready to die. This places her case in a very serious position. It has been assumed that her lawyer, E. M. Friend, had come to some understanding with District Attorney Youngs of Queens county, and that she would be permitted to plead "guilty" to some degree of crime less than murder in the first degree. When she was examined Wednesday she positively replied to the question put by Surrogate Woller that her confession was purely voluntary, and that no promises of any kind had been made by the district attorney. If this be true she may be tried for murder in the first degree, as she is legally guilty of the crime, accepting her own version as accurate.

If, as she says, she did not kill Guldensuppe herself, she was as guilty as Thorn, whom she assisted in all the preliminary arrangements, bringing not only the victim, but the material for getting rid of his body, knowing that he was to be hacked to pieces. Mr. Friend says he permitted her to confess, knowing that it would be for her benefit, as the case of the prosecution was far stronger than the public imagined.

William F. Howe, Thorn's counsel, has been making a thorough investigation of Mrs. Nack's record. He professes to be in a position to prove that many portions of her story are untrue. He says she is a cunning criminal. In reference to her confession, he remarked: "Just consider what this woman has done. She is a most awful spider criminal by her own words. She, a married woman, loved both Guldensuppe and Thorn. She cannot have both. She plans Guldensuppe's death; takes her own money to hire the house in which to carry out her murderous plans, and lures Guldensuppe to that house; she kills him, yes, kills him. She says Thorn kills him. We say she did it. Thorn was not the assassin, but her tool. At the last moment she swears Thorn's life away to save her own. We shall show this desperate criminal in her true colors."

MR. PLATT SPEAKS

Condemning Seth Low as a Traitor.

AND A MAN WHOM REPUBLICANS COULDN'T TRUST.

Says New York's Defeat Is Insignificant.

New York, Nov. 15.—Senator Platt, who has had little to say since the election, prepared the following statement in answer to repeated requests: "It is the plain purpose of those Republican factionists, who, failing in every effort repeatedly made to control the Republican organization, projected Seth Low into the municipal campaign, thereby dividing the anti-Tammany vote, to force into the public mind the impression that the responsibility for this division attaches not to them, but to the Republican organization. Just as during the campaign they stopped at no act of treachery in order to create dissension, so now they are hesitating at no falsehood of calumny in order to promote it and keep it alive.

"This malicious misrepresentation of these incurable factionists must not go unchallenged. No fair minded Republican, who will allow his mind to go back over the events of the last six months, can fail to remember that the attitude of the Republican organization up to the very last moment at which the law permitted a nominating certificate to be filed was much more than favorable to a union with the Citizens' organization. Fair minded men will remember that when Mr. Quigg assumed the presidency of the county committee he made the offer of union distinctly and in terms. They will remember indeed that when the Citizens' association organized, it adopted a platform which was intended to commit its members to the 'go it alone' policy. This platform denied the relation of a national political party to municipal affairs. It challenges the right of the Republican party to make a Republican nomination. It placed upon the doctrine of nonpartisanship a new interpretation, and one which forbade the possibility of co-operation between the Republican party and the Citizens' union.

"No party should be false to its principles. The fact that Mr. Low was not the man for whom the Republican party could afford to be responsible was shown by his personal conduct throughout the canvass. It was shown when, after saying that he would not allow himself to become the instrument of disruption, he made himself the leader in the crime of preventing a union. It was shown in his shameful abuse of General Tracy, the man who gave him his first opportunities by generously retiring from the field several years ago; and it was shown when, after the two nominations had been made, he refused, or his managers refused for him, even to consider the proposition of retiring jointly with the Republican candidate and substituting some such man as Secretary Cornelius Bliss or ex-Mayor Frederick A. Schroeder, either one of whom could have been made the leader of a united, harmonious and victorious host.

"The Republican defeat in New York was a local defeat. It had its cause in local controversies. In the state the Republican majorities above the Harlem were all that could be desired. The elections throughout the country proved that Republican principles have lost no part of the strong hold upon the people of which the victory of 1896 gave magnificent evidence. The Republican organization in New York and in the city of New York no less than in the rural districts is still powerful, earnest and devoted. In the menace of another Bryanite campaign factional controversies will be soon forgotten and Republicans will be Republicans again."

THE POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Postmaster General Gary, in his annual report, says that there has been no extravagance of expenditure save that obligated by law. Reiterating the injustice inflicted both upon the postal revenues and the people by second class mail matter carriage regulations, the enactment by congress of some measure to remedy the wrong, similarly pointed out by the past postmaster general, is urged. As to this the postmaster general says: "If this were done there would be an end to postal deficits, and the service could be enlarged and popularized by a broad extension of free delivery without infringement upon the general resources of the government, and eventually result in the much-desired reduction of letter postage to one cent per ounce."

On the question of establishing a banking system in connection with the department, the report says: Many millions of dollars is undoubtedly secreted by people who have little or no confidence in ordinary securities and monetary institutions organized by private citizens. It is dead capital, but if its owners could be inspired with absolute confidence in the security of an investment, it is altogether probable that the bulk of this fund would find its way into the channels of trade and commerce. If the government undertook this task, the service would undoubtedly be gladly accepted by the people. Their faith in the government is unbounded.

MURDER OVER A WOMAN.

Sandusky, O., Nov. 15.—George Wingett, a white man, killed William Everett, colored, in a row over a woman. Wingett stabbed Everett in the abdomen, inflicting a fatal wound. Wingett fled and was caught by a mob of negroes, who wanted to lynch him, but after a desperate struggle he escaped from the mob and surrendered himself to the police. Wingett claims that he acted in self-defense.

SUICIDE OF A FIREMAN.

Mandan, N. D., Nov. 15.—Joseph Williams, fireman of a Northern Pacific trans-continental train, committed suicide by jumping into the firebox of his engine. Before the engineer could pull him out his head and shoulders were consumed.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Human Ingenuity.

Certainly, for the mechanic, human ingenuity has never produced a better liniment than Salvation Oil, which now stands unexcelled for curing his sprains and bruises caused by a fall; or cuts and wounds the result of an accident with his tool or saw. Salvation Oil always kills pain. "Recently, I fell about twenty feet and was very much bruised on my leg and side, but after bathing them with Salvation Oil the bruises soon disappeared. I think Salvation Oil is just the thing for sores and bruises." A. Jacob Rice, 520 Church St., Easton, Pa. Salvation Oil may be bought anywhere for 25 cents. Substitutes offered by dealers may cost less; hence, do less. Salvation Oil, however, never disappoints the user.

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

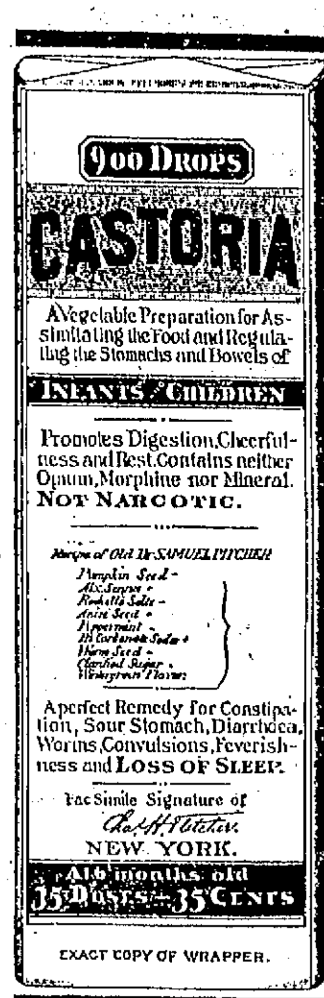
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise, your profit this fall and winter will be lost when the price for eggs is very high. It assures perfect assimilation of the food elements ... It promotes health and form ... It is sold by druggists, grocers, feed dealers or by mail. If you can't get it send to us. Ask first ... Large 2-lb. can $1.20. Six cans ... Sample of BEST POULTRY PAPER sent free. ... Custom House St., Boston, Mass.



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MONEY TO BURN!

You Will Have Money to Burn If You Trade at

John Drain's, 111 Gorham St.

Below is a list of bargain offers for this week!

Children's Cloaks.

Children's Cloaks were $4.00, now $3.75.
Children's Cloaks were $3.00, now $2.25.
Children's Cloaks were $2.25, now $1.00.

Beautiful Bonnets

to match Cloaks equally as cheap. 38c. Bonnets 25c., 75c. Bonnets now 50c., $1.25 Bonnets now 75c.

Something that will interest everybody at this season of the year is the price at which we are selling

Woolen Yarns of All Grades

Very best Scotch Yarn, 25c. quality, our price 20c. Very Best Saxony Yarn, 15c. quality, our price 10c. Very best Spanish Yarn, 25c. quality, our price 15c. Very best Germantown Yarn, 20c. quality, our price 15c. Remember we have the different Yarns in all colors and of all the best makes. Some dealers when they advertise yarn, it is old stock; not so in this case, as our yarns are all new and clean. The reason why we can sell our yarn so cheap is we placed our orders early before prices advanced. Same with all our woolen stock. Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves at about 25 per cent. below any other house in Lowell. Everything in our store marked down in order to reduce stock to make room for Holiday Goods.

Millinery, Flowers, Feathers,

At your own price. Just received one more lot of those nice large Feathers we sold so many of last week, 3 in a bunch, sold price 50c. a bunch.

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JOHN DRAIN, 111 Gorham St.

Open Every Evening.

LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES.

Hundreds of nobby effects in Fly Front Reefers, Double Breasted Reefers, and the new Blouse Front Coats. Starts at $5.49, which buys an excellent Garment, and goes up in easy price stages like $7.48, $8.98, $10.48, $10.98 and up to $24.98.

We are showing some great values in Capes, Waists and Skirts.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Suits and Reefers.

Every garment was ordered before the new Tariff Bill went into effect. $10.75 buys an elegant Overcoat or Suit; $4.00 a stylish and well made Children's Reefer or Suit.

Credit Without Cost or Question.

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WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK

4 Per Cent.

Compounded Semi-annually.

273 Central and 4 Gorham,

LOWELL, MASS.

Land Sale

In Pawtucketville In the New District

Will be at the corner of Moody street and Fourth avenue every afternoon.

WM. H. EMERY.

A QUEER COLONY OF FEMALE CONVICTS IN GEORGIA.

Georgia has a queer colony of women at the town of Heardmont. It is a female convict camp, and is the only female penitentiary camp in the state.

Camp Heardmont was provided for under the administration of Governor Northen. The convicts are leased out to a farmer under state control. The lessee who has taken these women under his charge is Colonel W. H. Maddox, who owns a 6,000 acre farm at Heardmont.

When Colonel Maddox was in the Georgia legislature and in the senate, he won friends on account of his great liberality and big heart. In the management of his convicts he has advocated the same policy, and there is not a woman in the whole camp who would not swear by him today. There are no clanking chains that galt and bind, there is no profanity in giving orders, and no winchesters or shotguns are leveled at the criminals. It is a panoramic review of antebellum days, where the master was kind and the slave obedient and faithful.

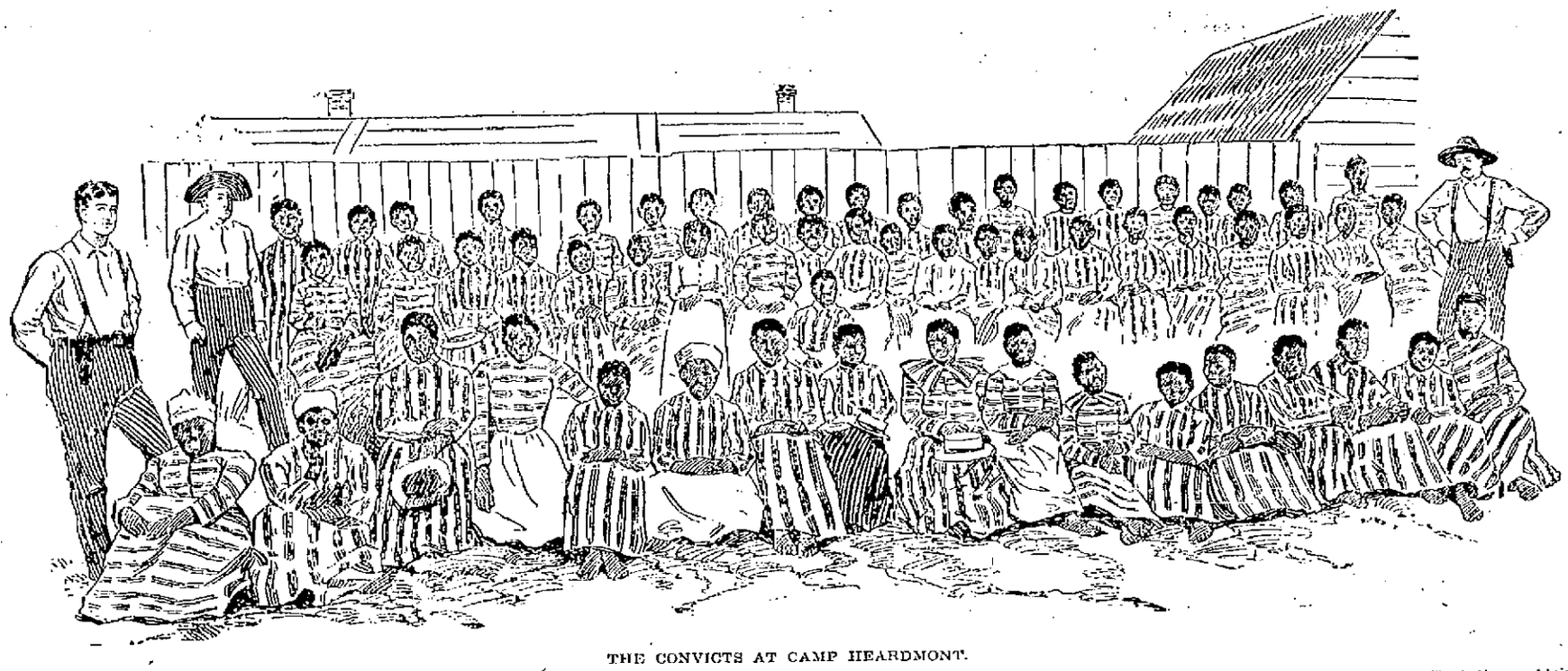
"You can drive a horse to water, but you can't make him drink," said Colonel Maddox, as he talked of his camp and the conduct of the convicts. "I tried driving at first. The convicts gave me trouble. They rebelled and mutinied under the sting of the lash; they cursed the captain who brought the strap down upon their smarting backs. I lead them now instead of driving them. The change is as remarkable as the results are astonishing. There is no longer mutiny or rebellion. The convicts appreciate what I am doing for them, and they work with a will at a word now when years ago, before I used the present methods of discipline, I found they would shirk every task possible.

"If it were not that the law required me to guard them, I would feel perfectly safe in turning every woman loose to work where she pleased, for I would know she would come back at sundown. Escapes are unknown since I have ruled with kindness and consideration. The women no longer play off sick, but to the contrary they are anxious to work at all times.

"I believe they do regret their past," said Colonel Maddox. "Few of the women will talk of the crime. When recruits come in, they have an idea that they will be heroines if they have committed a brutal murder. They are not in the camp a day before they find a sentiment against these things. They have every encouragement on earth to reform and be good citizens. If a convict is caught in a lie, every member of the camp puts the liar to shame. If a convict is caught stealing, her comrades in stripes guy her unmercifully. Several of the women have been converted since their arrival in my camp and a number have joined the church. There is divine service every Sabbath, and all the women take a great interest in the meetings."

From a financial standpoint, these women give more than value received for their hire. They are workers that would put strong men to shame. The hand that rocks the cradle cuts cord wood, clears up new ground, pulls fodder, plows like a veteran, milks cows, feeds and curries mules and makes itself an indispensable factor in the development of the farm. They are sober because there is no drink to be had; they are industrious because they have every incentive to work; they sing gladsome songs in the field because they are happy and satisfied.

Colonel Maddox says his camp has solved the reformatory as far as convicts are concerned. He has incorporated into his camp every idea of reformation. He has a minister to preach to the women; his beautiful daughter sends them Bibles and missionary teachings and even at times entertains the workers with stories of the Bible and Christ's redeeming love.



THE CONVICTS AT CAMP HEARDMONT.

"There is no brutality here," says he. "I have strict rules, of course, but I try to teach the convicts that obedience is a panacea for punishment and that the golden rule is an infallible guide to happiness. The majority of the convicts are better today than they were when they came, and they will be better tomorrow than they are today. The reformation is slow and tedious and oftimes disappointing, but I see the progress the women are making, and I have many letters from those whose terms expire and who tell me of their new resolutions when they reach the homes which they left perhaps years before under the ban of crime and the cloud of blood."

Camp Heardmont is 118 miles from Atlanta on the Seaboard Air Line. It is just ten miles beyond Elberton, with which city it is connected by telephone. The camp buildings are situated in the center of Colonel Maddox's plantation, which is about eight miles square, the Savannah river being the eastern boundary.

The camp crowns the crest of a hill. A piece of ground about the size of a large city lot is inclosed with a ten foot fence. The fence is whitewashed, as are all the buildings on the place. On the inside of this inclosure are numerous rooms 10 by 12, which are used as bath and dressing rooms for the women. When the convicts enter the inclosure, they go to these rooms and take a bath if they desire, or they may change their clothes if they have been caught in a shower. A bath is compulsory every Sunday morning, although there are many who take a bath twice each day.

The dormitory is reached through a large gate which leads from the inclosure. This building is tall between floor and ceilings and is well ventilated. There are bars over the windows, but in winter the shutters are closed and the two big stoves are heated redhot. Several hundred cords of wood are now being hauled to the camp by the women, to be used in heating the dormitory when cold weather begins.

The beds are homemade affairs. They have no springs, but the mattress is thick with straw and excelsior. There are a pair of white sheets and then a pair of blankets. Colonel Maddox will not allow any striped material to be used on the beds. Not even a chair is allowed in the dormitory. The convicts are not even allowed to use snuff in the building, and she who spits upon the scoured floor must suffer the penalty of carrying water on the Saturday half holidays.

"We used to allow chairs in this room," said Colonel Maddox, "but we took them out so that in case of a fight between the women the chairs could not be used as weapons. There is nothing in the room but beds and the coverings."

In one corner of the building is a lavatory which is deodorized twice a day. In the vestibule of the building sleeps the guard on a cot which is placed across the barred door when the door is locked.

The convicts sleep until the big bell rings at 5:15 o'clock in the morning. That is the signal for them to leave their beds and dress. Fifteen minutes later the door is unlocked by the night guard and the women pass out in twos. Not a word is spoken by the guard, for each woman knows the number of her bathroom. At the big gate they assemble and wait until the gate is opened upon the stroke of the bell.

The messroom is just across the road. As the women pass out of the gate they are counted by the night guard, by the captain and by the only white woman in the state penitentiary—Pearl Pendergast, who is regarded as the matron of the camp. This woman is gradually dying from dropsy, and although her seven years' term expires next February she may die a convict.

Breakfast is ready in the messroom when the line of women file into the building. Each woman takes her seat at her table and waits until the signal is given for eating to begin. Every order, morning and evening, is given by a stroke of the bell. After the breakfast the captain lines up the women, and the start for the field begins. The women sing at the top of their voices, and the singing can be heard for miles as the negro melodies float over the fields and echo back from the hillsides.

In the afternoon work is stopped in time so that the convicts can get into camp before dark. This is required by law, as all work must be done during daylight.

Pearl Pendergast is a woman with a past that recalls the days of daring pirates and the child stories of gypsies and their tents and horses. She was arrested in the city of Savannah for aiding in the kidnaping of a little 14-year-old country girl. Annie White, a white woman, but then only 16 years, was convicted with Pearl for kidnaping. Annie has been pardoned on account of ill health, and within a few weeks after she left the camp she died.

Pearl is now the matron of the camp, if a convict can be called one. She is too feeble to work in the field on account of the dropsy, with which her body is daily swelling. She looks after the dormitory and does a large amount of the sewing of the camp. She is separated from the negro women and is their superior, as she has the counting of the convicts morning and evening intrusted to her care and is given minor authority in the camp.

There is one negro woman who wears trousers as a man. She is the machinist of the camp and runs a 50-horse power engine. One day her skirts became entangled in the wheels, and she immediately asked permission to wear trousers. Colonel Maddox was authorized by the penitentiary department under the circumstances to permit this, and the woman now dresses just as a man. She runs the big gristmill and the sawmill and does about half of the blacksmithing for the farm.

Last year the female convicts cost Colonel Maddox $12.50 each. The clothing, feeding, doctoring and guarding of them made the total annual cost of last year $67 each. The cost per capita varies each year. Under the original 25 year lease, which was executed in 1873 the state was to be paid an annual rental of $25,000 for all of her convicts male and female, white and colored. As the number varies each year, so the price each lessee pays varies. There are about 2,300 convicts of the felony class in the state this year.

When Colonel Maddox took the female convicts he had only seven remaining years of the lease in which to operate them. The lease expires April 1899. It is quite probable, however, that the lease will be canceled or some arrangement made to relieve him of the charge on the 1st of January, 1899, as he thinks it would be unfair for him to be required to hold them until April, the busy season with the farmer.

"While the work of the women has been entirely satisfactory as a financial venture," says Colonel Maddox, "I shall be glad when the lease expires, for I am tired of the great responsibility. I have become interested in these unfortunate people, and they regard me as their master. There is not a woman in all the camp who would not nurse me day and night if I were ill, and if a member of my family becomes ill every woman makes daily inquiry for their captain."

In addition to the convict labor, Colonel Maddox employs more than 100 free laborers and has a large number of renters and croppers. The free and convict laborers are entirely separate, and the convicts are isolated. The free laborers work on the more distant farms, and the work of the convicts is confined only to the fields nearest the camps.

What will the state do with the convicts when the present lease expires is a question with which the prison and penitentiary officials are laboring. Colonel Maddox has not been able to solve the vexing problem, although he doubtless is more familiar with the situation as regards the female convicts than any other man in the state.

"If the women are placed in camps where there are males, there will be fights, felonies and escapes," says he. "The women must be isolated. They must be kept distinct and separate, and they must be treated humanely. I know nothing about the management of male convicts, but I do know that it is the nature of a woman to rebel if she is treated cruelly. Take a woman and beat her with the lash and she becomes stubborn, hysterical, cowed and browbeaten. It won't do to manage them as the men are managed."

The decision reached by Governor Atkinson relative to the private leasing of the misdemeanor convicts meets with the hearty indorsement of Colonel Maddox. Many convicts have been received by him who have been before in the county gangs. They tell stories of cruelty and inhumanity that savor strongly of fiction, and doubtless many of these bloodcurdling recitals have no basis for belief. Some of the stories, however, find corroboration from fact, as many of the negroes' backs are marked by the lash and their ankles scarred from the shackles.

MOUNTED SOLDIERS OF EUROPE.

Strength of the Continental Cavalry.

The different branches of cavalry appertaining to the peace establishment of the five continental great powers of Europe are composed as follows:

France.—Twenty-six regiments of dragoons, 13 of hussars, 12 of cuirassiers, 20 of chasseurs; total, 71 regiments.

Germany.—Twenty-nine regiments of dragoons, 20 of hussars, 12 of cuirassiers, 26 of uhlans; total, 87 regiments.

Russia.—Forty-eight regiments of dragoons, 14 of line Cossacks and in the Garde Imperiale, 2 of hussars, 2 of uhlans, 4 of cuirassiers; total, 70 regiments. In time of war Russia depends largely on her irregular cavalry, the Cossacks.

Austria.—Fourteen regiments of dragoons, 16 of hussars, 11 of uhlans; total, 41 regiments.

Italy.—Twelve regiments of dragoons, 10 of cavallegieri; total, 22 regiments.

All these countries in time of war make use of their mounted gendarmes (country police). This refers particularly to France, whose gendarmes are in closer relation to her army than is the case in other countries. The comparative smallness of the Italian cavalry is due to Italy's geographical condition, which is not favorable to the employment of large cavalry masses.

In describing the uses which are made of the cavalry in all its branches in time of war it is best to refer to Germany, as her cavalry has been employed more frequently and on a larger scale in modern wars than that of any other country.

All German cavalry regiments are composed of five squadrons, of which four squadrons of 600 horses each are destined to take the field, while the fifth squadron remains at home for recruiting and depot service. All cavalrymen except the officers are armed with repeating carbines and heavy cavalry swords. The form of the latter, however, is different in each of the four branches. Lances used to be carried by uhlans only, but have since 1889 been furnished to the entire cavalry because they proved so effective in the hands of the uhlans in the French war. The best military authorities prophesy they will prove of much value in the next war, but as yet other countries have not imitated Germany in this respect. In Austria not even the uhlans, who in that country belong to the light cavalry, are provided with lances. In the other countries lances are carried by the uhlans, Cossacks, chasseurs and cavallegieri.

The employment of cavalry in battle depends entirely on the disposition of the commanding general. He may use any or all of the different branches to charge the enemy's forces, to establish or destroy communications, to pursue the enemy and to make prisoners, to furnish safeguards to the transportation and other departments and to reconnoiter the country. In cases of emergency, or when it becomes necessary to deceive the enemy as to the strength of his adversaries, it sometimes becomes necessary to sacrifice large bodies of cavalry by leading them to desperate charges, as was done, for instance, in the three great battles before Metz by both sides, and at Sedan by the French. Besides the above enumerated uses, each of the four different cavalry branches is trained to perform special duties.

The cuirassiers, who constitute the heaviest cavalry, are all large, well built men, and the strongest and heaviest horses are picked out for their use. They accompany the main body of the army, and are principally used to charge the lines of the enemy in order to divide them and to make openings for the infantry; also to charge against hostile batteries as soon as these have been partly or entirely silenced or are just about getting into position. The dragoons also are generally kept near the main body of the army, but always a little in advance of it, unless they are in reserve. It is their business to do all patrolling service, as far as this can be done by cavalry. Under particular circumstances they may be ordered to dismount and serve as riflemen, for which service they are carefully trained in time of peace.

The hussars are kept still a little more in advance of the army, and it is their business to reconnoiter the country on all sides, to harass the enemy and cut off his communications, to locate the enemy's position and intrenchments, to go in quest of provisions and to search all houses, farms and villages on their way for hidden enemies. The principal duty of the uhlans consists in entering hostile territory, as far as this can be done with safety, and to keep close to the heels of the enemy. Although constantly exposed to danger and hardship, they are not supposed to engage in doubtful encounters, but are ordered to retreat whenever they are attacked by a superior force, unless they can positively rely on immediate re-enforcements. The report of their investigations is transferred to the hussars behind and by them to headquarters.

Particular care is exercised in selecting the men and horses for cavalry service. Only big, strong men are enlisted as cuirassiers, tall men as uhlans, medium sized men as dragoons and the smaller men as hussars. The horses are proportionately selected. Very small horses are not accepted, as they cannot be brought to accustom themselves to the uniform movements so essential to effective cavalry service. The officers who select the horses have been specially educated for this purpose. As soon as the animals are turned over to the respective regiments they are under the supervision of competent officers carefully trained by noncommissioned officers who have studied the art of training at the riding academy at Hanover. All the principal commands are given by bugle signals, which the horses soon learn to distinguish as well as the riders.

These short specifications of the duties of the different branches of cavalry by no means cover everything, but may be sufficient to furnish the civilian with a tolerable idea of modern cavalry service. Some military men hold that, in consequence of the now universally introduced quick firing guns and rifles, the usefulness of heavy cavalry has been diminished and that this branch might safely be abolished. Others contend that the step from breech loading to repeating rifles is by no means of as great consequence as the step from muzzle to breech loaders has been. A light cavalry—that is, light in weight—does not exist nowadays. The lightest cavalryman, with full uniform, riding boots and spurs, cannot weigh less than 150 pounds, and if we add to this the weight of the saber, carbine, 100 rounds of ammunition, cloak, filled canteen, one day's rations, army saddle, double bridle, straps and blanket the minimum load which the horse has to carry will weigh close to 250 pounds. The lances, now used by the entire German cavalry, do not increase the weight much, as they are made of thin steel, are hollow and only about two inches in diameter. The metal breast plates and helmets of the cuirassiers are of little practical value and are more of a decorative than of a defensive nature. They will probably be cast aside when a new war breaks out.

The importance of cavalry is not considered as having diminished in consequence of any of the modern inventions, as is made evident by the fact that all countries are more anxious to increase than to decrease their cavalry.

GERMAN UHLAN—ITALIAN CAVALRY OFFICER.

OFFICER OF FRENCH CHASSEURS. AUSTRIAN HUSSAR.

A COSSACK.

He Fired the First Gun

Tony Capestrow of St. Louis enjoys the distinction of having fired the first gun at the battle of Chickamauga. For a long time after the terrible, continuous fighting along the banks of Chickamauga creek and under the shadows of Missionary ridge his comrades in the Confederate army chaffed him about it, with simulated ill humor, cautioning him to beware of any attempt at stirring up a second mess of the same kind.

Mr. Capestrow went into the southern army from St. Louis at the beginning of the war. After a short stay at Poplar Bluff he began moving rapidly and kept it up until the trouble was over. He was enrolled in an Arkansas cavalry regiment which became a part of the celebrated body of mounted troops known as the Texas rangers. Mr. Capestrow served under Van Dorn, Forrest and other leaders, who played havoc with Federal plans, and especially with Federal supplies in Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama. Mr. Capestrow tells in this way how the battle of Chickamaug began:

"I was in General Forrest's command, and we lay the night before the battle, about 19 miles from Chattanooga, along the sides of some hills just back of Chickamauga creek, a short distance below the old mill. Early in the morning of the 19th of September we were called out to reconnoiter. The advance was made on foot, a detail of men holding the horses. Before going forward any great distance from the sides of the hills back of the creek, where we had lain as pickets during the night, we saw numbers of Federal troops, some of them engaged in dragging pieces of artillery into position. They were some distance from us, and, although we watched them intently, with a view to finding exactly what they were about, no lead was wasted on them. Suddenly a lot of them bobbed up right in front of us. They came into view so quickly and so unexpectedly that almost by an involuntary motion I threw up my gun and fired. I presume it was the first shot of the battle. Everybody said so at the time. In a few minutes guns were popping all around, and the fun had begun in great shape. It was the hardest battle, or, rather, succession of battles, fought during the war, lasting for two days, during which time the troops were actively engaged in real fighting without intermission. General Forrest was always a great fighter. Nobody ever caught him when he wasn't ready for a tilt, and he didn't lack opportunity during the two long days at Chickamauga. We fought all around the big semicircle made by the creek, fought about Missionary ridge, got into the rear of the Federals and close to the base of Lookout mountain, fought our way back again and had all varieties of fighting."

Hymns and Hymn Writers.

"Arm of the Lord, Awake," was one of the first of Charles Wesley's hymns. It was published in 1739.

"Infinite God, to Thee We Raise," was a translation by Charles Wesley of a part of the "Te Deum."

"How Pleasant, How Divinely Fair!" was originally entitled by Watts the "Pleasures of Public Worship."

"Come, Saviour Jesus," is a translation of a French hymn by the pious mystic Antoinette Bourignon. The translator is unknown.

"Blow Ye the Trumpet, Blow!" was one of the seven hymns written by Charles Wesley for New Year's day. It was first used in 1750.

"Jesus, I My Cross Have Taken," was from a book of short poems by Henry Francis Lyte, printed in 1833. The melody to which it is sung is from one of Mozart's operas.

"Come, Holy Ghost, In Love," is a translation by Ray Palmer of the celebrated Latin hymn "Veni Sanstet Spiritus," attributed to Robert II of France, who died in 1031.

"Drooping Souls, No Longer Mourn," was the work of Thomas Hastings, the author of more than 600 sacred lyrics and even better known as a composer of church music for use in popular religious assemblies.

"Just as I Am" first appeared in the "Invalids' Hymn Book" in 1836. It was the work of Charlotte Elliott, who became an invalid in 1821 and remained such until her death in 1871. To this remarkable collection of hymns she contributed over 100 lyrics of striking beauty.

Caught a Deer In His Arms.

Harper Middlehouse of Grand Rapids is probably the only man in Michigan who ever caught a deer in his arms and captured it alive. A few days ago young Middlehouse, who was visiting his cousin at Remus, caught a glimpse of a 250 pound buck that had been a captive when a fawn, but which broke away four years ago and has been wild ever since. Middlehouse hid himself behind a log while a companion drove the deer toward him. The buck came to the edge of the log and stopped. Middlehouse did not have the heart to shoot it and sprang for the buck, clasping his arms around its neck. Then ensued a battle royal.

Middlehouse managed to throw the buck, but it speedily rose to its feet. Farwell, his companion, was too far away to be of assistance. Each time Middlehouse succeeded in throwing the buck it managed to get a prod at him with its horns, which fortunately had been recently shed. By the time Farwell reached the scene Middlehouse was almost worn out, his clothing was mostly gone and he had two big lumps on his side, raised by the buck's feet. With Farwell's help Middlehouse finally got a halter around the buck's neck and tied it to a tree.

After the two young men had rested they bound the buck's feet together and carried it back to its old home.

Curiosities In Names.

In the United States generally there is a wonderful recklessness in the matter of names.

For instance, there was a lady in Salem, Mass., who rejoiced in the cognomen of Preserved Bullock, while Preserved Salmon was once a well to do Jersey merchant.

Then, a Philadelphia lawyer is named Shellem, and another lawyer of the same famous city of genius bears the name of Honestman.

And the mayor of a town in Ontario, which had just been honored by a visit from the Canadian premier in his capacity of minister of trade and commerce, signalized the occasion by naming the twins with which his wife had just presented him "Trade" and "Commerce."

Even on the other side of the Atlantic there are some funny names, such as those of a pair of twins, born in 1877, who were christened Peter the Great and William the Conqueror.

Moreover, baptismal registers verify the following names: Christmas Carrol, Mineral Waters, Wild Rose, Ether Spray, Boadicea Basher, Orange Lemon, Jubilee Gosling and Laughing Waters.

The Powers of Liquid Air.

A tablespoonful of liquid air poured on about a fluid ounce of whisky will freeze it at once into flat scales, giving the whole the appearance and color of cyanide of potassium. This may be emptied out on a table and will remain frozen in that condition for fully five minutes. One thing that impresses one is that while all molecular motion is practically arrested at this temperature the odor is perfectly distinct, showing that these particles which stimulate the sense of smell are active and independent of the temperature. A handkerchief of either silk, linen or cotton saturated with the liquid will be charred and destroyed just the same as if it were put in an oven and browned, though no change of color is apparent. Its evaporation is quite slow, and it may be carried about for a number of hours in an open vessel without entirely disappearing. It probably represents a compression of about 700 atmospheres and would therefore in a confined space and at 60 degrees temperature represent a pressure of somewhere from 10,000 to 12,000 pounds to the square inch.

In Germany, when the vote of the jury stands 6 against 6, the prisoner is acquitted. A vote of 7 against 5 leaves the decision to the court, and in a vote of 8 against 4 the prisoner is convicted.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Bricks, apparently as good as when first made, were excavated in Babylon, the marks on them proving them to be 4,000 years old.

In 1816 the value of a bushel of wheat in England was equal to that of a pound of nails. Today a bushel of wheat will buy ten pounds of nails.

During the past three months there has been so heavy a demand for lumber in California that many firms have been obliged to refuse orders. In many cases the increased demand has caused an advance of nearly 50 per cent in prices.

Kaiser Wilhelm's speeches during the last two years fill 322 closely printed pages in the cheap German edition in which they are printed.

To the average eye not more than 5,000 stars are visible. Some persons having extraordinarily strong eyes can see about 8,000 stars. Through the Lick telescope and other powerful instruments about 50,000,000 stars are visible.

In Norway ice breaking machines are in use which paddle their way through ice 28 inches thick at the rate of four miles an hour. One of these machines has lately been sent to Vladivostok to keep its harbor open in winter.

The first imports of cattle to America were made by Columbus in 1493, who brought on board several cows.

Atlanta has an ordinance prohibiting vehicles from passing places of worship at a rapid rate of speed on Sundays.

The Mennonites are to found a colony near Houston, purchasing an immense farm, to be colonized by all the Mennonites now scattered throughout the west.

It is estimated that 22 acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land if devoted to wheat culture would feed 42 people; if to oats, 88; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 176, and if to the plantain or breadfruit tree, over 6,000 people.

The allowance of the lord mayor of London up to the mayoralty of Sir Sidney Waterlow, in 1872, was $10,000 annually, but it was increased in that year to $50,000, at which sum it has ever since remained.

POLYGAMY STILL LIVES

In the Mormon Colony Despite the Laws Against it.

Moral Means the Only Agency for Combatting This Evil—Martial Law in Brazil.

Boston, Nov. 15.—Rev. Charles R. Bliss, financial agent of the Salt Lake college, Utah, spoke last evening in Somerville on the "Present Attitude of Mormonism." He said that the American people misconceive the nature and underrate the power of Mormonism. The position taken by many that polygamy is dead is not true. It is still practiced by men prominent in the church, and is generally accepted by the Mormon people as true doctrine. As recently as Oct. 29, a president in the Mormon church published in the Provo Enquirer over his own name—Edward Partridge—the following statement: "The principle of plurality of wives was given by revelation from God to Joseph Smith and was practiced by divine commandment, but the principle was rejected by the government of the United States, and such pressure was brought to bear upon its practice that, after much suffering, the Lord moved upon his servant, Wilford Woodruff, to proclaim the discontinuance of the practice. No one need think that God has changed his mind as to the truth of the principle. Truth is eternal and will never change." The same paper gravely discusses, in another issue, the question whether, if Utah should choose to change its constitution, legalizing polygamy, the government would have the right to interfere.

President Partridge concedes it to be his belief that God is a polygamous being, "loving a female companion," and that Christ was also a polygamist. This polygamous "principle" enters into the very warp and woof of his religious convictions. Unquestionably all the other Morman leaders share these convictions with him. They result from the emphatic and incessant teachings of the last 60 years, and it is a very serious question whether with such men polygamy ever can be be dead. Religious convictions do not die so easily; they reappear when least expected, and hence it is easily explained that, even while the leaders are saying "polygamy is dead," they are confronted constantly with facts that prove it is not. The country need not be surprised if within a very few years an agitation should be commenced in Utah to expunge from the state constitution all articles prohibiting polygamy.

That the Mormon church is steadily seeking to re-establish its power is evident from many facts. It was charged and apparently proved at the close of the last session of the legislature that a committee of the church had been appointed to supervise proposed laws in the interest of the church, and by secret influence over its members in the legislature prevent the passage of such laws as were obnoxious, and that proposed laws were defeated by their interference. Last year the church forbade its members to accept nomination to public office without the consent of their ecclesiastical superiors. Recently the papers have published the statement that the president, Wilford Woodruff, has, by the authority of God, instructed Mormons to vote as Mormons. So marked is the reactionary drift that an intelligent observer of public affairs now living in Utah has recently said that in his opinion statehood has greatly retarded progress in Utah.

Undoubtedly the only means now left the country to shape Mormon affairs are moral means. The time for legislation has passed. Utah is the arbiter of her own destiny so far as laws are concerned, but the christian church, school and college are more powerful than statutes, and these can and ought to be multiplied in that state.

INDIANS LYNCHED

A Party of Forty Secures Three

MURDERERS AND PUT THEM TO DEATH.

Taken From Jail and Then Strung up.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 15.—A special from Bismarck, N. D., says: "Alexander Coudert, a half-breed, Paul Holytrack and Philip Ireland, full-blooded Indians, the first of whom was sentenced to death for the murder of six members of the Picer family last February, and had just been granted a new trial by the supreme court, and the latter two self-confessed accessories in the murder, were taken from the county jail in Emmons county Saturday night and lynched by a mob. The lynching had been apparently coolly planned and was carried out without a break in the program. Sudden and swift retribution was meted out by the mob to the murderers.

They rode into Williamsport on horseback late at night and tied their horses a short distance from the city that they might secure them again as speedily as necessary. The jail in which the prisoners were confined is a substantial structure. Since the confinement of the prisoners therein, so great had been the fear that they might escape that one man had watched all night within the jail. About 2 o'clock in the morning there was a rap at the outer door of the jail, and Deputy Sheriff Kelly quickly turned the key in the lock, thinking that the persons he had expected to meet had arrived. No sooner had he opened the door than the mob crowded into the corridors. All were masked and the leaders carried ropes. The lynchers were quiet, but determined. The leaders presented a revolver at the head of Kelly and told him they wanted the prisoners. Kelly demurred, but he saw that resistance was useless, and unlocked the cells.

Two of the prisoners were confined together, and the other was in a separate cell. They had been aroused from sleep by the entrance of the men and sat up half awake and trembling with terror. Ireland and Holytrack were pulled from their beds, ropes were fastened about their necks, and they were dragged out on the ground, after being told to prepare for death. The men were then led to a huge windlass and strung up on a cross beam. Coudot was the first man to be hanged. It is reported that he was asked before he was hanged whether Black Hawk and Defender had also been concerned in the murder for which he was about to be hanged. He answered that they had been. The rope was then thrown over the beam, and he was raised off the ground and suspended in the air. Holytrack and Ireland were so nearly unconscious from the affects of the dragging that they did not realize what was about to happen when the ropes about their necks were tossed over the same beam. They were unable to stand, and were slowly raised from the ground on which they lay until their bodies swung in the air and dangled from the windlass with that of Coudot.

"Williamsport, where the hanging took place, is about 40 miles from this city and off the railroad. The news of the hanging was brought here by a mounted messenger. The sheriff of the county was in this city at the time the hanging occurred. The men, who had been in the custody of the deputy, were hanged to a windlass several hundred yards from the jail, where their bodies swung during the entire day, the coroner not having yet arrived and no one having volunteered to cut them down. About 40 men were concerned in the lynching."

CRUSHED BY AN ANACONDA.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—A huge anaconda, on exhibition in a museum here, severely injured Samuel Masher, the museum watchmen, and crushed to death a valuable trick pony. The pony was tied to a feed box alongside the anaconda's cage. Masher saw the reptile had worked one of the boards of its cage loose, and had stretched its tail out a short distance. He pushed the board, believing the anaconda would pull within the cage again. Instead it wiggled out and wrapped itself several times about Masher. The latter screamed for help, and the pony, frightened by the big reptile, began jumping about. This probably saved Masher's life, for the reptile unwound itself from him and completely encircled the pony. Masher fell to the floor unconscious, while the big snake continued to crush the pony until life was extinct.

When a number of the employes reached the scene the snake had begun to unwind itself and appeared to be getting ready for more fight. The men kept aloof until a lasso had been obtained and the anaconda finally made secure. Several of Masher's ribs were broken, and he was removed to a hospital.

MARTIAL LAW IN BRAZIL.

London, Nov. 15.—A dispatch to The Times from Rio Janeiro says that President Moraes has issued a decree establishing martial law for a period of 30 days. The evidence of a political conspiracy in connection with the recent attempt to assassinate the president is increasing. The city, however, is quiet, and public opinion supports the course of the executive. The prefect of police, who is a prominent Jacobin, has resigned. The police prohibit the gathering of people in the streets. All things considered, the situation is improving.

LETTER CARRIER ROBBED.

Warren, Ida., Nov. 15.—A mail carrier was held up by a lone highwayman and ordered to cut open his mail sacks. The robber took all of the registered mail and letters. There were about $[illegible] in cash.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Secretary Alger is ill with tonsilitis.

The wife of the celebrated composer, Giuseppe Verdi, now in his 84th year, is dead.

Lorillard Spencer, for eight years proprietor of The Illustrated American of New York, has sold the entire property to a syndicate.

Sixty-five fourth class postmasters were appointed Saturday, including the following: Silas Newton, Oakdale, Mass.; Joseph A. Quimby, Olcott, Vt.

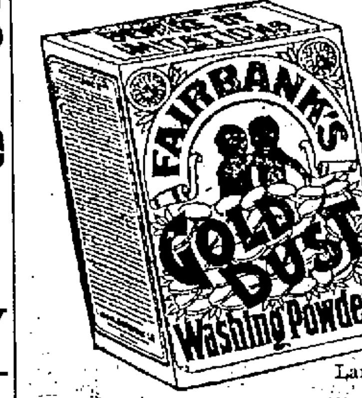
The dead bodies of Henry Turner and those of his wife and sister were found in a field in Campbell county, Ga. They had been shot to death and brained. There is no clew whatever as to the perpetrators.

The William Cramp company has contracted to build four steel screw steamships for the Boston Fruit company, which has steamers running between ports on the island of Jamaica and several cities of this country.

A paper published by the Josephinum, a German college at Columbus, O., says that Mgr. Schroeder, who recently resigned from the chair of theology in the Catholic university at Washington, has been offered a chair in the Josephinum and will probably accept.

The body of James Sullivan, a resident of Chelsea, Mass., and one of the crew of the battleship Massachusetts, was found on the shore at Narraganfett Pier Sunday. Sullivan was drowned by the upsetting of a catboat in which he and a companion were on their way from Newport to New York.

First class printing done at this office.



Insist on the Genuine GOLD DUST

The best Washing Powder made. Best for all cleaning, does the work quickly, cheaply and thoroughly. Largest package—greatest economy.

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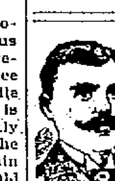
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.



STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sex-ine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Roofless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sun day work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p.m. Not open Evenings

$5 to $10 a Set

DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

EXPERT HANDLERS OF FURNITURE

CONFESS THAT

OUR STOCK

EMBRACES THE

Most Stylish and the Best Variety

Of goods in that line that they have ever seen. No one is ashamed to move in daylight whose house is equipped with Furniture bought of us. It does not pay to buy inferior goods in any line, and especially is this true of Furniture. Unlike some articles you buy, it is always in sight. Always get a good article and then you are always sure of satisfaction and service. If you have not seen our

FALL DISPLAY

Drop in and see the splendid stock we have for you to select from. We have all the desirable styles, and we are sure that we can sell them to you at satisfactory prices. It will cost you nothing to look and you may lose if you don't.

GOOKIN BROS.

Agents For the Celebrated "Glenwood" Parlor Stoves and Ranges.

Honest Value for Your Money

WE HAVE THE BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Our stores are filled with shoes which we are selling at lower prices than any other store in Lowell.

Ladies' Shoe Dressing, 5c. per bottle.
Ladies' House Slippers, 25c.
Ladies' Serge Congress, 49c.
Children's Strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8, 43c; sizes 9 to 11, 49c.
Children's Russet, spring Heel, sizes 5 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid, no heel, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
A Good Wearing Ladies' Shoe, three different styles, 98c.
A Splendid Bargain in Children's Shoes for 65c. and 75c.
An Excellent Wearing Shoe for Boys for 85c.
The Men's Shoes we sell for $1.00 are worth $1.50.

It will pay you to look in our windows if you are coming down street today. We are constantly putting in small lots of shoes which we sell below cost.

WE GIVE TRADING COUPONS.

Boulger's White Shoe Stores

115 CENTRAL and 292 BRIDGE STS.

DO YOU WANT A FINE H. F. Miller Piano FOR $70 With Stool, Cover and Book

If so call at once at 101 Westford street. It is the place where High Grade Pianos are always sold at a low figure.

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DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST

ORANGE WINE

MADE FROM THE PURE JUICE OF Florida Oranges.

A POPULAR WINE WITH NEW YORK'S FOUR HUNDRED. NEVER BEFORE SOLD IN LOWELL.

$2 Gal., 60c. Bottle.

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Office, 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

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Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George B. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

WITH THE DISCOUNT OFF FOR PROMPT PAYMENT IS

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

FIRST CLASS COOKING STOVES SET UP AND RENTED AT A LOW RATE PER YEAR, PIPING INCLUDED. COKE, BROKEN, SCREENED, AND DELIVERED, AT $1.60 PER CHALDRON; $2.25 PER HALF CHALDRON, CASH.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR THE USE OF METERS.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMER'S CELLAR.

ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Trunk Manufactory, 72 Middlesex Street,

(Old Wooden Building.) All orders promptly attended to and work delivered to all parts of the city.

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R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER TELEPHONE. J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue. Telephone Number 474 4.

ALL KINDS OF Lumber

Sold at wholesale and retail. Both large and small orders solicited. Quick Delivery and Satisfactory Prices Guaranteed.

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Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

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3 Plate Glass MIRRORS

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In perfect order. Will be sold at a low price.

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Calls, night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

CATELY & PEARSON, SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty. 44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

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Will collect mail and supply postage stamps to all houses supplied with the new

U.S. Postal Boxes

These boxes cost no more than one year's rent for a box in the post office and will last a lifetime. For further information apply to

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216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Who are the sole agents in Lowell for the authorized

U. S. POSTAL BOX

The only box from which collections will be made by letter carriers.

NEW MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

3 Nights, Commencing Monday, November 15

Matinee Wednesday. The Season's Laughing Success,

A GAY NEW YORKER.

Presenting a splendid comedy. Headed by the Kings of Comedy, ROGERS & RYAN, the funniest Farce Comedy extant, "A 'CUT MODEL OF FUN." Pretty costumes, charming girls new music, new specialties. A Cyclone of Merriment.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday with Saturday Matinee, Nov. 18, 19, 20.

WAIT FOR THE BIG SHOW.

William Jerome's Herald Square Comedians, presenting the newest laughing success,

A JAY IN NEW YORK.

Management, W. T. FENNESSEY.

A grand company of artists, including the famous Maude Nugent, the girl who wrote "Sweet Rosie O'Grady," the Blondells, Hayes and Bandy, Maynard Sisters, Frank Ward, Lottie Day, W. O. Davies, the Harbecks, Thomas A. Sedgwick, May Davis, Lulu Leslie, William Jerome, at every performance. Everything new and up-to-date.

LARGE, ELEGANT Boarding and Lodging House

on one of the main streets for sale or will exchange for a cottage in city.

DONOVAN & MANSUR,

Room 1, Swan Building, 20 Central street Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.

M. H. Carey. { Clerks } H. Goisals

Never Before

Have we been able to offer Men's Shoes for

$2.00 A PAIR

That had the style or service these Shoes possess.

1 lot of Little Gent's wear resisting Shoes, wedge heel,

75C. A PAIR.

1 lot of Ladies' Kid, button or lace, in medium and wide toes.

$1.50 A PAIR.

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You Have Struck the Right Place

When you have found

PETER WATSON'S

Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 TO 60 CHARLES STREET AND 465 LAWRENCE STREET.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck Street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing from flat copy and models, Water and Oil Colors, and China Decoration.

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All order promptly attended to.

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You can get better bargains at Greene's than any house in Lowell.

Full line of Sheet Music, Sewing Machines. Lowest prices.

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PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on

Joseph J. Johnson,

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72 MIDDLE STREET.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 462 Market street. John W. Kinnan, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 70 Chestnut street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or billiard printing rooms. Apply at Lekault & Co., One Price Jewelers, 10 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dows', Central street. A. Moore, Gorham street, pharmacists.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING Inquire at Sun office.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—NEAR SALEM STREET, COTtage house with land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WAGONS—OWING TO LACK OF STORAGE, I am obliged to sell at any price the following wagons! viz—1 high grade democrat, 1 first class grocery wagon, 1 very fine top square wagon, 1 extra second hand square wagon. 5 Hobbins St.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON—URBAN HALL and 3 small halls to let for parties and socials by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Apply Room 1, Urban block.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AT A hotel. Can speak French or English and furnish the best of references. Address T., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—NEAR CENTRAL AND Church streets, two tenement house with store and barn. This is a bargain. Price $4100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM in Belvidere, five minutes walk from Merrimack square. References required. Apply at Sun office

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made and ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co, Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—GOOD BOARDING AND LODGing house of 19 rooms, in a good location. Price only $300. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

BACHELLORS WILL FIND NICE FURnished, sunny rooms, well appointed, at 145 Cross street, Mrs. Nawn.

LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNdle containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail, no pain; no danger; no interference with work; price $2.00; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKETVILLE, NEW cottage house and land. Price $1350, on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A MAN WHO IS WILLING TO learn a paying business. Steady work. Good pay. No canvassing. 40 Middlesex street, room 15.

LOST—BETWEEN ROBINSON STREET and Hosford Square, pocketbook containing sum of money and receipt with Lizzie M. Young's name. Return to 15 Robinson street and receive reward.

WANTED—AT ONCE, LADY AND MEN canvassers. Something new. Salary and commission. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central street.

FOR SALE—NEAR BRIDGE STREET, good cottage house and land, Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

THE NEW ENGLAND INTRODUCTION Club. A reliable medium for introducing respectable parties, socially or matrimonially inclined. If interested send 10 cents to Box 185, L., Dover, N. H.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIE OR GENTS at 121 Fletcher street, for best household article on earth.

FOR SALE—FIVE MILES FROM LOWELL, small farm of 13 acres, cottage house and barn, Price only $1750 and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—A BULL TERRIER RED AND WHITE pup, about four months old. Reward at 13 Willie street.

GIRLS WANTED FOR TRANSFERRING. Greenwood & Payson Hosiery Co., Ayer City.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady for an Art Needle Work Dept. Must understand embroidery. Apply Reid & Hughes, Lawrence, Mass.

WANTED—HUSTLER TO REPRESENT US in this locality; quick selling articles; large commissions; steady employment; exclusive territory; stamp for particulars. Agents Supply Co., Fall River, Mass.

WANTED—A SMALL TENEMENT CENtrally located for man and wife in respectable surroundings. Apply to "R," Sun office.

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$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid 2½ story hip-roof house of 8 rooms pantry and bath rooms, with tub, marble wash bowls, &c., maple floors in kitchen, dining room, pantry and bath room, hot and cold water. Piazza and balcony, nice lot of land, high and dry, very sightly, near cars and schools. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, No. 29 A, Hildreth Building, (Old Post Office.)

Lowell High Grade FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

BARGAIN

Call at the Estey Parlors, 145 Merrimack Street and see this bargain.

Newby & Evans

Upright Piano, with stool, scarf, book and 12 lessons for

$120.00

Will sell on easy terms.

ESTEY

145 Merrimack Street.

THEY WONDER WHY

Jacob Doll is selling so many PIANOS. The reason why is plain. The quality is up, the price is down, the touch is wonderful, the tone is powerful, the scale is perfect, the cases are up to date and forty other reasons. Jacob Doll High Grade Pianos at 3 Merrimack street, Associate Building opp. City Hall, Sam L. Orr, Manager.

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Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 55	6 00	§7 07
6 25	7 40	6 25	7 43
6 42	7 52	6 49	§7 25
§7 14	8 12	7 55	9 10
*§7 20	8 10	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 25	8 15	*9 00	§9 35
§7 33	8 50	9 10	§10 25
*7 45	8 37	10 17	11 33
*8 50	9 49	10 45	11 08
9 15	10 35	11 30	§12 07
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 06
11 00	12 01	*1 00	§1 35
§11 45	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 03	*3 04	§3 35
1 40	2 50	3 47	5 03
3 00	4 25	4 14	§5 34
*§3 52	4 35	*5 00	6 45
4 25	5 30	5 33	6 35
§5 22	6 15	5 47	6 51
6 44	7 10	6 14	7 30
*§6 22	7 03	*7 30	§8 05
*§7 49	8 30	*8 03	§8 55
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 20	8 10	9 15	§3 05
§7 28	8 15	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	5 32	7 30	§8 1[illegible]
§5 56	7 00	8 00	§8 28
		9 00	10 06

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 30	8 53
8 15	9 10	9 35	10 37
9 25	10 39	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 05
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 55	3 40	4 05
2 30	3 41	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 25	6 01	7 13
5 10	6 42	6 35	7 45
6 15	7 28	9 40	10 37
7 00	8 08	11 15 ‖	12 51
9 25	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 20	11 45	12 53
4 15	5 28	5 00	6 26
6 30	6 60	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs To Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton st.

THE NEW TRANSFERS

Are a great thing to encourage walking. Walk into our store and buy a pound of our high grade Tea at 60c., and we will transfer to you a $1.00 Easel for the asking. DICKSON BROS., 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

First class job printing done at this office.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone, 656-3.

We only ask you to look at our ladies' watches, not to buy. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Cold? Well, buy your coal of Rourke & Sullivan. It will keep your house comfortable. 223 Central street, 934 Gorham street.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Pease's orchestra at 201 Middlesex street, room 6. Order book at Lawler's book store, corner of John and Merrimack street.

Don't fail to read Cook, Taylor & Co.'s ad. in this paper. The $1.00 and $1.25 wrappers which they sell at 51c, can't afford to pass it.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

Y M C I BAZAAR

CLOSED SUCCESSFULLY SATURDAY NIGHT—$4000 EXPECTED.

The Y.M.C.I. bazaar closed Saturday night with a larger attendance than on any previous evening of the week. The sale of admission tickets was very large. Many of the articles on the tables were disposed of, but as the list of awards is not yet complete, it has not been made public.

The entertainment for the evening consisted of dancing under the direction of T. F. Quinn. The bazaar was a grand success and the young men expect to clear $4000 as a result of their efforts and the generous assistance of their friends.

JUNIOR FORESTERS

A COURT ORGANIZED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

A preliminary meeting to organize a junior court of Foresters was held yesterday in Foresters' hall. Twenty young men were present and received instruction from Messrs. Charles H. McCullough, Charles Connors, and John A. Andrews.

The initiation fee will be $1 and the nominal fee of 25 cents per month will be charged for dues. There will be a sick benefit of $2.50 per week for the first 13 weeks and $1.25 for the second 13 weeks.

No name has been selected yet for the proposed new court, but it is understood that the charter members at the meeting next Sunday afternoon will be asked to adopt the name of "Laurence J. Smith court, Junior Foresters of America."

It is also understood that Thomas Smith, only son of the late ex-supreme chief ranger, will be chosen chief ranger of the court. He is 14 years old. E. F. Slattery and J. J. Gallagher will help at the meeting next Sunday afternoon. Bay State hall will probably be engaged.

EVERYBODY PLEASED.

The Merchants' Coupon company redeemed one hundred thousand coupons last week and one hundred homes have a beautiful addition by some useful article which was obtained free of cost. One hundred and fifty merchants give merchants' coupons and if you trade with the retailers that have signs displayed "Merchants' Coupons Given Here," you can obtain beautiful presents free of cost. Call at 8 Merrimack street and see the articles given away with merchants' coupons. Collect Merchants' Coupons.

AWARDS MADE.

There was a large attendance at the close of the joint fair of Lowell lodge of Odd Fellows and Evening Star Rebekah lodge in Odd Felow's temple Saturady night. Prizes were awarded as follows: Easy chair, Richard Gumb; $51.10. Couch, Mrs. Viola Fifield; $20.40. Dinner Set, William A. Garland; $56.65. Sofa Pillow, Ella Tuttle; No. 95. Barrel of peanuts, Asa B. Hillard; pipe, Charles H. Clough; pair of blankets, George F. Offut, who guessed the nearest (356) to the number of seeds in the pumpkin, the right number being 360.

AYER'S
THE PILL THAT WILL
PILLS
CURE
HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
CONSTIPATION

COMMUNICATION

Editor of The Sun:

Dear Sir—I would like to say a few words in your valuable paper in regard to the street railway transfers. First they are a nuisance of the worst type and the street railway will be losers by them in the end. My family and I took a car on Lakeview avenue just below Bridge street and we got transfers for Lawrence street where we were going to our home and got into the Lawrence street car. When we got to Central street the conductor took our transfers and told us we were in the wrong car. We had to get off and walk our way home up Lawrence street while the car went up Middlesex street. So you see the cars and transfers were not running right as is often the case. The street railway company must think this city is growing smaller instead of larger and that all they need to do is to take their patrons a couple of blocks and then put them off and pocket their nickels. It is a most obliging company, I guess—Nit.

—Subscriber.

The new highway from North Billerica to Lowell is advanced to a little way south of the South Lowell settlement. If ever decent connections are made with the Lowell end this will make the preferable route to Billerica, without the hills or the car tracks of the Gorham street route.

The suit of the First Trinitarian church to get possession of the First Congregational meeting house, is, it is understood, only prefatory to a bill in equity to be brought to place the First Trinitarians in possession of the property. Their ground is that they are the legal successors of the First Congregation Church, to which, as they claim, the property was given, and for which the society of that name has held it as trustee.

WORKINGMEN AND MECHANICS, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

For sale, cheap, on easy terms, located on D street, near the Shaw Stocking company, on high and dry land, with good sewerage, convenient to schools, churches, and two lines of street cars, piped for gas and water; five cottage houses and one two-tenement house. These houses have all modern improvements and are suitably arranged for families. Part of these houses have just been completed and the rest will be finished, ready for occupancy in a very short time.

Terms liberal. A small amount down and the balance can be paid in monthly instalments.

Anyone desiring to go through these houses and inquire terms and prices, call on J. W. Dennett, the owner, at 661 Middlesex street.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

NEW GOODS!
LATEST NOVELTIES FOR THE FALL SEASON.
Your inspection cordially invited.
Louis Alexander,
Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York Importer and Tailor.
NO. 65 CENTRAL STREET. LOWELL.

FAIRY SOAP
PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.
The Soap of the Century
Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

THE GIGANTIC STAMPEDE BY THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

A revelation in the Dry Goods business. Selling Merchandise in season at prices lower than goods can be made for.

TODAY A DRESS GOODS BOOMERANG.

19c and 25c Sicillians, Plain and Brocade for 10c a yard.

40 inch Jacquard Novelties and Silk and Wool Fancies for 19c.

50c and 75c Novelties, Gilbert and other popular makes, for 29c.

Jamestown and Foreign Novelties, sold everywhere for 75c, now 39c.

A Stupendous Offering of Dress Goods at 49c, including all the new Tebelines, Plaids, Tweeds, etc., etc.; 500 pieces in all; none worth less than 75c, and many worth $1,00 and over.

All Wool Storm Serges, blacks and blues, sponged and shrunk, 29c a yard.

All Wool India Twills, blacks and blues, 50-inch wide, 47c, worth 87 1-2c.

All Wool Henriettas, 46-inch, black and colors, 59c, worth 87 1-2c.

All Wool Henriettas, 44-inch, black, only 46c, worth 75c.

All Wool Creponne, 44-inch, black, only 49c, worth 75c.

$2.25 Black Silk and Wool Creponnes (one week only), $1.39. These good cost (today), $1.50 a yard.

$1.00 Priestley's Black Goods, Wool Figures, for 59c.

40c Silk Bar Black Dress Goods, for 25c.

$1.00 and $1 25 Silk and Wool Plaids (largest line this side of Boston), 69c.

75c and 87 1-2c Silk and Wool Plaids, for 49c a yard.

50c Novelty Silks, for 29c a yard.

25c China Silks, 12 1-2c a yard.

$1.00 Novelty Silks, 69c.

$1.00 Silk Velvets, all colors, 49c.

$1.25 Silk Velvets, all colors, 79c.

$2.95 Black Satin Duchess, for 96c a yard.

27-inch Black China Silks, 75c and $1.00, for 49c.

All our $1.00 Glace Taffeta Silks, now 69c a yard.

Yard wide Lining Silks, 39c a yard.

Roman Stripe Brocade Velvets, 69c a yard.

Plaid Velvets, 79c a yard.

Special. 40-inch Black figured Lizard Suitings, worth 50c a yard, for 36c a yard.

And SKIRT MADE FREE if you want it.

"Down with high prices." WE CAN DO IT. The Annihilation still on in the Basement Department. Saturday's Phenomenal Figures will be eclipsed today. It's a Boomerag

AT THE BUSY STORE,
THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

MERCHANTS' COUPONS! HURRAH!!

The people hurrah for Merchants' Coupons because with three hundred Merchants' Coupons they can obtain a beautiful premium.

The merchants hurrah, for the increase in their trade enables them to sell closer than ever and give Merchants' Coupons to their patrons.

The Merchants' Coupon Co. hurrah, because they have just received a carload of new premiums, which they will give for Merchants' Coupons.

Trade Where You See the Signs:
"MERCHANTS' COUPONS GIVEN HERE."

WHY THEY BUY IT
PEOPLE BUY THE SUN BECAUSE IT IS LIVELY, NEWSY, AND TRUTHFUL. IT OUTSELLS ALL RIVALS AND IS LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE LOWELL SUN

WEDDING GOWN
THE LATEST FROM PARIS. SISTER OF CARLYLE IN CANADA. NUN DESCENDANT OF MARTHA WASHINGTON FULLY DESCRIBED IN TOMORROW'S SUN.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1897. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SECOND EDITION

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The weather indications for the ensuing twenty-four hours are as follows: Tuesday. Warmer, with south to southwest winds.

Almanac, Monday, Nov. 15.
Sun rises—6:36; sets, 4:22.
High water—2:50 a. m.; 3:02 p. m.
Moon rises—9:32 p. m.

REGISTRATION MONDAY FROM 1 TO 3, AND 7 TO 9 P. M.

FUNERALS.

CURRY—The funeral services of Mrs. Catherine Curry took place Saturday afternoon at her home, 174 High street, after which there were services in the Immaculate Conception church. Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., officiated. The bearers were Thomas Quinn, William Roark, George Bushby, Thomas Roach. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

McLAUGHLIN—The funeral of Mary McLaughlin, took place at the home of her mother, 443 Broadway yesterday afternoon. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery and Rev. Fr. Ducey conducted the services at the grave. The bearers were John Morris, Michael Delehanty, Thomas McGrail, Patrick Hughes, Patrick Doyle and Patrick McCarthy. The floral tributes included a mammoth pillow from the husband, marked "Wife"; standing cross, Margaret McDermott; spray of pinks, Margaret McLaughlin.

MORAN—The funeral of the late Mary E. Moran took place from her late home, 43 Crosby street, at 3 p. m. yesterday afternoon and was largely attended by numerous friends and relatives. Among the out-of-town relatives were Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Schindler of North Easton, and Mr. and Mrs. John White of South Boston. There was a beautiful display of floral tributes which were as follows: Mammoth basket of tea roses, tuberoses, and white dove, Miss Sarah Sheehan, godmother of the deceased; spray of 21 chrysanthemums, Miss Maggie Crowley; mammoth basket of white chrysanthemums, Mr. Thomas Keegan; spray of 21 tea roses, Mr. Hugh Leonard; spray of 21 chrysanthemums, the Misses Maggie and Jennie Daly; mammoth pillow, inscribed "Mary" from Mr. Patrick F. Quinn; spray of 21 white chrysanthemums, Mr. Patrick Keegan and family; spray of 21 white chrysanthemums, Miss Lilla Hyde and Miss Katie Shannahan.

McGIRR—The funeral of Edward McGirr took place this forenoon from St. Peter's church and was largely attended. Requiem mass was sung by Rev. Fr. McKenna, who also officiated at the grave. The bearers were Edward Lewis, Patrick Sullivan, Michael Splane, Patrick Morris, John Quinn, and James Jameson.

SEIZED BOTTLES OF WHISKEY.

At 7.30 o'clock yesterday morning liquor inspectors Donaldson and Goodwin paid a visit to Michael B. Welch of 251 Fayette street and came away with five bottles of whiskey. The inspectors have been watching the place for some time.

REGISTRATION MONDAY FROM 1 TO 3, AND 7 TO 9 P. M.

Is Your Blood Tainted

Disease and Danger Threaten When the Blood is Impure

The Only Safety is in Eradicating All Scrofulous Taints at Once—Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures All Eruptions.

Scrofula, in one form or another, taints the blood of almost everyone. Thousands inherit the dreadful tendency; others acquire it in childhood or later years and millions find themselves the victims of boils, sores, pimples, swollen neck, or some more hidden and insidious form of the disease. The only safety is in purifying the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla does this promptly and thoroughly, accomplishing wonderful and permanent cures, even after other medicines have failed. Don't allow scrofula taints to develop in your system. At the first symptom of impure blood take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street. Telephone.

FOR SALE—A YOUNG BROWN HORSE, weight 800; good traveller, will sell cheap, as I have no further use for him. Inquire of John Wayne, Chelmsford Centre. P. O. Box 221.

$7 TO $15

GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.
GEORGE A. GARDNER,
20 Prescott Street.

ROCKING CHAIRS
A white enameled Child's Rocker given away with one pound of our 90c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Tel. 89-3.

MAUD GONNE'S ADDRESS

At Huntington Hall Last Evening---the Crowd Overwhelming.

MISS MAUD GONNE, the Irish Joan of Arc.

The Hall Was Not Half Large Enough—Her Address Full of Vigor and Patriotism—Mr. Egan an Ex-Political Prisoner Imprisoned With Thomas Callan Also Spoke—Mayor Courtney Presided.

"The stranger shall hear thy lament on his plains;
The sigh of thy harp shall be heard o'er the deep,
'Till thy masters themselves, as they rivet thy chains,
Shall pause at the song of their captive and weep."

The truth of the concluding lines of Moore's beautiful apology to his beloved motherland, although it has not been fully realized, even after nearly a century of suffering, is slowly but surely becoming apparent to the world and the complete realization of the sweet prophecy is longingly hoped for by al true Irishmen, with the dawn of the new century.

The stranger has indeed heard Erin's lament on his plains. Many times has it been told, but never has Erin had a fairer, truer, or more devoted champion in these later days than she who last night stirred the hearts of thousands, Miss Maud Gonne, so well named the Irish Joan of Arc.

Imbued with the truest kind of patriotism, that which emanates from the heart and is made stronger rather than crushed by adversity, Miss Gonne is fighting Ireland's cause most nobly and the impression she makes wherever she goes insures some, if not all, of the grand results which she strives for so zealously.

Her reputation having preceded her, it was expected by the gentlemen who invited Miss Gonne to Lowell that the attendance would fill the house, but it is doubtful if even the most sanguine estimated within the thousand mark the number of Lowell's people who went to Huntington hall to hear this fair champion of a noble cause.

Never in the history of the hall has such an immense crowd sought admission to it. The doors were opened at about 6 o'clock and before 6.30 the spacious hall was comfortably filled. At 7 o'clock the hall, floor and gallery, was packed and half an hour later, the aisles, corridors, rear of the stage, and the stairways were packed, it being next to impossible to move about, while hundreds were turned away disappointed.

When at 8 o'clock the speakers and reception committee marched to the stage they reached their destination with the greatest difficulty. In fact, the hall was overcrowded, and had the aisles been kept clear, the fair speaker would have been relieved of much fatigue, as she was forced to exert herself unreasonably to make herself heard above the din.

The audience was a remarkable one in character and size, for it composed all nationalities and creeds, and all stations in life. Irish Catholics, Irish Protestants, Irish-Americans, native Americans and French-Americans, all sat side by side and heard with a similarity of feeling the tale of Erin's wrongs, so pathetically related by Miss Gonne and all expressed their sympathy in loud and liberal applause.

The decorations on this occasion were simple. The speaker's desk was covered with an Irish flag, while on either side of the stage were the em-

(Continued on Page 8.)

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

J. R. SOVEREIGN

Will Run for President in 1900.

HAS RESIGNED FROM KNIGHTS OF LABOR

In Order to Push His Candidacy.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 15.—The Courier-Journal this morning says "The secret is out. J. R. Sovereign, the retiring grand master workman of the Knights of Labor resigned his position in order that he might push his candidacy for President of the United States in 1900. The making of him a 'fieldworker' is the first step of the General Assembly of the Knights of Labor to launch his boom."

KILLED BY AN ELECTRIC.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 15.—John Case was instantly killed by an electric car this morning. He stepped from one car in front of another.

SOCIETY IS TIRED.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Nov. 15.—There were very few people present at the opening of the National Horse show of America in Madison Square Garden this morning. It is conceded on all sides that this is the crucial year of the show, as society has tired of the entertainment provided by the exhibition.

INSANE MAN

CAUSES EXCITEMENT IN ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

Lynn, Nov. 15.—An insane man was the cause of great excitement in St. Mary's church at the close of 9.30 mass yesterday morning.

He grabbed the chalice lately used in the service of the mass and for an instant held it over his head. Then he hurled it to the floor and next caught hold of the book used at the services which he threw to the floor within the sanctuary rail.

He had, when captured, a large picture of a saint, and desired, he said, to place it on the steeple of the church and that it could remain there until the judgment day.

The man is John King, aged 23, who lived with his widowed mother at 116 Blossom street.

Since his incarceration King has constantly spoken the name of a young woman, who, it is said, is a resident of Laconia, N. H., and his friends say that without doubt his present condition is due to disappointment in love.

"LITTLE TRILBY" ENTERTAINS

A delightful musicale was held at the residence of Mrs. Harriman of 627 Chelmsford street, Saturday evening. The entertainment was in honor of her little niece, Grace Carll, popularly called "Little Trilby." A number of her young friends were present and during the evening Little Trilby entertained them with her singing, recitations and dancing. Refreshments were served and at a seasonable hour her little friends departed with best wishes for their young hostess.

Fashion Corner

For Mamma's Boy

You'll find in our Children's Department a wealth of novelties, designed to please the most critical mamma or papa. Our stock of Reefers is very large and select. All the nobby and sensible styles are here. The cloths are Kersey, Chinchilla, Frieze, Astrachan and Boucle. The colors Black, Brown, Green, Blue, Red, Oxford and light covert shades trimmed most artistically.

We mention specially a line of Astrachan Reefers in ages 3 to 8 years, trimmed with several rows of braid back and front, with very deep sailor collar in several colors,

$3.00

Others $1.65 to $7.00, made with sailor collar in small ages and velvet or storm collar for the larger boys.

N. B. Our Children's Department is the lightest in the city.

Opp. City Hall. Merrimack Clothing Company.

A WIFE'S PLIGHT

Margaret McLaughlin Shot Her Husband and Herself.

THE FAMILY IN THE DEPTHS OF POVERTY.

She Was Driven to Desperation.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Nov. 15.—Frank McLaughlin and his wife Margaret were found in an unconscious condition at their home this morning, both having been shot, and both will die. McLaughlin is in the advanced stages of consumption. He revived enough to say that his wife shot him and tried to kill herself. The family was in the depths of poverty, and there was only one crust of bread in the house. It is believed that the wife, driven to desperation and sorrowing over the death of their baby two weeks ago, decided to end their lives.

HUSBAND DID SHOOTING.

Later it was found that the woman had a bullet hole in the back of her neck, where she could not possibly have made it. Later evidence establishes the theory that McLaughlin did the shooting because he was going to the hospital today, probably never to return, and he did not wish his young wife to be left alone.

SPANISH SPIES

ARE REPORTED TO BE IN THIS COUNTRY INSPECTING FORTS.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 15.—A young Spaniard well known here is responsible for the statement that two Spanish spies are in the United States inspecting forts and gathering statistics of value to their government.

MURDER AVENGED

GERMAN WAR SHIP WIPES OUT A VILLAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 15.—The German war ship Falka which was dispatched from Australia to Germania, New Guinea, to avenge the murder there of Trader Von Hagen, has returned, having grimly avenged the savagery of the natives. She steamed directly into the village where the murderers were secreted and opened fire with the artillery. She continued shelling until no building was left standing in the entire village.

INDEPENDENCE HALL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Penn., Nov. 15.—At 7 o'clock this morning workmen began tearing down the many additions to Independence Hall preparatory to its being rebuilt as near as possible to the original design.

PUGILIST'S WIFE SUICIDES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 15—The wife of Ed Smith, the pugilist, committed suicide last night at Brazil, Ind., by taking strychine. No cause is assigned.

DEMOCRATS

CUT THIS NOTE OUT AND KEEP IT TILL AFTER ELECTION.

Take notice that tonight the sessions of the registrars open. The dates and the hours of the sessions are:

Monday, Nov. 15, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Friday, Nov. 19, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Saturday, Nov. 20, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Monday, Nov. 22, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Tuesday, Nov. 23, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

The last day of registration will be on Wednesday, November 24, and the session will last from 12 o'clock, noon, until 10 o'clock at night.

DEATHS.

CALLAGHAN—John Callaghan aged 73 years died this morning at 42 Wilson street North Billerica. He leaves a son Thomas J. Callaghan of North Billerica and one brother.

JOYCE—Annie T. Joyce aged 19 years daughter of John and Anne Joyce died yesterday at their home 57 Stanley street.

SAWYER—Frank Sawyer, aged one year, child of John F. and Della Sawyer, died this morning at their home 112 Chapel street. The funeral took place this afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

BLACK—Patrick Black died at his home, 156 Chapel street this morning at a ripe old age. He was for the past 50 years a resident of Lowell. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. John Green of Lynn and William Black, the janitor. The other son resides in Worcester. The funeral will take place Wednesday morning.

First class printing done at this office.

LATEST

DURRANT'S EXECUTION.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 15.—The Supreme court today decided to issue immediately its mandate in the Durrant case. This will hasten Durrant's execution.

WANTED IN HAVERHILL.

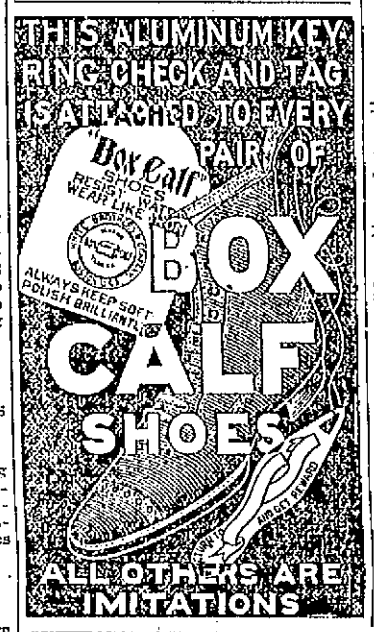
Dennis Rock was arrested this morning by Inspectors Allen and Laflamme Rock is wanted in Haverhill on a charge of larceny and will be taken to that city. He is also wanted for overdriving a horse from Undertaker Albert. Rock is an old offender and has served two terms in the reformatory one of them being ten months for stealing a watch.

MISS GONNE STILL HERE.

Miss Maud Gonne is staying at Daniel J. Murphy's residence and will receive friends this evening.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.



THE WINTER TINGE

Of Saturday's weather added fresh impetus to our already large overcoat business.

Prices and style must be right, for every man who came in to look, stayed to buy.

The man who can't find an Overcoat here to his liking must indeed be hard to please.

Prices—$5.00 to $30.00.

Styles—Everything that's correct.

If alterations are needed, we make them, just as a tailor does.

PUTNAM & SON,
No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

IS YOUR NAME ON THE CHECK LIST? IF NOT, GO TO THE REGISTRARS' OFFICE, CITY HALL, MONDAY, AND HAVE IT PUT ON.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday December 3rd, in the Savings Department of the

Traders' National Bank

Will draw interest from December 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compound, semi-annually.

HOURS { Daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

110 Middlesex street, 11 Post Office Avenue.
Chas. J. Glidden, President.
William F. Hills, Cashier.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE.

129 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00. Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket. 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 129 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET,

Will Sell at "Special Sale" Price

ON

Tuesday, Nov. 16

39 Dozen Ladies' Perfect Fitting Well Made

WRAPPERS

Which are very slightly imperfect, but in many cases could not be detected if not informed of the imperfections by honest dealers. The regular price is $1 each. The special price of this lot "as are" is 51c. each. The sizes are from 32 to 46 bust measure, skirts cut full 3 yards at bottom, waists are lined and sleeves fashionable. Colors silver grey, standard 64x64 prints, with small and medium figures of beautiful designs. The cloth in each of these Wrappers cost 65c. and no dressmaker would charge less than $1.25 for making and lining, so for 51c. you get a Wrapper which, if made to order, would cost complete $1.87. Remember this is at the place of rare bargains which didn't "bust up."

Sale Tuesday, Nov. 16, which is to-morrow.

Infants' and little Children's Cloaks, Bonnets, etc. We make special prices on from now until Thanksgiving.

We carry the most complete stock of Knit Fascinators, Hoods, Leggings, Mittens, Jackets, Capes, Shawls, etc. shown in Lowell.

FRANK E. STOWELL, candidate for Purchasing Agent.

TEMPERANCE DISCOURSE

BY REV. MR. BARTLETT OF KIRK STREET CHURCH.

The Good Templars of this city and Chelmsford attended service at the Kirk street church last night and listened to a temperance address by Rev. W. A. Bartlett. Among other things he said:

"I do not speak to you tonight as Protestants, but as Christian citizens. I take it for granted that Catholics and Protestants are alike interested in this holy war. I have had my hand clasped since my sermon on the Mountain Rock scandal just as warmly by Catholics as Protestants, and I know of no grander advocate of temperance in this country than Bishop Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul. I wish I could put into the hand of every citizen of Lowell the magnificent plea which he lately made in Cleveland which is well named "Conscience—the Sure Foundation of Good Citizenship." Among other things he says: 'Civil society needs Titanic strength. The passions of men rise up in fierce war against society. Passions recognize no rights and suffer no control. Passions in their greed are mighty. Pride, envy lust, greed, if unrestrained, will break down alike walls and reduce to chaotic ruins all citadels. Passions are always where men are; the menace of disorder and anarchy are never absent from human society.' He truly says that we cannot rely on physical force or on law unless men will do righteously because it is right. He says again: 'Every citizen is a teacher of morals by his silent example. The higher the citizen by office, wealth, or social position the greater his responsibility to fellow men and to country. Notice this: "One glaring deed of profligacy or dishonesty in high place weakens the morals of tens of thousands. The tens of thousands are preserved from evil by a sound public opinion, when, with a depraved public opinion, they would rush wildly into sin. Let us work faithfully to form and maintain a high, moral, public conscience."'

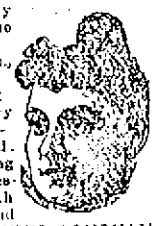
REV. DR. COURT'S SUCCESSOR.

Until January 1, the Boston presbytery will supply preachers for the Presbyterian church on Appleton street. Then members of the church will act upon a successor to the late Rev. Dr. Court.

FAT A BURDEN.

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt Will Take It Off—Some Reduced a Pound a Day.

Mrs. James B. (Fanny) Donovan, of the Donovons' Irish Sketch Artists, took Dr. Edison's Obesity treatment with the best results:



Messrs. Loring & Co., New York City:

Gentlemen:—About the first of January my stoutness had become burdensome and ungainly and my being in the theatrical profession it interfered with my acting, singing and dancing. I had tried everything to reduce me but could get no relief. I began to use Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt, and at once commenced to reduce, until now I am down to my normal weight. That distressed, heavy and languid feeling is entirely gone, and I feel like a new woman. Shortness of breath, with which I was greatly troubled, has been completely cured. I can safely recommend the Pills and Salt as the only true and effective flesh reducers in the world. Yours truly,

FANNY DONOVAN

MRS. JAMES B. DONOVAN.

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used. Our goods are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE HENRY MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 42 W. 22d Street, New York city, (Medical Department of Loring & Co.) is the largest and best appointed in the world. Its physicians are the most skilful and its appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases are the most complete and embrace every recent worthy invention for the benefit of suffering mankind. Electrical Sanitarium—Powerful and elaborate electrical apparatus for the reduction of obesity and the cure of nervous exhaustion and all chronic diseases of men and women. Dermatological department—Superfluous hair and facial blemishes removed. Special surgery. Free advice about any disease. Rupture cured.

One bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills costs only $1.50; one bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Salt costs only $1. Send mail orders to Loring & Co., general agents for the United States.

We send free "How To Cure Obesity."

LORING & CO., DEPT. 110.

No. 42 W. 22nd St., New York City.
No. 3 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.
Nos. 56-62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

REV. MR. MERRIAM

RESIGNS FROM PASTORATE OF HIGHLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. Charles L. Merriam, pastor of the Highland Congregational church, has resigned from the pastorate of that church, his letter being read by Rev. J. W. Hayley at the morning's service yesterday. The letter stated in substance that the pastor felt unable to bear the burden longer and that he felt that his resignation might result in a financial benefit to the church.

AMBULANCE CALLS

THREE CALLS SINCE SATURDAY NIGHT.

John L. Greenwood, aged 40 years, was removed from his room in Daly's block on Gorham street to St. John's hospital. He suffered a stroke of paralysis last Thursday and ever since then has had nothing to eat, nor had he seen anyone. Yesterday some friends called and discovered his condition.

The ambulance was called to a corporation boarding house in Suffolk street at 6 o'clock last night to take care of a man named Joseph Bolan, who was suffering from delirium tremens. He was removed to the city farm.

Michael Maguire was thrown from a wagon Saturday night, receiving a bad scalp wound. He was taken to St. John's hospital, and last night was reported as resting comfortably.

WHERE IS MARTIN RILEY?

HIS YOUNG SON JAMES SEEKS HIM IN LOWELL.

Where is Martin Riley, formerly of 63 Lakeview avenue?

His young son, James, is in town in search of him.

Young Riley lived here with his father at the above address, the father being in the employ of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company. About a year ago the boy went to Buffalo, N. Y., where he worked until recently. Getting out of work he was sent on here by the overseers of the poor, arriving in this city last night.

This morning he learned that his father is no longer in the employ of the insurance company and that he has not lived in Lakeview avenue for three months.

As the boy is without money or friends he is much worried over the absence of his father.

LE CERCLE GARIN.

A meeting of Le Cercle Garin was held yesterday afternoon in their hall, and Mr. T. J. Goyette was the presiding officer. Mr. Arthur Beaucage was elected secretary in place of Mr. Chas. Bonir, resigned. A debate on the question: Resolved, "That war is disastrous to a country" was held and was decided in the negative. Mr. J. L. Lamoureux was elected chairman during the debate. The debate was a general one and was open to all.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

The alarm from box 56, shortly after three o'clock this morning was occasioned by a fire in the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen on the third floor of the Irving building on Middle street. The damage to the apartments was slight, but the water went through into store rooms occupied by A. G. Pollard & Co., and, it is said, slightly injured some dry goods.

The committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the street railway companies and municipalities and to report to the next legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, at 10.30 a. m., at the state house in Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

LAWYER THOMAS RILEY, the silver democratic candidate for Mayor of Boston.

POLICE COURT.

This was the slowest Monday that the court has seen in many months.

James Lahey got four months in the workhouse.

James Fitzgerald also received five months, while William Moran got four.

Napoleon Germaine was held in $200 for trial November 19.

COURT COLUMBUS.

At the last regular meeting of Court Columbus, No. 80, Foresters of America, held Friday evening, the following resolutions were adopted on the death of the Past Supreme Chief Ranger Laurence J. Smith:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call to an eternal rest our highly esteemed brother, L. J. Smith.

Whereas, By this unexpected death, the Order has sustained an irreparable loss in having removed from our midst his noblest son;

Resolved, That we tender to his wife and children our most heartfelt sympathy;

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the records of this Court, and copies of the same forwarded to the bereaved family of the deceased brother, and to each of the following newspapers, for publication: The Sun, Citizen, Daily News and L'Etoile.

—A Bourbonniere,
Wm. J. Goldrick
James Madden,
Committee.

A WORD TO COMMERICAL TRAVELERS.

And others who travel, being subject to our changeable climate. Prepare yourselves before going on your journey with a bottle of Cleveland's Lung Healer. It will cure you of all Throat and Lung troubles, a sure remedy for acute and chronic coughs. F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 301 Middlesex street, have the sole agency for Lowell. Call on them and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

WATER MAIN BREAKS.

The 2 1-2 inch water main supply pipe in the basement of the Old Lowell bank burst this forenoon and flooded the cellar. The fire department was called to stop the water and empty the cellar.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED),

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels, and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM QUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED.)

FOR THANKSGIVING

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Cream Pitchers, Butter Dishes, and everything the eye can feast upon or the heart, which is at present in our stock of Silver Ware.

We keep the finest line of Souvenir Spoons.

LEGAULT & CO.,

Jewellers and Opticians.

70 Central, cor. Prescott Sts.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO., Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

3 Days More of Our Startling Reduction Sale 3

Three days more in which the people of Lowell can buy Winter Dry Goods at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices, as a result of our purchases from the wholesale stock of Bradford, Thomas & Co. of Boston, who are going out of business. Three days more in which you can buy large size Comforters at 29c. each. Large size heavy Blankets at $1.00 a pair. Staple Check Ginghams at 3c. per yard. Flannel Delaine, regular 12 1-2c. grade, at 5c. per yard. A. C. A. Ticking at 10c. per yard. Brown and Bleached Cotton, 3 1-2c., 5c. and 6 1-4c. per yard. We always give a greater equivalent for your money than others. We always make it profitable for you to trade here. We always pay you big interest on your money. This store is a great savings bank for its customers. Phenomenal low pricing for this week's trading.

EMPRESS TEAS and COFFEES

This department continues to do a growing business and once you try the Empress Teas or Coffees you will have no other. We will continue our special offering for this week as follows:

1 lb. of 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee for 24c., or 5 lbs. for $1
1 pound of 38c. Coffee and 1-2 pound of 65c. Tea for 50c

We will also give a special discount of 5 per cent. per pound on all our 50c., 60c. and 70c. Tea during this sale.

Toilet Dept.

Startling reduction in popular brands.

Glycerine and Rose Water, regular price, 15c. Down to 9c.

1000 bottles of Vaseline. At 4c. per bottle.

Madame Campbell's Face Powder in pink.

Red Seal Toilet Waters, 4 oz. bottle, 15c. 8 oz. bottle, 25c.

Bay Rum, usually sold for 39c. Down to 19c. a bottle.

White Clover Cream, usual price, 35c. Down to 19c. a bottle.

Triple Extract, all odors, usual price 35c. Down to 19c. a bottle.

Triple Extract in small size, usual price, 15c. Down to 9c.

Hat Brushes, usually sold for 15c. Down to 5c. each.

Tooth Brushes, usually sold at 19c. Down to 7c. each.

Parker's Cold Cream, Down to 9c. a bottle.

1000 cakes of Toilet Soap, 15c. quality. Down to 5c. a cake.

1000 cakes of Pure Castile Soap. 3 cakes for 5c.

Ladies' Dressing Combs, 7c. each.

Napier Witch Hazel, usual price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.

Napier Borax, usual price, 19c. Down to 10c. a bottle.

Napier Almond Meal, for the complexion, usual price, 39c. Down to 19c.

Napier Court Plaster, 2½c. per package.

Colgate's Sachet Powders in all odors, regular price, 39c. Down to 15c.

Toilet Dept.—(Continued.)

Parker's Tooth Powder, 25c. quality. Down to 18c.

Martin's Tooth Powder, regular price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.

Basement Bargains

Greater than ever.

Pressed Tumblers, fine polish, 2c. each.

Wooden Handled Bread Knives 5c. each.

Blue Edge Pie Plates, any size, 5c. each.

White Plates, semi-granite, any size, 5c. each.

Perfection Pie Plates, lift-out bottom, 7c. each.

Victoria Flour Scives, 7c. each.

10-inch Nappies, 9c. each.

11x15 Sheet Iron Drip Pans, 13c. each

10-inch Decorated Dishes, 13c. each.

Double Turkey Roasters, 19c. a pair.

10-quart Bread Raisers, 19c. each.

Bone Handled Butcher Knives, 19c. each.

10-inch Yellow Lipped Bowls, 17c. each.

12-inch Dishes, round or square, 39c. each.

Fine Blown Tumblers, 39c. per doz.

Bone Handled Knives and Forks, 39c. per doz.

56-piece Tea Sets of English Stone China, $2.89 per set.

112-piece Dinner Sets English Stone China, $6.89 per set.

Dress Makers' Findings

Laces, Braids, Fur Edgings, Buttons, etc., at prices lower than you'll ever find them again.

Silk Laces, 2, 3, and 4 inches wide. At 12½c., 15c., and 19c. per yard.

Black Chantilly Laces, 25c. to 60c. goods. Down to 10c., 12½c., 15c., 17c., and 19c. per yard.

Black Coney Fur Edge, 50c. goods. Down to 29c. per yard.

Black and Brown Marten Fur Tails, 22c. to 39c. per yard.

Fancy Tinsel Gauze, 45 inches wide, for evening, in black, cardinal, green, and maize. At 49c. per yard.

Mohair Braids and Gimps, black and colored, regular price, 25c. to 50c. Down to 12½c. per yard.

Colored Mohair Tubular Braids, Down to 3c.

Fancy Mohair Braids. Down to 15c. per yard.

Iridiscent Bead Headings. Down to 10c. per yard.

Boston Dress Stays. Down to 7c.

Ivory Top Dress Stays, covered. Down to 8c.

Stockinet Dress Shields. Down to 7c.

John English Needlebook. Complete assortment of needles. 5c.

Skirt Hooks and Eyes. Down to 2c. a box.

The popular Spring Hooks and Eye, Down to 3c.

Bone Hat Pins, regular 25c. goods. Down to 10c.

We Give Away Free This Week

A 25c. Waist Pattern to every purchaser of a set of Favorite Dress Stays.

Ladies' and Children's Winter Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Jersey Vests or Pants, white or Egyptian. At 25c. each.

Ladies' All Wool Jersey Underwear, in medium sizes, white or grey. At 25c. each.

Ladies' Wool Pants, scarlet, grey or white, regular $1.25 goods. Down to 50c. per pair.

Ladies' All Wool Combination Suits, regular $2.00 goods. At $1.00 per suit.

Ladies' Harvard Mill Combination Suits, in white or Egyptian. Down to 89c. each.

Infants' Fleeced Lined Vests, sizes 1 to 6. Down to 12½c. each.

Misses' Fleeced Combination Suits in white or Egyptian. Down to 45c.

Children's Extra Heavy Merino Vests and Pants. At 15c. each.

Small Ware Dept.

Money savers.

Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, 5c. each and per pair.

1000 pieces of Ruching. At 5c. per yard.

5 gross of Ladies' Tan Belts, 25c. quality. At 10c. each.

Boys' Windsor Ties. At 5c. each.

100 pieces of Featherstitch Braid, 10c. quality. At 7c. each.

1000 packages of Envelopes, regular price, 12c. At 5c. per package.

Cabinet Hair Pins, 4c. per box.

Invincible Hair Pins, 2½c. per box.

Adelina Patti's Hair Pins, 3c. a box.

Princess Curling Irons, large size, regular price, 12c. Down to 7c.

500 Broom Brushes, 15c. quality, Down to 7c. each.

Kid Curlers, 4c. per dozen.

Fancy Silk Elastic Web, 39c. quality, down to 25c.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

Several new lots today.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with seamless foot and 2-thread heel and toe. Sale price, 8c per pair.

Ladies' Fast Black Fleeced Hose, seamless foot, 19c. grade. Down to 11c. per pair.

Ladies' All Wool Hose, seamless foot and fast black, 25c. quality. Down to 12½c. per pair.

One case of Ladies' Fast Black All Wool Hose, ribbed (seconds) 2-thread heel and toe, a great bargain. At 17c. per pair.

Boys' and Girls' School Hose, double knee, heel and toe. Sale price, 8c. per pair.

Children's Cashmere Hose, sizes 6 to 9½, double knee and toe, extra quality, 17c. per pair.

One Case of Boys' Extra Heavy All Wool Hose, a 39c. value. At 25c. per pair.

Ladies' Wool, Corduroy and Silk Waists.

Corduroy Waists, all colors, with laundered collar and Velveteen Waists in best quality, $5.00 value. At $3.89 each.

2 Lots of Plaid and Plain Colored Wool Waists, usually sold $1.50 to $2.00. At 98c. and $1.39 each.

1 Lot of Black Taffetta Silk Waists, with Blouse Plaited front, an excellent value. At $2.98 each.

Colored Dress Goods.

The most gigantic sacrifice ever made.

All Wool Serges and Flannel Suitings in all the new shades, 49c. goods, at 29c. per yard.

All Wool and Worsted Mohair Novelties, in all the up-to-date colorings, including pencil stripes and mixtures, Sale price, 29c. per yard.

All Wool Mohair and Wool heavy and smooth effects in a select line that cannot be duplicated. These goods are considered bargains at 75c. Sale price 49c. per yard.

47-inch Silk Finished Henrietta in all the new colorings. Also 44-inch Novelties in two-toned colorings. Also Pebble and Diagonal weaves regular $1.00 goods. At 59c. per yard.

54-inch Coverts, 46-inch Pebble weaves, 46-inch two-toned Diagonals, 46-inch Canvass Cloth, and 46-inch Chevrons, goods that have retailed readily at $1.25. Sale price, 75c. per yard.

All Wool and Silk and Wool Plaids in Poplins, Etamines, and Twills, suitable for waists and Misses' dresses. At 19c., 25c., 39c., 49c., 59c., and 75c. per yard.

54-inch Cloaking, sold at $2.50. Down to $1.50 per yard.

Drapery Dept.

Carpets and Floor Coverings, Window Shades and Lace, Portieres, Rugs, etc. at prices that will positively eclipse anything ever offered.

Japanese Beaded Portieres, $1.50 quality. At 98c.

All wool carpet remnants, 1½ yard long, at 25c. each.

Best Brussels remnants, 1½ yards long, at 75c. each.

Best Moquette remnants, 1½ yards long, at 85c. each.

Best quality Hassocks, newest shapes, usual prices, 75c. and 85c., sale prices, 39, 49, and 59c. each.

Sash rods, in white, oak, and cherry, 10c. goods, at 5c. each.

Extension rods, regular 10c. quality, down to 5c. each.

Best quality oil cloth, worth 50c. down to 35c. per yard.

Scotch Rugs, regular price, 60c., down to 39c. each.

Tapestry portieres, $2.25 quality, down to $1.49 each.

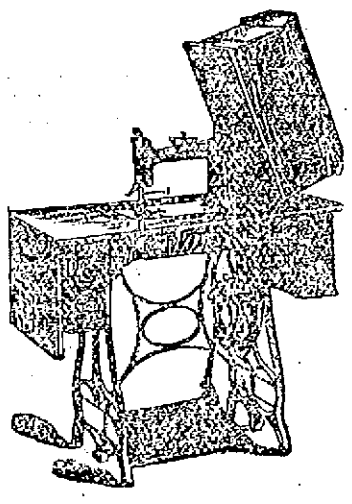
Rug Fringe, assorted colors, down to 7c. per yard.

China Matting, 15c. quality, down to 10c. per yard.

ANOTHER CHANCE TO BUY OUR

NEW LOWELL SEWING MACHINE

At About 1-3 Its Regular Value.



We will continue during this week to offer our New Lowell Sewing Machine, which we guarantee equal in every way to regular $50 machines sold by agents, with all attachments and warranted for five years, at

$17.50 EACH

Buy Your Thanksgiving Linens This Week.

Goods at Mere Fraction of Their Worth.

Table Linens worth 39 and 49c. at 25c. per yard.

Pillow Shams worth 39 and 49c. at 25c.

Tray Cloths worth 19c. at 10c. each.

Doylies worth 10c. and 12½c. At 5c. each.

100 doz. Towels worth 10c. at 4½c. each.

1000 rolls of Crash worth 5c. at 1½c. per yard.

20 different patterns in Linen Table Sets at $1.98 per set.

100 doz. Bureau Scarfs, worth 35c., at 19c. each.

100 doz. Commode Sets worth 20c. at 10c. each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

5 dozen Figured Black Mohair Skirts, made in the most up-to-date style, sold usually at $2.25, Down to $1.49 each.

5 dozen Serge, Mohair and Fancy woven Black Skirts, a regular $4.00 value. At $2.49 each.

3 dozen All Silk black brocade Skirts, excellently made, a regular $10 value, At $5.98 each.

Sheetings and Pillow Slips.

At the lowest prices ever quoted.

100 doz. Pillow Slips, 8c. quality, at 5c. each.

50 doz. ready-made Sheets, 49c. quality, at 39c. each.

3 bales of 40-inch Brown Cotton, 10c. quality, at 6½c. per yard.

500 White Spreads, slightly damaged, $1.00 quality, at 45c. each.

33 pieces of White Domet Flannel 8c. quality, at 4c. per yard.

40 pieces of Eiderdown, all colors, at 25c. per yard.

Corsets and Petticoats.

Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets, Black, White and Drab, 89c. per pair.

Prima Donna Corsets, regular price, $1.00. Down to 79c. per pair.

J. & C. Corsets, price for this week, 39c. per pair.

Black Sateen lined Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 98c. each.

Blue, Black and Grey Flannel Skirts, $1.25 quality. Down to 75c. each.

Quilted Sateen Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 88c. each.

German Silk Skirts, $4.00 quality. Down to $2.98 each.

THOMAS McGURN, a leading worker in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

BERNARD BURNS, a leader in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

WITH THE POLICE

Burglars Ransacked House on Broadway.

JUVENILE PIGEON THIEVES ARE BEING SOUGHT.

Doherty's Saloon Suffers Loss by Burglars.

The house of John J. McNabb was entered some time between 12 o'clock and 8 o'clock yesterday by means of a rear window. When Mr. McNabb returned last night he found the following articles were missing: Two silver tea pots, one silver butter dish, one silver cream pitcher, one silver sugar bowl, one silver spoon holder, one and a half dozen silver spoons, two silver knives and forks, one lady's open faced silver watch, one Knights of Pythias gold charm, two lady's gold rings, gold watch chain with pearl charm. Mr. McNabb places his loss at about $75.

THEY STOLE PIGEONS.

Napoleon Germaine, aged 16 years, was arrested by Inspectors Allen and Lallamme on Saturday morning on the charge of having stolen eight fancy doves from the coop of J. F. Maxwell of North Billerica Friday night. The birds, which are valued at $5, were recovered. Five of them had been sold for 65 cents. Germaine and another boy, it will be remembered, stole a pig from a Dracut farmer some time ago, for which they were placed on probation. Two other boys were in on the pigeon theft, it is said, but as yet they have not been apprehended.

A SALOON ENTERED.

Early Sunday morning, thieves entered the saloon of James F. Doherty, at the corner of Summer and South streets, and took $15, that had been framed as the first money put over the bar. Entrance was gained by cutting a window near the catch.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Wilson men had another meeting Saturday night. This time they got together in the Socialist headquarters in Runel's building. They talked over different matters and then got down to ward reports. They claimed everything but Ward Nine, where they confessed Lawton easily had the lead. They said Wilson would have an easy time in Wards One, Four, Five, Six and Eight.

Before the meeting adjourned, Mr. Wilson made a few remarks assuring his hearers that if nominated and elected, he would endeavor to give an honest and economical administration of the city's affairs.

Shortly before 10 o'clock, the meeting adjourned to boom again at the same place next Thursday night.

It is said that a few Ward Seven men who felt like saying a few things out loud have been squelched by Bennett's friends.

"Charlie" Varnum, Ex-Supt. of lands and buildings, is said to be following the Lawton banner, though he was originally classed as a Bennett man.

The republicans of the "triple alliance," friends of Wilson, Miller and Tryder, get out your boats and take a row up the Merrimack tonight, for there will be a Wilson meeting in the old Middlesex tavern at 8 o'clock.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

TABLE OF FIFTEEN WOODS.

Mr. Cleveland Gave His Venezuelan Present to Princeton University.

Mr. Cleveland has presented to Princeton university quite a remarkable piece of furniture, which is now on exhibition in Nassau hall. It is a beautiful table, presented to Mr. Cleveland by the governor of Zulia, a small Venezuelan state.

The table is circular and represents all the different woods of Venezuela. There are eight rings of wood of different shapes, square, triangular, rhomboidal and hexagonal. About 15 kinds of wood are shown in the table, and the colors and shapes are arranged in a very striking manner. The central piece is hexagonal and jet black. The woods shade from the center, and the outer ring is a very beautiful shade of mahogany. The table is about four feet in diameter and composed of 207 pieces.

Sugar From Starch.

A Dutch chemist in Java claims to have discovered a process by which starch may be converted into sugar at half the present cost of sugar. The two substances are composed of the same chemical elements, yet it remains to be proved that one can be profitably turned into the other.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE

Are still at it. The bargain hunters are having everything their own way since the beginning of the great mark-down sale of the O'Donnell & Gilbride company. Every article in the establishment is a bargain. The ladies never saw the time before when the dollar had such purchasing power as at this sale. Read their big ad. in this issue and then call in. You will surely find something that you need. The special sale continues all this week.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers)
S. S. "CANADA" (New,)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec. 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.17. Steerage passage $26.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to local agents, Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell; F. H. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

ALLAN LINE.
New York and Glasgow.
Via Londonderry.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Oct. 1, 8 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Oct. 15, 2 p. m.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00, Steerage, $23.50.
Glasgow and Boston
Via Londonderry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $25.50.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St, Lowell.

MAUD GONNE'S ADDRESS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

blems of America and France.

Among those on the stage with Miss Gonne were Mayor Courtney and wife, Charles D. Palmer and wife, D. J. Murphy and Miss Murphy, Joseph Smith and wife, John A. O'Hearn and wife, John W. McEvoy, Esq., D. J. Donahue, Esq., William Morrissey of Portsmouth, N. H., the Misses Delaney Mrs. Courtney, Mrs. Gilbride, Dr. Madden, Dennis Murphy, J. L. Chalifoux, P. J. O'Brien, Andrew F. Roche, Joseph Sullivan, Cornelius A. Daly, Councilman James F. Kennedy, Rev. James Walsh, Rev. Fr. McKenna, Rev. Fr. Scannell Alderman Cosgrove and others. In the boxes were Fisher H. Pearson, Gardner W. Pearson, Lawrence Cummings, Edward Gallagher, Councilman Bosca and others.

The meeting opened shortly after 8 o'clock and was called to order after a selection by St. Patrick's band, by Chairman P. J. O'Brien, who made a brief address of welcome in which he acknowledged the honor conferred upon the Irish societies of Lowell by the guest of the evening in her acceptance of their invitation to visit them. He then introduced Mayor William F. Courtney, who was warmly received.

Mayor Courtney spoke as follows:

"I deem it a privilege as well as an honor to be called upon to preside at this splendid meeting of friends of Ireland's cause. For centuries the Irish people have suffered from the injustice of English laws and from the cruel persecution of the English government, but the love of their native land is just as strong in their hearts today as it ever was, and they are just as ready to sacrifice life and liberty as were those illustrious heroes who have preceded them, and of whom the Irish people are so proud. It is my pleasant duty tonight to introduce to you one whose fame has already preceded her, a lady born in Ireland, who has witnessed the suffering and persecution of the people of that unhappy country, and who is now engaged in appealing to the civilized people of the world to redress the wrongs of Ireland. It gives me pleasure to introduce to you as the principal speaker of the evening, she who has been so aptly termed the Irish Joan of Arc, Miss Maud Gonne."

The mention of the well known and beloved name aroused all the good old Irish enthusiasm of the multitude to the highest pitch and it was only after a request from Mayor Courtney that it restrained itself.

Miss Gonne is remarkable in appearance. She is very tall, quite frail, yet charmingly graceful. Her beauty of countenance is most striking when flushed with Irish enthusiasm she tells in no uncertain language the sad tale of her country. At other times her expression is pensive. As a speaker, she is very attractive, though last evening she labored against great odds, owing to a troublesome cough and the noise made by the great audience. She uses beautiful language and her address was intensely "Irish," hence its charm.

MISS GONNE'S ADDRESS.

Miss Gonne spoke substantially as follows:

"I cannot express to you the feeling that comes over me as I stand here in this vast assembly of my fellow countrymen, so far away from the old land. When I left home my friends told me that I was not going among strangers, and indeed they spoke the truth. There is nothing more wonderful or more beautiful, I think, in all the world, than the devotion of the Irish people to the cause of the old land. In spite of her humiliation, in spite of her sorrows, and perhaps, I might say, on account of those sorrows, we love Ireland more truly than men love the greatest empires of the world, and will never rest until we have broken asunder her chains and awake her from the the death-like trance in which she lies at the feet of England. It has been well said a bad son never makes a good husband, and the more the Irish exile loves his mother land, the more certain he is to be a good citizen of his adopted country.

"Long centuries of struggle against England, not alone for Freedom's sake but for actual existence, have taught the Irish people to distrust England. We know by bitter experience that she is never more to be dreaded than when she holds out the hand of friendship. We have seen treaty after treaty broken whenever it suited the policy of England to do so. It is but natural and right that the Irish people in America should do all they can to defend their beloved country from the shadow of England's influence which has wrought ruin in Ireland. This is why so many Irishmen have opposed the treaty of arbitration which England sought to get passed in America. I believe that many thousands of Americans who first saw in that treaty only the application of universal peace and justice, and as such supported it now recognize its true meaning. England wants this treaty, not as the guarantee of peace, but in order to enable her to make war. She wants to say: 'We have the great republic of America at our back and we are strong; it is the alliance of the great English speaking races.' This is how France and the press of Europe look on this treaty of arbitration, and we in Ireland, who are fighting such a struggle for liberty against such terrible odds, It would be a cruel blow to us to see America support England.

"England has been engaged in more wars during the last 60 years—wars against weak nations—than any other country in the world. During the Queen's jubilee, the English press boasted of the 31 great wars of Victoria. And this is the nation that talks about peace and arbitration! If England is so in love with the principle of arbitration, why does she not arbitrate the Irish question. But Mr. Chamberlain said, when President Kruger proposed arbitration with the Transvaal, 'We English are a dominant nation; it is preposterous to talk to us of arbitration!' The arbitration treaty was rejected and it was a great blow to England, but it is not given up yet. England will strain every nerve to obtain that treaty. My fellow countrymen, as Irishmen, and above all as Americans, it is your duty to oppose this treaty.

"Almost a century has passed away since the united Irishmen so nearly succeeded in freeing our country. During the hideous mockery of the jubilee pageant, the Irish turned for consolation to the memory of 1798. England had her jubilee this year; we will celebrate ours next year. England celebrated in her jubilee 60 years of successful plunder, murder and rapine; next year we will celebrate the memory of one of the most heroic struggles for freedom that the world has ever known. Human life is very precious, no doubt, and should never lightly be risked; but, fellow countrymen, there are some sorts of economy that are short sighted. We should not forget that in the 60 years of Victoria's reign our population has been reduced by one half. From 8½ millions, we have been reduced to 4½ millions, and, fellow countrymen, one million Irishmen have been starved to death in Ireland, in a land of plenty, during the reign of Queen Victoria. Famine accompanies British rule wherever it may be, in India or in Ireland. She deals in this way with the people whom she may have conquered, but cannot subdue. It seems to me that constant bloodshed might have proved less deadly to Ireland than these losses. A little bloodshed makes a great stain. The Sultan of Turkey only massacred some hundred thousands of Armenians and the world cried out in horror, but the Turks are a barbarous people and have not learned the fine arts of civilization with which England deals with her subjects.

"I myself have seen whole villages in Ireland destroyed and helpless women and children driven out in winter to starve on the mountain side. Only four years ago, when Mr. Gladstone—that great, old hypocrite—(great applause, mingled with hisses)—was in power, having come into power by the Irish vote and declared he was going to stop evictions, I saw the agent of Lord Dufresne come around protected by policemen and set fire to thatch roofs of a whole village and the people barely had time to escape with their lives. Remember, my countrymen, these things took place in time of peace and while the infamous doctrine of a union of hearts is being preached to the Irish people.

"Unfortunately, as John Mitchell says, England possesses the ear of the world, and she pours into it all the calumnies she wishes. I am afraid that lately, by our personal quarrels and dissensions, we have been making England's task in this respect very easy. The glorious centennial of '98 will give us an opportunity to place Ireland in a position to disprove these calumnies. We can show to the world that when there is a great national issue at stake, the people of Ireland can unite.

"I do not believe that any great or noble effort is ever wasted. Sooner or later, the fruits of these centuries of sacrifice will be reached and the holy light of freedom will shine once more upon Ireland."

At the conclusion of Miss Gonne's address a collection was taken up and the proceeds will be divided between the Prisoners' Amnesty fund and the '98 celebration funds.

Daniel J. Donahue was then introduced and he sang with inspiring effect "The Wearing of the Green," the song being received with tremendous applause and cheering. Miss Murphy presided at the piano. For an encore, Mr. Donahue rendered "The Boys of Wexford."

Mayor Courtney then introduced Jas. F. Egan, the former political prisoner, as one who has suffered but who is still fighting the battle of Ireland, devoting his life unselfishly to the Irish cause.

MR. EGAN'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Egan received an ovation and when the applause had subsided he said "I am here tonight as a representative of those men, some of whom fell in fighting the battle of their country, and many of whom are now undergoing excruciating torture in English prisons. But though they have suffered now for over 18 years and but a vestige of their former strength remains, yet the love of liberty and Ireland is as warm in their hearts today as it was 18 years ago, when they were robbed of their liberty and consigned to a living death; and so will it be; the love of Ireland will remain paramount in their hearts until the spark of life has been at last extinguished.

"Some years ago, I was enabled, through the Nationalists of America to send home money to the suffering families of these prisoners, and today I am here again on a similar mission.

"There were 23 Irish prisoners in English prisons, 3 of whom died there and I have already gone insane as a result of cruel treatment accorded them. Two of them were received in this country not long ago, and the sight presented by one bereft of reason, Dr. Gallagher, appalled all who saw that unfortunate man. Previous to his release, the Home Secretary denied the statements made in regard to Dr. Gallagher's condition, but today Dr. Gallagher is in an insane asylum. Is it not enough to show you, fellow countrymen, the manner in which that government has treated us? It is utterly impossible to describe the horrible treatment of our prisoners. And yet England extends to you in this country the right hand of fellowship in the shape of a proposed arbitration treaty. Beware of it!

"It is a fact that many of our Irish political prisoners were wrongly condemned, the government entering into the conspiracy. Hirelings of the government on every hand strove to condemn all who raised their voices in behalf of Ireland. If my countrymen are guilty, England is a thousand times more guilty. We have a just cause in demanding the release of our Irish political prisoners.

"During the Queen's jubilee, I thought, as did many of my countrymen, that surely the Queen would set free those prisoners, but no spark of love for our country exists in her bosom. She carries out the policy of her husband, who said that the Irish did not deserve liberty even as much as did the Poles, and those prisoners are still in the dungeons while their families, heartbroken, are fighting a bitter battle against poverty.

"I know I am speaking to a kindly audience tonight and I ask you in conclusion to stand by us. This fight for Ireland must go on until Ireland wins and I ask you to stand by us not only until we have succeeded in getting the release of our prisoners, but until we make our country a nation once more."

James E. Donnelly then sang "The Minstrel Boy," and for an encore "Asthore," after which Mayor Courtney read a set of resolutions drawn by the projectors of the meeting in denunciation of the proposed arbitration treaty and calling upon the senator from Massachusetts to fight against its passage, the resolutions dwelling particularly upon that portion of the treaty relative to the extradition of political prisoners.

The resolutions passed most emphatically.

This concluded the program and when Mayor Courtney had thanked the audience for its presence, the great meeting was over.

After the meeting Miss Gonne with Mr. Egan held an informal reception on the stage after which she repaired to the home of D. J. Murphy on Walker street, where she was entertained during her stay in Lowell.

IS YOUR NAME ON THE CHECK LIST? IF NOT, GO TO THE REGISTRARS' OFFICE, CITY HALL, MONDAY, AND HAVE IT PUT ON.

RIPPING UP FLOOR

OF CITY HALL TO STOP LEAK OF GAS PIPES.

The big marble squares on the first floor of City Hall are being ripped up today by workmen of the H. R. Barker company, who are going to stop up the leak in the gas pipes and put in new pipes where they are needed. It is quite a job and will require some time to complete it.

Mr. Charles J. Glidden from a telephone in his home yesterday afternoon talked directly with friends in Dallas, Texas, and Little Rock, Ark.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Gloves And Mittens.

Public attention is called to our extraordinary values in Gloves and Mittens for Winter Wear. One dollar and one dollar and fifty cents has been asked and received for similar goods in the past two seasons for goods scarcely equal to those we offer in this sale.

Working Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds.

Dress Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds,

50c. A. PAIR.

The story of how we got them and where we got them will be told later.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

NOT Good to Eat

To secure best results by the application of an external remedy in the treatment of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy and other chest troubles, be sure and get Benson's Plaster, carefully avoiding imitations and substitutions with which the market is flooded. Benson's Plaster promptly relieves and cures aches and pains of every description, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, etc. Price, 25c.

Antitoxin For Rheumatism.

Dr. Hans Froelich of Chicago, a Swiss physician who has been in America two years, claims that he has found a remedy that will drive rheumatic aches and pains out of the human body. Dr. Froelich is enthusiastic over the new remedy. It is, he explains, of the same nature as the antitoxine remedy used in the cure of diphtheria and the consumption cure which it is claimed has been discovered by a Californian. He claims to have made several private experiments that have shown him beyond all question that his remedy is not only practical, but that it will cure the worst case of rheumatism in less than a week.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hen That Is a Wonder.

A citizen living in Cleveland has a hen that is a wonder. Recently, according to its owner, the hen laid an egg that was 2 15-16 inches in length and 1¾ inches in diameter, beside which an ordinary hen egg looks very small indeed. Recently the same hen laid an egg that contained three yolks. The owner is afraid some one will steal the valuable hen and keeps a close watch on her.

"Kid" McCoy's Blow.

Pugilist "Kid" McCoy counts on his new "corkscrew" blow to win him the world's championship from Fitzsimmons, but a draw may be the best he can do with it.—St. Louis Republic.

FROM THE KLONDIKE

Did You Ever See Iron Pyrites?

It looks like gold, so like it that its other name is "Fool's Gold."

Not one test given gold, though, will iron pyrites stand.

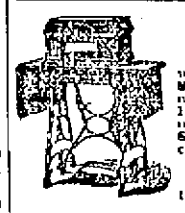
Much the same way with other malt extracts.

They resemble Johann Hoff's. Look like it, but there is one difference—a great difference—none of them will do what Johann Hoff's will.

One dozen bottles of the genuine JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT give as much strength and nourishment as a cask of ale, without being intoxicating.

All dealers sell it. See that the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" is on the neck label of every bottle. *Insist upon it.* None other is genuine or in any way equal to it.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Head Agents, New York, U. S.



SPECIAL SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.

During the next 10 days we shall offer a regular $50 Sewing Machine, manufactured by the New Home Company, at the remarkably low price of $16.75. These Machines have all up-to-date improvements, with a complete set of attachments and a 10 years' guarantee.

$16.75

Sold on 30 Day's Trial.

If not satisfactory, to be returned at our expense. It will pay you to see them.

RING'S BIG STORE,

Sewing Machines and Bicycles, 221, 229 Dutton Street

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

WE HAVE THEM

Stylish Suits and Overcoats for the Men and Boys.

Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Skirts for the Ladies' and Girls.

SOLD ON CREDIT.

Men's Nobby Suits $5 up.

Men's Nobby Overcoats $6 up.

Custom Made Suits $15 up.

Ladies' Jackets $5 up.

No need for anyone to freeze trying to save enough to buy your winter outfit, as our terms will enable you to buy now and pay for goods while wearing them.

EMPIRE CREDIT CLOTHING CO., Over 97 Central St. Open Evenings.

COOK REMEDY CO.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY.

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently

CURED IN 15 TO 35 DAYS.

You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE

taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary

BLOOD POISON

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.

We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians.

$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. 100 page book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 & 308 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

COOK REMEDY CO.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 1, 1897.

The Committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the Street Railway Companies and Municipalities, and to report to the next Legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, 1897, at 10.30 a. m. in Room 227, State House, Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

At this time the Committee desires especially to hear from all citizens who may have suggestions to make as to legislation in relation to such companies, including tenure of franchise and methods of taxation.

—Charles Francis Adams,
Chairman.

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

NEW Garments AT HALF PRICE.

We have just closed out the complete line of a New York manufacturer. Spot cash made the price low.

Don't Buy an Old Garment at Any Price.

The inducements we offer you this week on new, fresh, stylish Garments were never before equalled. NEW GARMENTS at the same prices others ask for shop worn goods.

New Jackets.

Jackets at $2.95, $3.50 and $3.95, worth double.

Boucle Jacket, fly front, latest sleeve, storm collar, now $4.95, worth double.

All Wool Black Beaver Jackets, half lined, fancy stitching, 26 inches length, or same style in Tan, Covert Cloth, with velvet storm collar, now $5.95, worth double.

New Capes.

One lot of Boucle Capes, lined throughout with fancy cargo and trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, now $3.95, worth double.

30-inch Astrachan Cloth Cape, trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, high storm collar, now $5.75, worth double.

New Furs.

One lot Astrachan Fur Capes, 30 inches long, full sweep, high storm collar, lined, for a leader this week at $6.75, worth double.

One lot of extra fine Astrachan Collarettes, full sweep, high collar, price $3.49, worth double.

FRANK E. STOWELL, candidate for Purchasing Agent.

TEMPERANCE DISCOURSE

BY REV. MR. BARTLETT OF KIRK STREET CHURCH.

The Good Templars of this city and Chelmsford attended service at the Kirk street church last night and listened to a temperance address by Rev. W. A. Bartlett. Among other things he said:

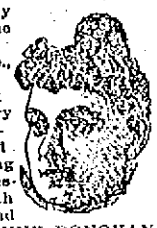
"I do not speak to you tonight as Protestants, but as Christian citizens. I take it for granted that Catholics and Protestants are alike interested in this holy war. I have had my hand clasped since my sermon on the Mountain Rock scandal just as warmly by Catholics as Protestants, and I know of no grander advocate of temperance in this country than Bishop Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul. I wish I could put into the hand of every citizen of Lowell the magnificent plea which he lately made in Cleveland which is well named "Conscience—the Sure Foundation of Good Citizenship." Among other things he says: 'Civil society needs Titanic strength. The passions of men rise up in fierce war against society. Passions recognize no rights and suffer no control. Passions in their greed are mighty. Pride, envy lust, greed, if unrestrained, will break down alike walls and reduce to chaotic ruins all citadels. Passions are always where men are; the menace of disorder and anarchy are never absent from human society.' He truly says that we cannot rely on physical force or on law unless men will do righteously because it is right. He says again: 'Every citizen is a teacher of morals by his silent example. The higher the citizen by office, wealth, or social position the greater his responsibility to fellow men and to country. Notice this: "One glaring deed of profligacy or dishonesty in high place weakens the morals of tens of thousands. The tens of thousands are preserved from evil by a sound public opinion, when, with a depraved public opinion, they would rush wildly into sin. Let us work faithfully to form and maintain a high, moral, public conscience."'

REV. DR. COURT'S SUCCESSOR.

Until January 1, the Boston presbytery will supply preachers for the Presbyterian church on Appleton street. Then members of the church will act upon a successor to the late Rev. Dr. Court.

FAT A BURDEN.

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt Will Take it Off—Some Reduced a Pound a Day.



Mrs. James B. (Fanny) Donovan, of the Donovons' Irish Sketch Artists, took Dr. Edison's Obesity treatment with the best results:

Messrs. Loring & Co., New York City:

Gentlemen:—About the first of January my stoutness had become burdensome and ungainly and my being in the theatrical profession it interfered with my acting, singing and dancing. I had tried everything to reduce me but could get no relief. I began to use Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt, and at once commenced to reduce, until now I am down to my normal weight. That distressed, heavy and languid feeling is entirely gone, and I feel like a new woman. Shortness of breath, with which I was greatly troubled, has been completely cured. I can safely recommend the Pills and Salt as the only true and effective flesh reducers in the world. Yours truly,

FANNY DONOVAN.
MRS. JAMES B. DONOVAN.

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used. Our goods are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE HENRY MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 42 W. 22d Street, New York city, (Medical Department of Loring & Co.) is the largest and best appointed in the world. Its physicians are the most skillful and its appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases are the most complete and embrace every recent worthy invention for the benefit of suffering mankind. Electrical Sanitarium—Powerful and elaborate electrical apparatus for the reduction of obesity and the cure of nervous exhaustion and all chronic diseases of men and women. Dermatological department—Superfluous hair and facial blemishes removed. Special surgery. Free advice about any disease. Rupture cured.

One bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills costs only $1.50; one bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Salt costs only $1. Send mail orders to Loring & Co., general agents for the United States.

We send free "How To Cure Obesity."

LORING & CO., DEPT. 110.
No. 42 W. 22nd St., New York City.
No. 3 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.
Nos. 56-62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

REV. MR. MERRIAM

RESIGNS FROM PASTORATE OF HIGHLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. Charles L. Merriam, pastor of the Highland Congregational church, has resigned from the pastorate of that church, his letter being read by Rev. J. W. Hayley at the morning's service yesterday. The letter stated in substance that the pastor felt unable to bear the burden longer and that he felt that his resignation might result in a financial benefit to the church.

AMBULANCE CALLS

THREE CALLS SINCE SATURDAY NIGHT.

John L. Greenwood, aged 40 years, was removed from his room in Daly's block on Gorham street to St. John's hospital. He suffered a stroke of paralysis last Thursday and ever since then has had nothing to eat, nor had he seen anyone. Yesterday some friends called and discovered his condition.

The ambulance was called to a corporation boarding house in Suffolk street at 5 o'clock last night to take care of a man named Joseph Bolan, who was suffering from delirium tremens. He was removed to the city farm.

Michael Maguire was thrown from a wagon Saturday night, receiving a bad scalp wound. He was taken to St. John's hospital, and last night was reported as resting comfortably.

WHERE IS MARTIN RILEY?

HIS YOUNG SON JAMES SEEKS HIM IN LOWELL.

Where is Martin Riley, formerly of 73 Lakeview avenue?

His young son, James, is in town in search of him.

Young Riley lived here with his father at the above address, the father being in the employ of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company. About a year ago the boy went to Buffalo, N. Y., where he worked until recently. Getting out of work he was sent on here by the overseers of the poor, arriving in this city last night.

This morning he learned that his father is no longer in the employ of the insurance company and that he has not lived in Lakeview avenue for three months.

As the boy is without money or friends he is much worried over the absence of his father.

LE CERCLE GARIN.

A meeting of Le Cercle Garin was held yesterday afternoon in their hall, and Mr. T. J. Goyette was the presiding officer. Mr. Arthur Beaucage was elected secretary in place of Mr. Chas. Houir, resigned. A debate on the question: Resolved, "That war is disastrous to a country" was held and was decided in the negative. Mr. J. L. Lamourcux was elected chairman during the debate. The debate was a general one and was open to all.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

The alarm from box 56, shortly after three o'clock this morning was occasioned by a fire in the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen on the third floor of the Irving building on Middle street. The damage to the apartments was slight, but the water went through into store rooms occupied by A. G. Pollard & Co., and, it is said, slightly injured some dry goods.

The committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the street railway companies and municipalities and to report to the next legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, at 10.30 a. m., at the state house in Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

LAWYER THOMAS RILEY, the silver democratic candidate for Mayor of Boston.

POLICE COURT.

This was the slowest Monday that the court has seen in many months.

James Lahey got four months in the workhouse.

James Fitzgerald also received five months, while William Moran got four.

Napoleon Germaine was held in $200 for trial November 19.

COURT COLUMBUS.

At the last regular meeting of Court Columbus, No. 80, Foresters of America, held Friday evening, the following resolutions were adopted on the death of the Past Supreme Chief Ranger Laurence J. Smith:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call to an eternal rest our highly esteemed brother, L. J. Smith.

Whereas, By this unexpected death, the Order has sustained an irreparable loss in having removed from our midst his noblest son;

Resolved, That we tender to his wife and children our most heartfelt sympathy;

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the records of this Court, and copies of the same forwarded to the bereaved family of the deceased brother, and to each of the following newspapers, for publication: The Sun, Citizen, Daily News and L'Etoile.

—A Bourbonniere,
Wm. J. Goldrick
James Madden,
Committee.

A WORD TO COMMERICAL TRAVELERS.

And others who travel, being subject to our changeable climate. Prepare yourselves before going on your journey with a bottle of Cleveland's Lung Healer. It will cure you of all Throat and Lung troubles, a sure remedy for acute and chronic coughs. F. H. Butler & Co., 255 Central street and 391 Middlesex street, have the sole agency for Lowell. Call on them and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

WATER MAIN BREAKS.

The 2 1-2 inch water main supply pipe in the basement of the Old Lowell bank burst this forenoon and flooded the cellar. The fire department was called to stop the water and empty the cellar.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED),
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE

JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DUNOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels, and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DUNOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM QUINEY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOHN CLANCY & CO.
JAS. A. CAWLEY.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MDADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.

It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
M. J. BRUIN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
R. V. SAUNDERS & CO.
P. E. McMAHON & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
JAS. F. DOHERTY & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
JNO. J. CONNELL & CO.
JAS. H. RILEY & CO.
A. L. PENDERGAST.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
C. H. CHAGNON.
JAS. J. COURTNEY & CO.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

O FOR THANKSGIVING

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Cream Pitchers, Butter Dishes, and everything the eye can feast upon or the heart, which is at present in our stock of Silver Ware.

We keep the finest line of Souvenir Spoons.

LEGAULT & CO.,
Jewellers and Opticians.
70 Central, cor. Prescott Sts.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO., Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

3 Days More of Our Startling Reduction Sale 3

Three days more in which the people of Lowell can buy Winter Dry Goods at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices, as a result of our purchases from the wholesale stock of Bradford, Thomas & Co. of Boston, who are going out of business. Three days more in which you can buy large size Comfortors at 29c. each. Large size heavy Blankets at $1.00 a pair. Staple Check Ginghams at 3c. per yard. Flannel Dolaine, regular 12 1-2c. grade, at 5c. per yard. A. C. A. Ticking at 10c. per yard. Brown and Bleached Cotton, 3 1-2c., 5c. and 6 1-4c. per yard. We always give a greater equivalent for your money than others. We always make it profitable for you to trade here. We always pay you big interest on your money. This store is a great savings bank for its customers. Phenomenal low pricing for this week's trading.

EMPRESS TEAS and COFFEES

This department continues to do a growing business and once you try the Empress Teas or Coffees you will have no other. We will continue our special offering for this week as follows:

1 lb. of 35c. Mocha or Java Coffee for 24c., or 5 lbs. for $1
1 pound of 38c. Coffee and 1-2 pound of 65c. Tea for 50c

We will also give a special discount of 5 per cent. per pound on all our 50c., 60c. and 70c. Tea during this sale.

Toilet Dept.
Startling reduction in popular brands.

Glycerine and Rose Water, regular price, 15c. Down to 9c.
1000 bottles of Vaseline. At 4c. per bottle.
Madame Campbell's Face Powder in pink.
Red Seal Toilet Waters, 4 oz. bottle, 15c. 8 oz. bottle, 25c.
Bay Rum, usually sold for 39c. Down to 19c. a bottle.
White Clover Cream, usual price, 35c. Down to 19c. a bottle.
Triple Extract, all odors, usual price 39c. Down to 19c. a bottle.
Triple Extract in small size, usual price, 15c. Down to 9c.
Hat Brushes, usually sold for 15c. Down to 5c. each.
Tooth Brushes, usually sold at 19c. Down to 7c. each.
Parker's Cold Cream. Down to 9c. a bottle.
1000 cakes of Toilet Soap, 15c. quality. Down to 5c. a cake.
1000 cakes of Pure Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 5c.
Ladies' Dressing Combs, 7c. each.
Napier Witch Hazel, usual price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.
Napier Borax, usual price, 19c. Down to 10c. a bottle.
Napier Almond Meal, for the complexion, usual price, 39c. Down to 19c.
Napier Court Plaster, 2½c. per package.
Colgate's Sachet Powders in all odors, regular price, 39c. Down to 15c.

Toilet Dept.—(Continued.)

Parker's Tooth Powder, 25c. quality. Down to 18c.
Martin's Tooth Powder, regular price 25c. Down to 12½c. a bottle.

Basement Bargains
Greater than ever.

Pressed Tumblers, fine polish, 2c. each.
Wooden Handled Bread Knives 5c. each.
Blue Edge Pie Plates, any size, 5c. each.
White Plates, semi-granite, any size, 5c. each.
Perfection Pie Plates, lift-out bottom, 7c. each.
Victoria Flour Selves, 7c. each.
10-inch Napples, 9c. each.
11x16 Sheet Iron Drip Pans, 13c. each
10-inch Decorated Dishes, 13c. each.
Double Turkey Roasters, 19c. a pair.
10-quart Bread Raisers, 19c. each.
Bone Handled Butcher Knives, 19c. each.
10-inch Yellow Lipped Bowls, 17c. each.
12-inch Dishes, round or square, 39c. each.
Fine Blown Tumblers, 39c. per doz.
Bone Handled Knives and Forks, 39c. per doz.
56-piece Tea Sets of English Stone China, $2.89 per set.
112-piece Dinner Sets English Stone China, $6.89 per set.

Dress Makers' Findings
Laces, Braids, Fur Edgings, Buttons, etc., at prices lower than you'll ever find them again.

Silk Laces, 2, 3, and 4 inches wide. At 12½c., 16c., and 19c. per yard.
Black Chantilly Laces, 25c. to 50c. goods. Down to 10c., 12½c., 15c., 17c., and 19c. per yard.
Black Coney Fur Edge, 50c. goods. Down to 29c. per yard.
Black and Brown Marten Fur Tails, 22c. to 39c. per yard.
Fancy Tinsel Gauze, 45 inches wide, for evening, in black, cardinal, green, and maize. At 49c. per yard.
Mohair Braids and Gimps, black and colored, regular price, 25c. to 50c. Down to 12½c. per yard.
Colored Mohair Tubular Braids. Down to 3c.
Fancy Mohair Braids. Down to 15c. per yard.
Iridiscent Bead Headings. Down to 10c. per yard.
Boston Dress Stays. Down to 7c.
Ivory Top Dress Stays, covered. Down to 5c.
Stockinet Dress Shields. Down to 7c.
John English Needlebook. Complete assortment of needles. 5c.
Skirt Hooks and Eyes. Down to 2c. a box.
The popular Spring Hooks and Eye. Down to 3c.
Bone Hat Pins, regular 25c. goods. Down to 10c.

We Give Away Free This Week

A 25c. Waist Pattern to every purchaser of a set of Favorite Dress Stays.

Ladies' and Children's Winter Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Jersey Vests or Pants, white or Egyptian. At 25c. each.
Ladies' All Wool Jersey Underwear, in medium sizes, white or grey. At 25c. each.
Ladies' Wool Pants, scarlet, grey or white, regular $1.25 goods. Down to 50c. per pair.
Ladies' All Wool Combination Suits, regular $2.00 goods. At $1.00 per suit.
Ladies' Harvard Mill Combination Suits, in white or Egyptian. Down to 89c. each.
Infants' Fleeced Lined Vests, sizes 1 to 6. Down to 12½c. each.
Misses' Fleeced Combination Suits in white or Egyptian. Down to 45c.
Children's Extra Heavy Merino Vests and Pants, At 16c. each.

Small Ware Dept.
Money savers.

Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, 5c. each and per pair.
1000 pieces of Ruching. At 5c. per yard.
5 gross of Ladies' Tan Belts, 25c. quality. At 10c. each.
Boys' Windsor Ties. At 5c. each.
100 pieces of Featherstitch Braid, 19c. quality. At 7c. each.
1000 packages of Envelopes, regular price, 12c. At 5c. per package.
Cabinet Hair Pins, 4c. per box.
Invincible Hair Pins, 2½c. per box.
Adelina Patti's Hair Pins, 3c. a box.
Princess Curling Irons, large size, regular price, 12c. Down to 7c.
600 Broom Brushes, 15c. quality, Down to 7c. each.
Kid Curlers, 4c. per dozen.
Fancy Silk Elastic Web, 39c. quality, down to 25c.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.
Several new lots today.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, with seamless foot and 2-thread heel and toe. Sale price, 8c per pair.
Ladies' Fast Black Fleeced Hose, seamless foot, 19c. grade. Down to 11c. per pair.
Ladies' All Wool Hose, seamless foot and fast black, 25c. quality. Down to 12½c. per pair.
One case of Ladies' Fast Black All Wool Hose, ribbed (seconds) 2-thread heel and toe, a great bargain. At 17c. per pair.
Boys' and Girls' School Hose, double knee, heel and toe. Sale price, 8c. per pair.
Children's Cashmere Hose, sizes 6 to 9½, double knee and toe, extra quality, 17c. per pair.
One Case of Boys' Extra Heavy All Wool Hose, a 39c. value. At 25c. per pair.

Ladies' Wool, Corduroy and Silk Waists.

Corduroy Waists, all colors, with laundered collar and Velveteen Waists in best quality, $5.00 value. At $3.89 each.
2 Lots of Plaid and Plain Colored Wool Waists, usually sold $1.50 to $2.00. At 98c. and $1.39 each.
1 Lot of Black Taffetta Silk Waists, with Blouse Plaited front, an excellent value. At $3.98 each.

Colored Dress Goods.
The most gigantic sacrifice ever made.

All Wool Serges and Flannel Suitings in all the new shades, 49c. goods, at 29c. per yard.
All Wool and Worsted Mohair Novelties, in all the up-to-date colorings, including pencil stripes and mixtures, Sale price, 39c. per yard.
All Wool Mohair and Wool heavy and smooth effects in a select line that cannot be duplicated. These goods are considered bargains at 75c. Sale price 49c. per yard.
47-inch Silk Finished Henrietta in all the new colorings. Also 44-inch Novelties in two-toned colorings. Also Pebble and Diagonal weaves regular $1.00 goods. At 69c. per yard.
54-inch Coverts, 46-inch Pebble weaves, 46-inch two-toned Diagonals, 46-inch Canvass Cloth, and 46-inch Chevrons, goods that have retailed readily at $1.25. Sale price, 75c. per yard.
All Wool and Silk and Wool Plaids in Poplins, Etamines, and Twills, suitable for waists and Misses' dresses. At 19c., 25c., 39c., 49c., 69c., and 75c. per yard.
54-inch Cloaking, sold at $2.50. Down to $1.59 per yard.

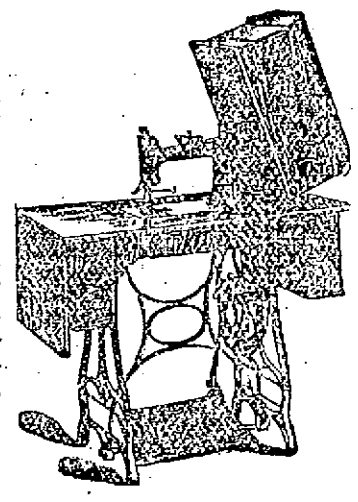
Drapery Dept.
Carpets and Floor Coverings, Window Shades and Laces, Portieres, Rugs, etc. at prices that will positively eclipse anything ever offered.

Japanese Beaded Portieres, $1.50 quality. At 98c.
All wool carpet remnants, 1½ yard long, at 25c. each.
Best Brussels remnants, 1½ yards long, at 75c. each.
Best Moquette remnants, 1½ yards long, at 85c. each.
Best quality Hassocks, newest shapes, usual prices, 75c. and 85c., sale prices, 39, 49, and 59c. each.
Sash rods in white, oak, and cherry, 10c. goods, at 5c. each.
Extension rods, regular 10c. quality, down to 5c. each.
Best quality oil cloth, worth 50c. down to 35c. per yard.
Scotch Rugs, regular price, 50c., down to 39c. each.
Tapestry portieres, $2.25 quality, down to $1.49 each.
Rug Fringe, assorted colors, down to 7c. per yard.
China Matting, 15c. quality, down to 10c. per yard.

ANOTHER CHANCE TO BUY OUR

NEW LOWELL SEWING MACHINE

At About 1-3 Its Regular Value.



We will continue during this week to offer our New Lowell Sewing Machine, which we guarantee equal in every way to regular $50 machines sold by agents, with all attachments and warranted for five years, at

$17.50 EACH

Buy Your Thanksgiving Linens This Week.
Goods at Mere Fraction of Their Worth.

Table Linens worth 39 and 49c. at 25c. per yard.
Pillow Shams worth 39 and 49c. at 25c.
Tray Cloths worth 19c. at 10c. each.
Doylies worth 10c. and 12½c. At 5c. each.
100 doz. Towels worth 10c. at 4½c. each.
1000 rolls of Crash worth 5c. at 1½c. per yard.
20 different patterns in Linen Table Sets at $1.98 per set.
100 doz. Bureau Scarfs, worth 35c., at 19c. each.
100 doz. Commode Sets worth 20c. at 10c. each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

5 dozen Figured Black Mohair Skirts, made in the most up-to-date style, sold usually at $2.25. Down to $1.49 each.
5 dozen Serge, Mohair and Fancy woven Black Skirts, a regular $4.00 value. At $2.49 each.
3 dozen All Silk black brocade Skirts, excellently made, a regular $10 value, At $5.98 each.

Sheetings and Pillow Slips.
At the lowest prices ever quoted.

100 doz. Pillow Slips, 8c. quality, at 5c. each.
50 doz. ready-made Sheets, 49c. quality, at 20c. each.
3 bales of 40-inch Brown Cotton, 10c. quality, at 6¼c. per yard.
500 White Spreads, slightly damaged, $1.00 quality, at 45c. each.
32 pieces of White Domet Flannel 8c. quality, at 4c. per yard.
40 pieces of Elderdown, all colors, at 25c. per yard.

Corsets and Petticoats.

Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets, Black, White and Drab, 89c. per pair.
Prima Donna Corsets, regular price, $1.00. Down to 79c. per pair.
J. & C. Corsets, price for this week, 39c. per pair.
Black Sateen lined Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 95c. each.
Blue, Black and Grey Flannel Skirts, $1.25 quality. Down to 75c. each.
Quilted Sateen Skirts, $1.50 quality. Down to 98c. each.
German Silk Skirts, $4.00 quality. Down to $2.98 each.

THOMAS McGURN, a leading worker in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

BERNARD BURNS, a leader in the Y. M. C. I. bazaar.

WITH THE POLICE

Burglars Ransacked House on Broadway.

JUVENILE PIGEON THIEVES ARE BEING SOUGHT.

Doherty's Saloon Suffers Loss by Burglars.

The house of John J. McNabb was entered some time between 12 o'clock and 8 o'clock yesterday by means of a rear window. When Mr. McNabb returned last night he found the following articles were missing: Two silver tea pots, one silver butter dish, one silver cream pitcher, one silver sugar bowl, one silver spoon holder, one and a half dozen silver spoons, two silver knives and forks, one lady's open faced silver watch, one Knights of Pythias gold charm, two lady's gold rings, gold watch chain with pearl charm. Mr. McNabb places his loss at about $75.

THEY STOLE PIGEONS.

Napoleon Germaine, aged 15 years, was arrested by Inspectors Allen and Laflamme on Saturday morning on the charge of having stolen eight fancy doves from the coop of J. F. Maxwell of North Billerica Friday night. The birds, which are valued at $5, were recovered. Five of them had been sold for 65 cents. Germaine and another boy, it will be remembered, stole a pig from a Dracut farmer some time ago, for which they were placed on probation. Two other boys were in on the pigeon theft, it is said, but as yet they have not been apprehended.

A SALOON ENTERED.

Early Sunday morning, thieves entered the saloon of James F. Doherty, at the corner of Summer and South streets, and took $15, that had been framed as the first money put over the bar. Entrance was gained by cutting a window near the catch.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Wilson men had another meeting Saturday night. This time they got together in the Socialist headquarters in Runel's building. They talked over different matters and then got down to ward reports. They claimed everything but Ward Nine, where they confessed Lawton easily had the lead. They said Wilson would have an easy time in Wards One, Four, Five, Six and Eight.

Before the meeting adjourned, Mr. Wilson made a few remarks assuring his hearers that if nominated and elected, he would endeavor to give an honest and economical administration of the city's affairs.

Shortly before 10 o'clock, the meeting adjourned to boom again at the same place next Thursday night.

It is said that a few Ward Seven men who felt like saying a few things out loud have been squelched by Bennett's friends.

"Charlie" Varnum, Ex-Supt. of lands and buildings, is said to be following the Lawton banner, though he was originally classed as a Bennett man.

The republicans of the "triple alliance," friends of Wilson, Miller and Tryder, get out your boats and take a row up the Merrimack tonight, for there will be a Wilson meeting in the old Middlesex tavern at 8 o'clock.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER MONDAY.

TABLE OF FIFTEEN WOODS.

Mr. Cleveland Gave His Venezuelan President to Princeton University.

Mr. Cleveland has presented to Princeton university quite a remarkable piece of furniture, which is now on exhibition in Nassau hall. It is a beautiful table, presented to Mr. Cleveland by the governor of Zulia, a small Venezuelan state.

The table is circular and represents all the different woods of Venezuela. There are eight rings of wood of different shapes, square, triangular, rhomboidal and hexagonal. About 15 kinds of wood are shown in the table, and the colors and shapes are arranged in a very striking manner. The central piece is hexagonal and jet black. The woods shade from the center, and the outer ring is a very beautiful shade of mahogany. The table is about four feet in diameter and composed of 207 pieces.

Sugar From Starch.

A Dutch chemist in Java claims to have discovered a process by which starch may be converted into sugar at half the present cost of sugar. The two substances are composed of the same chemical elements, yet it remains to be proved that one can be profitably turned into the other.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE

Are still at it. The bargain hunters are having everything their own way since the beginning of the great mark-down sale of the O'Donnell & Gilbride company. Every article in the establishment is a bargain. The ladies never saw the time before when the dollar had such purchasing power as at this sale. Read their big ad. in this issue and then call in. You will surely find something that you need. The special sale continues all this week.

Dominion Line (U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers) BOSTON SERVICE

S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:

Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec. 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York lines), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.75. Steerage passage $26.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to local agents, Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Geo. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow.
Via Londonderry.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, Oct. 1, 3 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Oct. 15, 2 p. m.

RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00. Steerage, $23.50.

Glasgow and Boston
Via Londonderry and Galway.

Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $23.50.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to

H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St, Lowell.

MAUD GONNE'S ADDRESS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

blems of America and France.

Among those on the stage with Miss Gonne were Mayor Courtney and wife, Charles D. Palmer and wife, D. J. Murphy and Miss Murphy, Joseph Smith and wife, John A. O'Hearn and wife, John W. McEvoy, Esq., D. J. Donahue, Esq., William Morrissey of Portsmouth, N. H., the Misses Delaney Mrs. Courtney, Mrs. Gilbride, Dr. Madden, Dennis Murphy, J. L. Chalifoux, P. J. O'Brien, Andrew F. Roche, Joseph Sullivan, Cornelius A. Daly, Councilman James F. Kennedy, Rev. James Walsh, Rev. Fr. McKenna, Rev. Fr. Scannell Alderman Cosgrove and others. In the boxes were Fisher H. Pearson, Gardner W. Pearson, Lawrence Cummings, Edward Gallagher, Councilman Bosca and others.

The meeting opened shortly after 8 o'clock, and was called to order after a selection by St. Patrick's band, by Chairman P. J. O'Brien, who made a brief address of welcome in which he acknowledged the honor conferred upon the Irish societies of Lowell by the guest of the evening in her acceptance of their invitation to visit them. He then introduced Mayor William F. Courtney, who was warmly received.

Mayor Courtney spoke as follows:

"I deem it a privilege as well as an honor to be called upon to preside at this splendid meeting of friends of Ireland's cause. For centuries the Irish people have suffered from the injustice of English laws and from the cruel persecution of the English government, but the love of their native land is just as strong in their hearts today as it ever was, and they are just as ready to sacrifice life and liberty as were those illustrious heroes who have preceded them, and of whom the Irish people are so proud. It is my pleasant duty tonight to introduce to you one whose fame has already preceded her, a lady born in Ireland, who has witnessed the suffering and persecution of the people of that unhappy country, and who is now engaged in appealing to the civilized people of the world to redress the wrongs of Ireland. It gives me pleasure to introduce to you as the principal speaker of the evening, she who has been so aptly termed the Irish Joan of Arc, Miss Maud Gonne."

The mention of the well known and beloved name aroused all the good old Irish enthusiasm of the multitude to the highest pitch and it was only after a request from Mayor Courtney that it restrained itself.

Miss Gonne is remarkable in appearance. She is very tall, quite frail, yet charmingly graceful. Her beauty of countenance is most striking when flushed with Irish enthusiasm she tells in no uncertain language the sad tale of her country. At other times her expression is pensive. As a speaker, she is very attractive, though last evening she labored against great odds, owing to a troublesome cough and the noise made by the great audience. She uses beautiful language and her address was intensely "Irish," hence its charm.

MISS GONNE'S ADDRESS.

Miss Gonne spoke substantially as follows:

"I cannot express to you the feeling that comes over me as I stand here in this vast assembly of my fellow countrymen, so far away from the old land. When I left home my friends told me that I was not going among strangers, and indeed they spoke the truth. There is nothing more wonderful or more beautiful, I think, in all the world, than the devotion of the Irish people to the cause of the old land. In spite of her humiliation, in spite of her sorrows, and perhaps, I might say, on account of those sorrows, we love Ireland more truly than men love the greatest empires of the world, and will never rest until we have broken asunder her chains and awake her from the the death-like trance in which she lies at the feet of England. It has been well said a bad son never makes a good husband, and the more the Irish exile loves his mother land, the more certain he is to be a good citizen of his adopted country.

"Long centuries of struggle against England, not alone for Freedom's sake but for actual existence, have taught the Irish people to distrust England. We know by bitter experience that she is never more to be dreaded than when she holds out the hand of friendship. We have seen treaty after treaty broken whenever it suited the policy of England to do so. It is but natural and right that the Irish people in America should do all they can to defend their beloved country from the shadow of England's influence which has wrought ruin in Ireland. This is why so many Irishmen have opposed the treaty of arbitration which England sought to get passed in America. I believe that many thousands of Americans who first saw in that treaty only the application of universal peace and justice, and as such supported it now recognize its true meaning. England wants this treaty, not as the guarantee of peace, but in order to enable her to make war. She wants to say: 'We have the great republic of America at our back and we are strong; it is the alliance of the great English speaking races.' This is how France and the press of Europe look on this treaty of arbitration, and we in Ireland, who are fighting such a struggle for liberty against such terrible odds. It would be a cruel blow to us to see America support England.

"England has been engaged in more wars during the last 60 years—wars against weak nations—than any other country in the world. During the Queen's jubilee, the English press boasted of the 31 great wars of Victoria. And this is the nation that talks about peace and arbitration! If England is so in love with the principle of arbitration, why does she not arbitrate the Irish question. But Mr. Chamberlain said, when President Kruger proposed arbitration with the Transvaal, 'We English are a dominant nation; it is preposterous to talk to us of arbitration!' The arbitration treaty was rejected and it was a great blow to England, but it is not given up yet. England will strain every nerve to obtain that treaty. My fellow countrymen, as Irishmen, and above all as Americans, it is your duty to oppose this treaty.

"Almost a century has passed away since the united Irishmen so nearly succeeded in freeing our country. During the hideous mockery of the jubilee pageant, the Irish turned for consolation to the memory of 1798. England had her jubilee this year; we will celebrate ours next year. England celebrated in her jubilee 60 years of successful plunder, murder and rapine; next year we will celebrate the memory of one of the most heroic struggles for freedom that the world has ever known. Human life is very precious, no doubt, and should never lightly be risked; but, fellow countrymen, there are some sorts of economy that are short sighted. We should not forget that in the 60 years of Victoria's reign our population has been reduced by one half. From 8¾ millions, we have been reduced to 4½ millions, and, fellow countrymen, one million Irishmen have been starved to death in Ireland, in a land of plenty, during the reign of Queen Victoria. Famine accompanies British rule wherever it may be, in India or in Ireland. She deals in this way with the people whom she may have conquered, but cannot subdue. It seems to me that constant bloodshed might have proved less deadly to Ireland than these losses. A little bloodshed makes a great stain. The Sultan of Turkey only massacred some hundred thousands of Armenians and the world cried out in horror, but the Turks are a barbarous people and have not learned the fine arts of civilization with which England deals with her subjects.

"I myself have seen whole villages in Ireland destroyed and helpless women and children driven out in winter to starve on the mountain side. Only four years ago, when Mr. Gladstone—that great, old hypocrite—(great applause, mingled with hisses)—was in power, having come into power by the Irish vote and declared he was going to stop evictions, I saw the agent of Lord Dufresne come around protected by policemen and set fire to thatch roofs of a whole village and the people barely had time to escape with their lives. Remember, my countrymen, these things took place in time of peace and while the infamous doctrine of a union of hearts is being preached to the Irish people.

"Unfortunately, as John Mitchell says, England possesses the ear of the world, and she pours into it all the calumnies she wishes. I am afraid that lately, by our personal quarrels and dissensions, we have been making England's task in this respect very easy. The glorious centennial of '98 will give us an opportunity to place Ireland in a position to disprove these calumnies. We can show to the world that when there is a great national issue at stake, the people of Ireland can unite.

"I do not believe that any great or noble effort is ever wasted. Sooner or later, the fruits of these centuries of sacrifice will be reached and the holy light of freedom will shine once more upon Ireland."

At the conclusion of Miss Gonne's address a collection was taken up and the proceeds will be divided between the Prisoners' Amnesty fund and the '98 celebration funds.

Daniel J. Donahue was then introduced and he sang with inspiring effect "The Wearing of the Green," the song being received with tremendous applause and cheering. Miss Murphy presided at the piano. For an encore, Mr. Donahue rendered "The Boys of Wexford."

Mayor Courtney then introduced Jas. F. Egan, the former political prisoner, as one who has suffered but who is still fighting the battle of Ireland, devoting his life unselfishly to the Irish cause.

MR. EGAN'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Egan received an ovation and when the applause had subsided he said "I am here tonight as a representative of those men, some of whom fell in fighting the battle of their country, and many of whom are now undergoing excruciating torture in English prisons. But though they have suffered now for over 18 years and but a vestige of their former strength remains, yet the love of liberty and Ireland is as warm in their hearts today as it was 18 years ago, when they were robbed of their liberty and consigned to a living death; and so will it be; the love of Ireland will remain paramount in their hearts until the spark of life has been at last extinguished.

"Some years ago, I was enabled, through the Nationalists of America to send home money to the suffering families of these prisoners, and today I am here again on a similar mission.

"There were 28 Irish prisoners in English prisons, 3 of whom died there and 7 have already gone insane as a result of cruel treatment accorded them. Two of them were received in this country not long ago, and the sight presented by one bereft of reason, Dr. Gallagher, appalled all who saw that unfortunate man. Previous to his release, the Home Secretary denied the statements made in regard to Dr. Gallagher's condition, but today Dr. Gallagher is in an insane asylum. Is it not enough to show you, fellow countrymen, the manner in which that government has treated us? It is utterly impossible to describe the horrible treatment of our prisoners. And yet England extends to you in this country the right hand of fellowship in the shape of a proposed arbitration treaty. Beware of it!

"It is a fact that many of our Irish political prisoners were wrongly condemned, the government entering into the conspiracy. Hirelings of the government on every hand strove to condemn all who raised their voices in behalf of Ireland. If my countrymen are guilty, England is a thousand times more guilty. We have a just cause in demanding the release of our Irish political prisoners.

"During the Queen's jubilee, I thought, as did many of my countrymen, that surely the Queen would set free those prisoners, but no spark of love for our country exists in her bosom. She carries out the policy of her husband, who said that the Irish did not deserve liberty even as much as did the Poles, and those prisoners are still in the dungeons while their families, heartbroken, are fighting a bitter battle against poverty.

"I know I am speaking to a kindly audience tonight and I ask you in conclusion to stand by us. This fight for Ireland must go on until Ireland wins and I ask you to stand by us not only until we have succeeded in getting the release of our prisoners, but until we make our country a nation once more."

James E. Donnelly then sang "The Minstrel Boy," and for an encore "Asthore," after which Mayor Courtney read a set of resolutions drawn by the projectors of the meeting in denunciation of the proposed arbitration treaty and calling upon the senator from Massachusetts to fight against its passage, the resolutions dwelling particularly upon that portion of the treaty relative to the extradition of political prisoners.

The resolutions passed most emphatically.

This concluded the program and when Mayor Courtney had thanked the audience for its presence, the great meeting was over.

After the meeting Miss Gonne with Mr. Egan held an informal reception on the stage after which she repaired to the home of D. J. Murphy on Walker street, where she was entertained during her stay in Lowell.

IS YOUR NAME ON THE CHECK LIST? IF NOT, GO TO THE REGISTRARS' OFFICE, CITY HALL, MONDAY, AND HAVE IT PUT ON.

RIPPING UP FLOOR

OF CITY HALL TO STOP LEAK OF GAS PIPES.

The big marble squares on the first floor of City Hall are being ripped up today by workmen of the H. R. Darker company, who are going to stop up the leak in the gas pipes and put in new pipes where they are needed. It is quite a job and will require some time to complete it.

Mr. Charles J. Glidden from a telephone in his home yesterday afternoon talked directly with friends in Dallas, Texas, and Little Rock, Ark.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Gloves And Mittens.

Public attention is called to our extraordinary values in Gloves and Mittens for Winter Wear. One dollar and one dollar and fifty cents has been asked and received for similar goods in the past two seasons for goods scarcely equal to those we offer in this sale.

Working Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds.

Dress Gloves and Mittens of the best kinds,

50c. A. PAIR.

The story of how we got them and where we got them will be told later.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

COOK REMEDY CO.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY.

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently

CURED IN 15 TO 35 DAYS.

You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE

taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary

BLOOD POISON

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.

We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians.

$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. 100 page book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 & 308 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

COOK REMEDY CO.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 1, 1897.

The Committee appointed to investigate the relations existing between the Street Railway Companies and Municipalities, and to report to the next Legislature what legislation, if any, is necessary thereon, will give a public hearing on Thursday, Nov. 18, 1897, at 10.30 a. m. in Room 227, State House, Boston, to all persons interested in the subject.

At this time the Committee desires especially to hear from all citizens who may have suggestions to make as to legislation in relation to such companies, including tenure of franchise and methods of taxation.

—Charles Francis Adams,
Chairman.

NOT Good to Eat

To secure best results by the application of an external remedy in the treatment of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy and other chest troubles, be sure and get Benson's Plaster; carefully avoiding imitations and substitutions with which the market is flooded. Benson's Plaster promptly relieves and cures aches and pains of every description, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, etc. Price, 25c.

Antitoxine For Rheumatism.

Dr. Hans Froelich of Chicago, a Swiss physician who has been in America two years, claims that he has found a remedy that will drive rheumatic aches and pains out of the human body. Dr. Froelich is enthusiastic over the new remedy. It is, he explains, of the same nature as the antitoxine remedy used in the cure of diphtheria and the consumption cure which it is claimed has been discovered by a Californian. He claims to have made several private experiments that have shown him beyond all question that his remedy is not only practical, but that it will cure the worst case of rheumatism in less than a week.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hen That Is a Wonder.

A citizen living in Cleveland has a hen that is a wonder. Recently, according to its owner, the hen laid an egg that was 2 15-16 inches in length and 1¾ inches in diameter, beside which an ordinary hen egg looks very small indeed. Recently the same hen laid an egg that contained three yolks. The owner is afraid some one will steal the valuable hen and keeps a close watch on her.

"Kid" McCoy's Blow.

Pugilist "Kid" McCoy counts on his now "corkscrew" blow to win him the world's championship from Fitzsimmons, but a draw may be the best he can do with it.—St. Louis Republic.

FROM THE KLONDIKE

Did You Ever See Iron Pyrites?

It looks like gold, so like it that its other name is "Fool's Gold."

Not one test given gold, though, will iron pyrites stand.

Much the same way with other malt extracts.

They resemble Johann Hoff's. Look like it, but there is one difference—a great difference—none of them will do what Johann Hoff's will.

One dozen bottles of the genuine JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT give as much strength and nourishment as a cask of ale, without being intoxicating.

All dealers sell it. See that the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" is on the neck label of every bottle. *Insist upon it.* None other is genuine or in any way equal to it.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Head Agents, New York, U. S.

SPECIAL SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.

During the next 10 days we shall offer a regular $30 Sewing Machine, manufactured by the New Home Company, at the remarkably low price of $16.75. These Machines have all up-to-date improvements, with a complete set of attachments and a 10 years' guarantee.

$16.75

Sold on 30 Day's Trial.

If not satisfactory, to be returned at our expense. It will pay you to see them.

RING'S BIG STORE,

Sewing Machines and Bicycles, 221, 229 Dutton Street

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

WE HAVE THEM

Stylish Suits and Overcoats for the Men and Boys.

Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Skirts for the Ladies' and Girls.

SOLD ON CREDIT.

Men's Nobby Suits $5 up.
Men's Nobby Overcoats $6 up.
Custom Made Suits $15 up.
Ladies' Jackets $5 up.

No need for anyone to freeze trying to save enough to buy your winter outfit, as our terms will enable you to buy now and pay for goods while wearing them.

EMPIRE CREDIT CLOTHING CO., Over 97 Central St. Open Evenings.

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

NEW Garments AT HALF PRICE.

We have just closed out the complete line of a New York manufacturer. Spot cash made the price low.

Don't Buy an Old Garment at Any Price.

The inducements we offer you this week on new, fresh, stylish Garments were never before equalled. NEW GARMENTS at the same prices others ask for shop worn goods.

New Jackets.

Jackets at $2.95, $3.50 and $3.95, worth double.

Boucle Jacket, fly front, latest sleeve, storm collar, now $4.95, worth double.

All Wool Black Beaver Jackets, half lined, fancy stitching, 26 inches length, or same style in Tan, Covert Cloth, with velvet storm collar, now $5.95, worth double.

New Capes.

One lot of Boucle Capes, lined throughout with fancy serge and trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, now $3.95, worth double.

30-inch Astrachan Cloth Capes, trimmed with Thibet Fur, full sweep, high storm collar, now $5.75, worth double.

New Furs.

One lot Astrachan Fur Capes, 20 inches long, full sweep, high storm collar, satin lined, for a leader this week at $8.75, worth double.

One lot extra fine Astrachan Fur Collarettes, full sweep, high collar, sweeping price $3.49, worth double.

THE LOWELL SUN
John H. Harrington, Publisher.
SUN BUILDING,
Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS
A Member of the Associated Press

The insanity plea is becoming rediculous, especially when it is put forward by such men as Joe Kelley as a pretext for committing a most cold-blooded murder.

There is no question that Col. J. W. Bennett is the logical candidate for the republican mayoralty nomination. To deprive him of the nomination would be an act of treachery which the voters will not tolerate.

The Massachusetts Editor is a publication for newspaper workers that will find a cordial welcome in every editorial room. It is published at North Adams and bids fair to have a bright future.

Thanksgiving is at hand and already some people are preparing for the observance, which consists mainly of a series of gastronomical interviews with a gobbler, during which the latter enters into the subject most thoroughly.

There is a movement against Chinese laundries by the other laundries of the city on the ground of sanitation. The premises may not be as clean as they might be, but if we are to judge from the washing done, the Chinese laundries are not the most uncleanly.

The Boston Herald, speaking of the pension list, says:

"We owe our pension enormities (and that is the appropriate word for them) to republican lust for votes from their beneficiaries."

This is a grave charge but nevertheless true and this form of political hypocrisy is flaunted to the country as love for the soldiers.

A St. Denis, France, suicide selected roasting as the means of his taking off. He built a big fire in his fireplace lay down close to it, and wrote down his impressions as long as he could. The body was in a shocking condition when found. It is singular how suicides will torture themselves when there are so many painless ways of shuffing off the mortal coil.—Taunton Gazette.

Why not organize a society for more sensible methods of suicide? Our own view of the matter is that anybody who resorts to suicide deserves a good roast.

The fact that the Appellate court of New York has declared the anti-trust laws of that state unconstitutional has given the coal trust fresh courage and it is now arranging to lessen the production of coal, so as to cause a famine and raise the prices. The trust will thus demand tribute from every household in the land where its product is used, and yet to curb its operations or restrain its actions is not within the scope of our constitution. We do not accept such a libel upon the constitution of the United States.

The New Time for the month of November is one of the foremost reform magazines in the country. It has among its contributors William Dean Howells, Hon. C. A. Barlow, Mrs. Helen Campbell, Homer C. Davenport, John Wanamaker, Prof. Frank Parsons, Elliweed Pomeroy, H. L. Bliss, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Henry D. Lloyd, J. W. Sullivan, Herbert N. Casson. The contents present a series of brilliant articles upon the leading questions of the day. Among the prominent articles are those by B. O. Flower, Frederick Upham Adams, Herbert N. Casson, William Matthews Handy, Prof. Frank Parsons, Henry L. Bliss, and other distinguished writers upon the subject of government ownership, direct legislation, and other matters of intense interest at the present time. The New Time should be a popular magazine throughout this country, as it deals with the living issues of the hour in the very ablest manner.

DEMOCRATIC DUTY.

Col. Henry Watterson of the Louisville Courier-Journal has made a right about wheel, politically speaking, and will henceforth support the democratic party. Mr. Watterson was one of the dissidents that bolted the Chicago platform, but he has now turned into line and it is expected that a large portion of the gold democrats will follow his example. The New York Journal makes a strong plea for a reunion of all the democratic forces with a view to victory in 1900. The Journal is very sanguine since the great victory of New York, and is confident that with proper management, the democrats can win in the national contest in 1900. Speaking upon the subject of democratic harmony, the Journal says:

"It is the part of democrats everywhere now to co-operate with the majority in their own party, in order that it may become the majority party. The national policy will be fixed in 1900. Out of harmony, harmony achieved by self sacrifice and self abnegation in each state and congressional district, national harmony and national victory will spring.

"There is a common meeting ground for all real democrats. That there are men masquerading as democrats who by calling, conviction, and affiliation are wholly incapable of democratic sentiments, the Journal knows. But they are few and their following is inconsiderable. The majority of the people in this nation are democrats, and for that majority there will be found a point of complete union.

"Already the signs of party harmony are convincing. In New York they culminated in overwhelming victory. The great leader of the democracy will be he who before 1900 helps most to heal every wound in his party."

CURRENT COMMENT.

Tacoma News—The health department of Baltimore wants kissing suppressed "on the ground that it is a public menace." Our oldest and most cherished institutions are not safe these days.

Portland Express—Spanish statesmen have more than once intimated that they "do not care for the good offices of the United States." In that particular they differ very materially from our own statesmen.

Providence Telegram—Our own motion is that the best way to get honest caucuses is for honest men to go to them and fight for their rights in them. That is better than going to boss-ruled legislatures for regulations which will have loopholes in them and afford the skilled workers plenty of chances to carry on their work legitimately. If honest voters will stand by each other they can have their way. The people are honest yet, in spite of the sour-minded prophets of evil.

Haverhill Gazette—Senator Castellar has written an article on the international relations of Spain to the United States, in which he impugns the courage of the McKinley administration. We dislike very much to say so, but there seems to be a good reason, an excellent reason, for calling in question the courage of the present administration, so far as its treatment of the Cuban question is concerned. President McKinley should save his reputation and his bacon at the same time by taking prompt action.

Boston Herald—We all want prosperity; to a certain extent we have obtained some of it by the abnormal profit that has been realized for our agricultural products, and by the demand for these products in foreign countries which has led to active transportation and large earnings by railroad companies. But there is no means by which this act of God can be allied with the Dingley bill, and up to this time, so far as the tariff is concerned, while it has tended in certain instances to raise the price of commodities it has yet to give proof that it has in any way corrected the degradation of man by according him better or higher wages. Higher prices with high wages and constant employment may be an advantage, but we have never heard even a protectionist claim that high prices accompanied by low wages was a beneficent industrial and social condition. The one ounce of fact which we want to see is the prosperity which can be attributed to the tariff and this exhibition, unfortunately, was wanting in Mr. Dingley's address.

New York Times—The true protectionist never admits that a tariff law could be so unpopular as to defeat the party that made it. Whether it be 45 per cent. or 59 per cent., the people must love it and worship its creators. The republican slaughter that followed the McKinley act was atributed to ignorance and caprice. The makers of that law obstinately refused to see that the terrible rebuke of 1890 was meant for them. Mr. Dingley can imagine and adduce a hundred causes for republican defeat in New York. He will never be convinced that his 59 per cent. deficit tariff is one of them. Mr. Dingley is confident that his party and his tariff will have the support of the people in the congressional elections next year and in the presidential year 1900. Th republican tariff act of 1883 was followed by the election of Mr. Cleveland in 1884. The McKinley act was followed by two tremendous democratic victories in the congressional elections of 1890 and 1892 and by the lection of a democratic President. In the last 14 years there have been seven appeals to th people on national questions and four times they have expressed their confidence in the democratic party. Mr. Dingley's party was carried to victory by democratic votes last year and protection was not the issue.

Fall River Globe—Senator Lodge's effort at the Home Market club dinner to show that the recent elections didn't indicate much of a falling off in the republican vote, was about as logical and convincing as the inglorious explanation he made a few weeks ago to excuse his vote on the tariff bill against free hides.

B. J. WEFERS

HE IS AGAIN CHARGED WITH PROFESSIONALISM.

New York, Nov. 15.—B. J. Wefers, the well known amateur sprinter, who has been charged with professionalism at Worcester, Mass., by J. S. Aborn of that city, was on trial Saturday before Messrs. Kelly, Babb and Sullivan, the registration committee of the A.A.U., Casper Whitney also charged Wefers with practices inconsistent with good standing as an amateur. Wefers strenuously denied all charges of receiving money for prizes in athletic contests. Mr. Whitney is absent in Siam, and the only testimony produced except letters from professionals which exonerated Wefers, was that of Mr. Aborn, who declared that Wefers' brother offered the services of the sprinter for a money consideration and that of the brother, who denied making such an offer. A letter was produced in evidence, signed "Harry" said to be from Harry Cornish, in which the writer states his reasons for protesting Wefers were to secure new legislation in the New York athletic club and to "get even" with Weeks with whom he had a grievance. No decision was reached when the committee adjourned for luncheon. Later it was said that the anouncement of the decision had been postponed a week.

If your coal does not suit you, try Mullin, the 953 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone.

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

WISHED HE MIGHT DIE

A Fall River Man That Did; He Now Rejoices to Live and Hails With Joy

The Wonderful Medicine That Cured Him.

James Leonard, 317 Fourth street, Fall River, says: "I have been troubled with catarrh since a small boy; in fact, all my life; I have employed many doctors and specialists and spent hundreds of dollars, but could seem to get very little relief. My nose was badly ulcerated in side and the dropping into my throat was something awful. Many times I have walked the floor with my head bandaged and wished I might die, the pain was so awful. My voice became so husky I could not speak distinctly and my throat was at all times very sore and badly irritated. I have used two bottles of California Catarrh Cure, got from Brady's, and already find myself much improved in every way. My voice is certainly much clearer and the ulcers in my head seem to be disappearing. The awful pain is gone. I consider California Catarrh Cure surely a wonderful medicine and am glad to give my testimonial that others suffering as I have may get relief from this terrible disease."

Catarrh in its fully developed forms is a hideous disease involving decay, filth and actual rottenness, with offensive odors in the very seat of the senses of taste and smell; firmly fixed there, it begins to attack the membrane lining the passages leading to the lungs or the stomach; resulting either in consumption, or what is often called dyspepsia. It is really catarrh of the stomach, intestines, liver, kidneys, and various internal passages California Catarrh Cure will cure all forms of catarrh and will even check incipient consumption. All dealers, 50 cents; three times as much, $1.

SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL

PARKVALES OF LAWRENCE AND THE ENSIGNS WERE WINNERS.

At Atherton Saturday the Albions of this city were beaten by the Parkvales of Lawrence in an interesting game of football.

The Parkvales had the choice of positions and kept the wind at their backs. The Albions kept the ball well in the Parkvales' territory most of the time, but at every goal the ball would sail up to within 15 yards of the Albions' goal. The half time was called with the score 0 to 0.

In the second half the Parkvales played better than in the first half, but the Albions held them down to one goal. The playing of Campbell of the Parkvales at goal was the star feature of the game. The players were:

Albions—Walworth, goal; Townson, Crane, full backs; Summerscales, Wilmont, Whitworth, half backs; Ellison, Waterhouse, Flynn, Nelson and Broadbent, forwards.

Parkvales—Campbell, goal; Anderson Finlan, full backs; Glavin, Ed Campbell, McHugh, half backs; Lawn, Dan Campbell, Costello, Cury and Madden, forwards.

Time—Two 30-minute halves.

Score—Parkvales 1; Albions 0.

ENSIGNS 10; WEST ENDS 4.

One of the greatest games of football that ever took place on the North common was that between the Ensign A. C. and the West Ends Saturday afternoon The Ensigns were greatly handicapped by the loss of their crack half-back, Captian Rourke, who retired early in the game. Stirk of the same team put up a wonderful game at full-back and also Hoar at right half-back. The Ensigns made great gains on the tackles, St. John and Lipay played a star game for the West Ends. The line-up was as follows:

ENSIGNS.	WEST ENDS.
Maguire, l. e.	l. e. Fahey
Chanahan, l. h. b.	l. h. b. Kelly
Jacques, l. t.	l. t. Fadden
Lowell, l. g.	l. g. Gibbins
Murry, c.	c. Ryan
Callahan, r. g.	r. g. Savard
Redding, r. t.	r. t. St. John
Hoar, r. h. b.	r. h. b. Grimes
Gibbin, r. e.	r. e. Lipay
Stirk, f. b.	f. b. Ring
Quinn, q. b.	q. b. Brown

Touchdowns—Stirk 2, Kelly 1. Umpire, Donnelly. Referee, Flannery.

MARTIN'S FAST MILE.

William Martin, the American rider, who has been having so much success in Australia for the past two years, has ridden, according to a cable message received from the Antipodes, a straight-away mile on an asphalt track in 1:19 3-5, but as yet there are no particulars as to whether he was paced or had a cyclone behind him.

STORIES OF THE STREET

Lowell People are Talking About It on Every Corner.

It is sometimes an easy matter to fool the public, but you can't keep it up very long. They are sure to find you out, and every time a man is fooled, another skeptic is made. Skepticism is allowable when reading in a home newspaper about some incident occurring in San Francisco or Iowa, but the circumstances are entirely different when it refers to someone right here at home, friends and neighbors, people you know, whom you can see, and with whom you talk it over. This is the kind of evidence at the back of Doan's Kidney Pills—home statements by home people, and the astonishing local work they have been doing has caused more talk among our citizens than the doings of any other modern wonder. Read the following:

Mrs. Knowles of 46 Cross street, says: "I suffered with painful backache for over a year, dizziness, severe headache and a urinary weakness. I saw in my paper that Doan's Kidney Pills were curing cases like mine and got a box at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets. I had not taken many before there was quite an improvement I got the second box and now I can say my suffering has ceased. I am all right in every way. I do not hesitate to give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit of curfor the kidney trouble and every pain connected with it. You may use my name and say I am willing to answer anyone who may apply to me with trouble like mine."

For sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

OF HORSE RACING

Medford Writer Discusses Its Many Benefits.

CLAIMS THE SPORT SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED.

Harm Done by all Advised Reformers.

Gambling is inseparable from human life. That we challenge any and all men to dispute and found their argument on fact. When a man sails from Boston on a ship which represents his entire wealth or any part of his wealth he stakes that whole or part against the dangers of the sea that he will reach port safely.

When an insurance company writes a policy on a man's life it bets the difference between the face of the policy and the premium that he will not die until he has paid in enough premiums to cover the loss; and the man bets his premium that he will die before he pays in the face of the policy. We might go on indefinitely and then would find the axiom, "Life and all of life is a chance.

Sin abounds in every phase of human life; it is as inseparable from members of churches as it is from all other men. What, then, are we to do with mankind at large? Shal we wipe them out because they sin? Going into details, shall we wipe out every man in business because some are robbers? Shall we withdraw scholarshipsc and banner class prizes because some men and children are dishonest? Shall we cancel all life insurance policies because some men are frauds? Shall we do away with progressive whist because some people cheat?

Shall we stop bowling, billiards, golf and such social sports because some people play unfair?

Shall we stop the sport of horse-racing because there are dishonest men on the turf? And lastly, fully measuring the possibility of censure which may be meted out to us for drawing the comparison shall we cease to preach to men of the heavenly reward for earthly well doing because there are hypocrites in the church? We have read in God's law: "Let him among you who is without sin cast the first stone."

A writer, said to be a clergyman, in the Medford, Mass., Light for November, 1897, speaks as follows:

It is an indisputable fact that the gentlemen who caused pool selling to be stopped at the Combination and Mystic parks have driven many thousands from Medford this year, and to that degree diminished the wealth of our city, and in addition, have largely depreciated the value of an investment in race tracks.

We do not make issue with the gentlemen who caused this financial loss; far from that. They are sincere Christians and are working zealously for Medford's advancement from their point of view; nevertheless, we regret the loss which has come to the grocer, the druggist, the doctor, the butcher, the harness maker, the baker, the dress maker, the washerwoman, the horse shoer, and the church, because of the closing of the race tracks.

Ever since the world began, mankind has delighted in sports and sports are necessary for his physical as well as his spiritual well being.

God's Son said these words:

Can the son of a man do better than to remember his own humanity? Shall we not with spirit of true Christianity say to ourselves. Christ knows better than we can the measure of human weakness.

Who is there among us so pure that he may assume to stone his neighbors?

Scholarship prizes, banner class prizes, banner contribution prizes, progressive whist and euchre prizes, prizes for bowling, billiards, tennis, golf, and all the various sorts, kinds and conditions of prizes given for excellence in any and all directions by men to men for results of contests, benefit mankind at large by developing man's many sided nature to the utmost. Prizes given for speed on the race tracks, for beauty of form, for excellence of training, for docility, for strength among horses, benefit mankind practically by conducing to the safety of the body, and morally by bringing him in close touch with and making him more thoughtful with one of God's grandest creatures in animal form, the horse.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13.

4—Mary Monahan, 64, myocarditis.
6—Oriana Champagne, 6 mos., brain disease.
6—————Tweed, half hour, premature.
Marie Tallard, 64 pneumonia.
Joseph Rondeau, 1 day, general debility.
Sabina Ash, 67, cancer.
Florence Carey, days, prem. birth.
7—Patrick H. Shoughro, 1 hour, asphixia.
Delia McCaffrey, 23, pulm. tuber.
Mary Shenck, 61, bronchitis.
John W. Fletcher, 4 days, infantile debility.
8—John Foley, 11 mos. diphtheria.
Sarah J. Guthrie, 43, hemorrhage.
Thomas Singleton, 71, paralysis.
9—Albert H. Donnellan, 7, acute nephitris.
Miles F. Martin, 4, diphtheria.
Willie Brown, 1 hour, atelectesis.
Noahdiah Lund, 57, heart disease.
Catherine O'Connor, 62, carcimona of stomach.
Patrick Harrahan 65, heart disease.
10—Stephen Ferlard, 8, phthisis.
Mary McLaughlin, 25, phthisis.
Natalie Keep, 4, meningitis.
Azro M. Webster, 19, carbuncle.
Frank M. Hart, 31, acute phthisis.
Samuel Erskine, 70, pneumonia.
Edgar W. Gilman, 59, chronic bron.
11—Julia Collins, 69, apoplexy.
George W. Parker, 70, heart disease.
Benjamin Miklisvansky, 73, senile brohchorhoea.
Adele St. Mars, 63, acute encephalitis.
12—Dorlia Regnier, 4, croup.
Edgar Blanchette, 2, pneumonia.
Alfred Rourke, 20, meningitis.

—Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Bon Ami
WILL NOT SCRATCH
BUT IS COARSE ENOUGH TO CLEAN.
All Grocers.

AN ELOQUENT SERMON

BY REV. FR. WHALEN, O.S.A., OF LAWRENCE AT THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH.

Rev. Fr. Whalen, O.S.A., of Lawrence preached at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday. He delivered a sermon on "Death."

He first read the epistle and gospel of the 23rd Sunday after Pentecost and telling the story of the raising of Jairus' daughter and of the woman cured by touching the hem of the Savior's garment. This brief gospel, said the preacher, related two miracles of our Lord, either of which suggested many thoughts by which all might profit. But the most striking fact in the passage was that of death—the ruler's daughter was just now dead. Her father besought the Lord, whose fame had gone out through Judea and Galilee, to come to his house and his daughter would live again. But the ruler and the humble woman showed great faith and their prayers were granted.

Passing to his theme, that of death, the preacher said it was a truism to say that all must die. And yet people, knowing the fact too well, too often banish the idea of it from their minds and live as if there were no such thing as death, "and after death the judgment." The time will surely come when it shall be said of each of us, "He is dead." We may not know the time, but no one is sure that he will see tomorrow's sun. Life is a field in which the reaper Death is ever at work At each swing of his sickle many blades of grass go down. We may be near the end of the field or close to the reaper; we canot tell; but sooner or later our time will come to fall beneath his blade.

The preacher disclaimed any intention of preaching a lugubrious or startling discourse; he sought only to direct his hearers to the ever-present fact of death, and to urge them to prepare for it rationally. He would not that they should be as men who would say "I may not see tomorrow," for that would paralyze all energy, prevent all enterprise for the future, and make the world barren. But he desired that his hearers should look to the end which is certain with the same prudence that men show in their business lives. If men left their business to care for itself, they would soon be driven to the wall. And it is the same way with spiritual affairs, in the care of the soul's business. If neglected, the soul becomes spiritually bankrupt.

Death often comes without any warning. A great saint went forth to say mass. Three times he began "I will go forth unto the altar of God," and fell dead on the altar steps. In the early days of the church, when persecution was rampant, a deacon in the church was singing the alleluias of Easter time when an arrow, shot by the persecutors, pierced his heart and he finished the alleluias in Heaven.

Fr. Whalen enumerated the simple requirements of the preparation for death. They were embraced in the one injunction, "Be faithful to the duties of your state." It was not necessary to be a priest or nun to live in a convent, to save one's soul. The cowl did not make the monk nor the habit the religious. The people in the world, no matter what their avocation, were as able to secure salvation as the cloistered monastic.

The preacher dwelt with impressive force on the deaths he had seen in his own experience, of the drunkard reeling into the presence of his Judge, of the sinner called away in the midst of his sins. In closing, Fr. Whalen recapitulated the points of his discourse and assured his hearers that if they were faithful to their duties they could go through life enjoying all the delights of earthly existence, bearing with resignation all its trials and hardships, with confidence that when called upon to give an account of their stewardship they would receive the glad announcement, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant; enter thou into the joy of the Lord," and forever enjoy the happiness of a blissful eternity.

MUSIC HALL.

"A GAY NEW YORKER."

At Music Hall this evening the reigning musical comedy success, "A Gay New Yorker" will be presented. This bright melange of new features, songs, dances, and specialties is well backed by an interesting story, replete with complications and ludicrous situations, but interesting withal. It is a laugh from the rise to the fall of the curtain and is in the hands of one of the strongest of comedy companies. High class specialties are interspersed and the play goes with a dash and spirit bound to interest an audience. You get sixty laughs a minute and you goes away with the desire for more of the same kind. Ed Rogers, Ed M. Ryan, Harry Edwards, Charles Gorman, James Stanton, W. McAvory, Nellie Franklin, Daisy Kernell, the Ryeford sisters, Mamie Dunn, Ada Hyle and Cora Strong are the merry-makers.

"A JAY IN NEW YORK."

William Jerome's Herald Square Comedians will present at Music Hall Thursday, Friday and Saturday the funny comedy "A Jay in New York," and it is without doubt the funniest show on the road this season. It fairly teems with bright dialogue and catchy music, and it is enacted by a company of unusual merit throughout. The play deals with the unfortunate complications of Jay Smith during his first visit to the metropolis. Mr. Blondell, who plays the "Jay" is conceded one of the cleverest Yankee comedians and the press has gone so far as to compare him to Denham Thompson. Miss Maude Nugent, the author of "Sweet Rosie O'Grady," plays the part of "Daisy," and plays it with all the known chic and vivacity. William Jerome has made the hit of his life in the character of "Dusty Streets," a man with a beer income and a wine appetite. Hays and Bandy, the dancing wonders, the Harbecks, Thomas E. Sedkwick, Libbie Blondell, the Maynard sisters, May Davis and Lulu Leslie, are all happily cast and the show promises to be one of the big winners of the present season.

PEOPLE'S CLUB.

The first entertainment of the season at the People's club (Women's branch) took place Saturday night under the direction of Miss Adelaide Noyes. As usual with Miss Noyes' entertainments it was first class. The audience was large and appreciative. The program was as follows: Recitation by Misses Jesise Lewis, Maria Coggeshall, Ruth Crawford and Faith Doley; club swinging by Bertha Brims; piano solo, Helen Savage; dumb-bell exercise, Gracie Shipman, Pearl Robinson; songs by Gracie Mansfield, Theresa Rock, Ethel Walsh; mandolin and banjo selections, Erie Banjo club, Ethel Lawrence, Edith and Mirtle Whitcomb.

The Big 7 defeated the Boulevards Saturday by a score of 6 to 0. In their challenge to other teams the Boulevards say their average weight is 145 lbs. The Big 7 average is 120, a difference of 25 pounds. The odds against the victorious team were great and they won out solely by their grit and masterly manoeuvers. The Big 7 is open to all challenges from 120 to 130 pound teams in the vicinity.

—Cox, Manager of Big 7 F. B. C.

Contractor C. P. Conant hopes to get the roof of the Varnum school annex on very soon in which case work can go on upon the interior during the winter.

The share assessed upon Lowell by the county for the grading of the Lowell end of the new Tyngsboro highway is $2513.41.

First class printing done at this office.

It's 'World's Fair'
that suits most smokers — the best cut plug sold—it's made from choicest leaf, like all
B-L
TOBACCOS

When You Want to Get the
FINEST CLASS OF ALE
In the city, call at GEORGE ENWRIGHT'S place at 14 Middlesex street. This is the only place on the south side of the city where you can get Beitz's half stock ale. Just drop in and sample a glass. Also the choicest brands of wines, liquors and cigars

5c. Will Buy
1 quart Cranberries,
1 quart Best Pea Beans,
1 quart Best Roasted Peanuts, hot from our new rotary oven.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
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Tel 344-4 Wamesit Bank Block

PLEASANT TO TAKE
DROPPED ON SUGAR.
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES COLDS CROUP COUGH COLIC CRAMPS

All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power and are loud in its praise. Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Do not forget the very important and useful fact, that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of Inflammation, Internal or External. It is a fact, proven by the investigations of medical science, that the real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.
For Internal as much as External Use
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years except for the fact that it does possess extraordinary merit for very many Family Ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction, and handed down to their children a knowledge of its worth, as a Universal Household Remedy, from infancy to good old age. Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.
Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free.

BLUE PEOPLE BRIGHT.
The business man's friend, Bicola Pills, are a scientific remedy, and the only perfect cure for the diseases of the nervous system. A remedy adapted for the banker, doctor, lawyer, preacher, and merchant. While Bicola Pills are intended for all who are afflicted with nervous weakness, they are particularly adapted to women suffering from a weakened condition of the nervous system, with prostration, faintness, etc. Bicola Pills give immediate relief—for rheumatism, and all blood and nervous troubles. Discovered and perfected by THE TURNERS of Philadelphia. The Turners also make
TARZINA—The only ointment for skin troubles. Cures Piles.
TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.
SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.
F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beaulieu & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassan, J. S. Westwood, George A. Wilson & Co.

STEINERT'S PIANOS
Look!
Steinway, Hardman, Braumuller, Pease, Weser, With Mandolin Attachment, and six other different makes.
Lowell Leaders, 34 PRESCOTT STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 237 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Masonic Block, Counsellors-at-Law. William P. Courtney, Henry S. Courtney.
LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.
W. A. LEW, 49 John Street, Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.
CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 16, Hildreth Building, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
J. H. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street, Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Stout & Kingsbury.)
PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

DON'T
Put off the bow to the inevitable. Your sleigh must be made ready for winter use sooner or later. To-day is not any too soon. What little time there is will be needed for the paint and varnish to dry and harden.
We are already at work on quite a few.
Can we add yours to the list?
The SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY
WORTHEN STREET.

The DAYLIGHT Incandescent Gas Lamp
will save you one-half your gas and give three times the light. The DAYLIGHT Mantles will last three times as long as any other on the market. Try them.
I have for sale Chimneys (glass or mica) that will fit lamp in use.
Geo. H. Bachelder,
SOLE AGENT,
23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.
Telephone 507-3.

The Prices of the Best Grades of WATCHES
Have advanced, but we are selling lower than ever before for cash. Call and get our prices
J. D. Grant, Practical Watchmaker.
64 Merrimack Street.
Particular attention given to Watch Repairing.

Notice, For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor will make his $22 suits for $15, his $28 suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

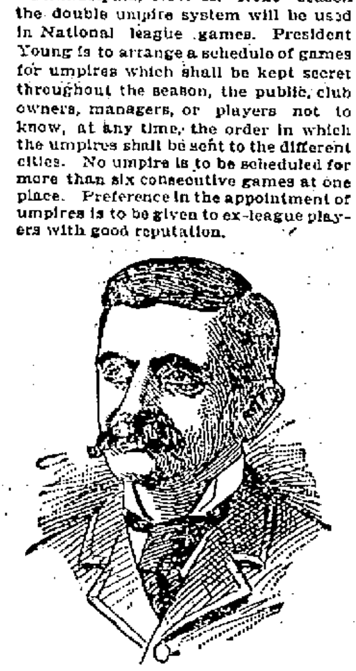
Go to Central Supply Co. for
Clothing on Credit
We have the largest stock as we clothe the entire family, and keep the most stylish clothing the very lowest prices and easiest terms.
117 Merrimack Street, over Moor Bros.'
OPEN EVENINGS.

TO CHECK BALL FIELD ROWS

Important Action by the National League Controllers.

Exhibition of Temper to End—Two Umpires to Serve at Next Year's Games—Saturday's Football Events.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—Next season the double umpire system will be used in National league games. President Young is to arrange a schedule of games for umpires which shall be kept secret throughout the season, the public, club owners, managers, or players not to know, at any time, the order in which the umpires shall be sent to the different cities. No umpire is to be scheduled for more than six consecutive games at one place. Preference in the appointment of umpires is to be given to ex-league players with good reputation.



PRESIDENT R. E. YOUNG OF THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

A committee of three will report at the spring meeting a plan which will define foul, indecent and obscene language on the ball field, and prescribe a method of procedure for the punishment of offenders, the penalty for which offense, upon conclusive proof, shall be expulsion, with a prohibition of engagement by any club operating under protection of the national agreement and without the possibility of pardon or reinstatement. The plan provides for the reference of any case which may arise under the provisions of this rule to three men who shall have no interest in any club in the league, and whose decision shall be final. The schedule for next season will provide for four trips between the east and west instead of two, as has been the rule for several years, and also provide for 154 games to be played by each club instead of 132.

The season will extend from April 15 to Oct. 15, inclusive. Last year the season was from April 22 to Oct. 2. The extended period for next year will give opportunity for the playing of the 22 additional games required to be played by each club. Under the new rule clubs will be permitted to play two games on one day during the first as well as other series in order to dispose of postponed games, and postponed games may be played off on grounds other than those on which the game was prevented. Heretofore special consent from the league was required to change the place for playing off postponed games.

NOT UP TO STANDARD.

Cambridge, Nov. 15.—To anyone who had witnessed the memorable battles between the crimson and the blue on Hampden park, Springfield, the scene at the close of Saturday's game was a strange one, and left a tinge of general disappointment in the atmosphere. There was no cheering, no enthusiasm, at the end, although 25,000 persons attended; neither side had won, neither had scored, and that spectacular feature—the wild, exultant burst of enthusiasm from the victors—was entirely missed. The contest was clean and manly. Twice Harvard lost the ball for holding, and once the crimson was given five yards on Yale's interference while putting the ball in play.

Critically the game was not up to the standard of modern football of the first class. The play on both sides lacked the perfect organization, the advanced tactics, and the well drilled execution that were to have been expected. On the defense both elevens were remarkably strong; on the attack, they were signally weak. Yale presented a stronger defensive front than popular opinion gave credit for; Harvard's plan of attack was far weaker than anyone expected. Yale used a fairly close formation, concentrating its power chiefly on the tackles, where the players made all their material gains. They had no tricks and few intricate formations of any kind.

Harvard's offense consisted chiefly of an "end's back" formation, which was often divided—too often for ground gaining purposes—outside of the tackles and ends. Although a few tandems with a guard in the interference were hurled at Yale's center, it was a mystery why more repeated attempts were not made in this direction. The Harvards had no novel plays, and what they had were poorly used. It may be safely said that the aggressive play of both elevens was far below the standard.

At times the Yale backs made miserable attempts at punting. Four times they had their kicks blocked by the Harvard forwards; once it turned to their own advantage, and but once decidedly to Harvard's. Haughton was guilty of several bad but not costly fumbles, while Yale's backfield seemed to misjudge the punts continually, and they were never sure on their catches. Neither team had any advantage over the other in the total amount of ground gaining. Both were weak on the offense, as is shown from the fact that neither was able to gain a considerable distance by consecutive rushes. At the end Yale seemed to be fresher. Not one of its men was forced to leave the game, while four Harvard players succumbed to injuries.

The general feeling after the game was one of intense disappointment, tempered by the consolation that Yale's unexpected strength fell short of actual victory. The general opinion is that Harvard blundered fatally in trying an end play on Yale's five-yard line instead of putting Bouve through the center.

As to the effect the game will have on the athletic relations between Harvard and Yale it is admitted that the general situation has been much improved by it. The atmosphere certainly betokens more sportsmanlike conduct and less bitter rivalry than was the case in the days of the Springfield games.

One of the special features of the game was the tremendous crowd of students and graduates from nearly every other college and university in the country. The orange and black of Princeton, the brown and white and white of Brown, the carnelian and white of Cornell, the dark green of Dartmouth, the purple and white of Amherst, the red and blue of Pennsylvania, and the purple of Williams, all mingled in a grand galaxy of color with the crimson and blue of the two leading American universities. Princeton, Amherst and Williams were all found cheering for Yale, while Pennsylvania, Cornell and Dartmouth shouted for Harvard. In fact, nearly every prominent college in the country were represented and gave their own particular cheer for either one side or the other.

OTHER GAMES SATURDAY.

New York—Brown, 18; Carlisle Indians, 14.

Buffalo—Cornell, 42; Williams, 0.

New Haven—Yale freshmen, 10; Princeton freshmen, 0.

Hanover, N. H.—Dartmouth, 54; Amherst, 0.

Philadelphia—Pennsylvania university, 22; Wesleyan, 0.

Troy—Worcester tech, 6; Rensselaer, 0.

FINE GAME AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—The feature of the game Sunday afternoon between the Baltimores and All-Americans was the clever stick work of Lange, the All-American center fielder. Four times at the bat, he was credited with four base hits, one a home run over the center field fence in the second inning. Kelley, the third baseman for the Baltimores, made the greatest hit ever seen on the grounds. In the first inning he sent the ball over the center fence and made a circuit of the bases. The game was remarkable for the many double plays, no less than six being made.

Stahl, the right field for Boston, who is playing in the same position for the All-Americans, made a phenomenal catch in the first half of the eighth inning, running into center field and capturing a hot liner from Griffin's bat. He threw the ball to the home plate and retired Jennings. Attendance, 6000. Score:

Baltimore ....2 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 2—6
All-American ....1 5 0 0 0 1 0 0 —7

Pond and Donahue; Rhines and Smith.

WESTERN CHAMPIONS BEATEN.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—The coaches and backers of the university of Chicago football team offer the Wisconsin university eleven a guarantee of $5000 for another game here. The Chicago men declare that "luck" and not superiority gave the badgers Saturday's victory and are confident of success if another battle occurred. With the offer of $5000 goes a stipulation that the game is to occur in Chicago on Nov. 20, 27, or the second Saturday after Thanksgiving.

Nearly 10,000 football enthusiasts saw the eleven from the university of Wisconsin defeat the Chicagoans, 23 to 8. Had it not been for two bad fumbles by Wisconsin in the second half Chicago would have been shut out, for the hitherto unbeaten champions were completely outplayed.

THE HANDICAP KING.

Bellair, Fla., Nov. 15.—About 2000 persons witnessed the racing which wound up the national circuit chase here. Nat Butler won the two-mile handicap, thus defending his title of "handicap king." His time was 4:01 2-5. The owner of the track presented him with $50 in gold. Frank Powers of Jacksonville defeated Peabody of Chicago in the special two-mile race.

ILL TEMPERED BOXER ARRESTED.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—A four-round bout between Joe Butler, the colored pugilist of Philadelphia, and Jack Bonner of Summit Hill, Pa., was stopped in the second round. In the first round Butler knocked Bonner down, and when the latter started to rise Butler twice fouled him. The referee overlooked the fouls, however, and the round ended. The men mixed it up lively in the second, and in a clinch both were in danger of going over the ropes when the referee, Ernest Crowhurst, separated them and sent them to their corners. This angered Butler, who made a vicious lunge at Crowhurst. A policeman then stepped on the platform and took Butler into custody.

JOCKEY SLOANE FLATTERED.

London, Nov. 15.—The Referee, which is considered one of the highest sporting authorities in England, pays a great compliment to Tod Sloane, the American jockey. It says: "At the present moment we do not think we have a more popular personage on the turf than little Sloane. If the little American goes on doing as well as he has been doing we shall probably have a school of imitators spring up. His method is superior to the English, but only prolonged experience and a comparison of the two styles can determine which pays best."

RIOT AT FOOTBALL GAME.

Denver, Nov. 15.—The football game between the teams of the East Denver and West Denver high school students ended in a riot. That no one was seriously injured was due to the fact that a dozen policemen were sent to the scene and dispersed the mob.

The game had been characterized from the start by slugging, several players being hurt, and when fraud was charged against the East Denver team in making a touchdown, a free fight was at once started among the players, the spectators taking part. When the police arrived the East Denver team had barricaded themselves in their dressing room, and the mob was making desperate efforts to break in.

LEGALITY OF THE BOYCOTT.

St. Louis, Nov. 15.—A decision that is of interest throughout the country to organized labor has been rendered in the United States circuit court of appeals here. The case was heard by Judges Thayer, Sanborn and Caldwell, and involves the legal right of a labor union to resort to the boycott. According to the opinions of Judges Thayer and Sanborn, the boycott is not a legal weapon.

Judge Caldwell, however, takes exception to the views of the other two judges, and sets forth his opinion in emphatic terms. Judges Thayer and Sanborn affirmed the decree of the trial court prohibiting the defendants from continuing their boycott against the plaintiff.

The case was that of the Oxley Stave company of Kansas City, Kan., against members of the Coopers' union of Kansas City and the Trades assembly of the same place. The union enforced a boycott against the company. Judges Sanborn and Thayer contended that the defendants had no right to form a conspiracy to deprive the plaintiff of its own rights to manage its own business. If such a thing was lawful then a combination might be organized to prevent the use of the typesetting machines, presses, harvesters, threshing machines and thousands of other useful inventions. The dissenting judge holds that the boycott is a legitimate weapon when employed without violence.

SHOT BY KING OF DUDES.

New York, Nov. 15.—J. Waldere Kirk, known as the "king of dudes," who came here recently from Chicago, was arraigned Sunday on a charge of shooting Richard E. Mandelbaum in a hotel and held in $2500 bail for examination Nov. 23.

According to the policeman Mandelbaum failed to find his wife in her room when he returned to the hotel Saturday and went to Kirk's room and kicked in the door. Kirk is said to have fired five times at the intruder. One bullet entered Mandelbaum's body just above the heart and one struck him in the groin. The others went wild. Kirk said he shot in self-defense, declaring that Mandelbaum struck him with a blunt instrument.

COULDN'T WAIT LEGAL PROCESS.

Osceola, Ark., Nov. 15.—Henry Phillips, alias Doc Jones, a negro, a self-confessed murderer, was lynched in the courtyard here at midnight Saturday by a mob composed of prominent citizens of this town and the surrounding country. The direct cause of the lynching was the murder of a merchant near here by Phillips a few days ago.

POSTMASTER AFTER REDRESS.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 15.—Postmaster Mallon has caused the arrest of Mayor Olmstead, A. A. Newberry, E. B. Hyde and D. F. Wetzel, prominent citizens, who were officers of the Citizens' National bank, which failed with a deposit of $8110 of postoffice money. As the bank was not a United States depository, the loss falls upon the postmaster and his bondsmen. He charges the defendants with knowledge that the bank was insolvent when his deposit was taken.

HANDBALL CHAMPION.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—William Carney successfully defended his title as handball champion of the world against Fireman Louis Keegan Sunday afternoon. It was the second series of the contest which began Nov. 7. On that occasion Carney won six games out of eight, and in the second meeting he had only to win two games to get the necessary eight in fifteen. The scores: Carney, 21, 14, 21; Keegan, 4, 21, 9.

YELLOW FEVER AT MOBILE.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 15.—Only one new case of yellow fever was reported Sunday. There were no deaths. Total cases, 243; deaths, 44; recoveries, 279; under treatment, 20.

Human Ingenuity.

Certainly, for the mechanic, human ingenuity has never produced a better liniment than Salvation Oil, which now stands unexcelled for curing his sprains and bruises caused by a fall; or cuts and wounds the result of an accident with his tool or saw. Salvation Oil always kills pain. "Recently, I fell about twenty feet and was very much bruised on my leg and side, but after bathing them with Salvation Oil the bruises soon disappeared. I think Salvation Oil is just the thing for sores and bruises." A. Jacob Rice, 520 Church St., Easton, Pa.. Salvation Oil may be bought anywhere for 25 cents. Substitutes offered by dealers may cost less; hence, do less. Salvation Oil, however, never disappoints the user.

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough, It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

MARTIN THORN'S HANDSAW

The Supposed Place of Burial Pointed Out by Mrs. Nack.

The Woman Hopes Not for Leniency—Thorn's Lawyer Threatens Her With Dire Things Before the Trial Closes.

New York, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Nack was taken from the Queens county jail Sunday and, for the first time since she was removed to Long Island City from the Tombs, left the courthouse buildings. She went to corroborate a part of her confession, and today the authorities hope to be able to locate the saw with which it is claimed Thorn dismembered the body of Guldensuppe. The party drove through Woodside, but not near the now notorious cottage where the murder occurred, to a point between Flushing and College Point, known as College Hill. In her confession, Mrs. Nack had indicated that as the locality in which the saw was buried. She thought she could find the spot, and when taken there indicated the vicinity. She was not sure of the exact place, but was sure she was able to tell within a few feet. When the spot was located as nearly as possible, the three re-entered the coach, and it was driven back to Long Island City.

Mrs. Nack has issued a statement intended to show that she had really been converted, and had not appeared as a witness against Martin Thorn in order to save her own life. She says she hopes for no leniency and she is ready to die. This places her case in a very serious position. It has been assumed that her lawyer, E. M. Friend, had come to some understanding with District Attorney Youngs, of Queens county, and that she would be permitted to plead "guilty" to some degree of crime less than murder in the first degree. When she was examined Wednesday she positively replied to the question put by Surrogate Weller that her confession was purely voluntary, and that no promises of any kind had been made by the district attorney. If this be true she may be tried for murder in the first degree, as she is legally guilty of the crime, accepting her own version as accurate.

If, as she says, she did not kill Guldensuppe herself, she was as guilty as Thorn, whom she assisted in all the preliminary arrangements, bringing not only the victim, but the material for getting rid of his body, knowing that he was to be hacked to pieces. Mr. Friend says he permitted her to confess, knowing that it would be for her benefit, as the case of the prosecution was far stronger than the public imagined.

William F. Howe, Thorn's counsel, has been making a thorough investigation of Mrs. Nack's record. He professes to be in a position to prove that many portions of her story are untrue. He says she is a cunning criminal. In reference to her confession, he remarked: "Just consider what this woman has done. She is a most awful spider criminal by her own words. She, a married woman, loved both Guldensuppe and Thorn. She cannot have both. She plans Guldensuppe's death, takes her own money to hire the house in which to carry out her murderous plans, and lures Guldensuppe to that house; she kills him, yes, kills him. She says Thorn kills him. We say she did it. Thorn was not the assassin, but her tool. At the last moment she swears Thorn's life away to save her own. We shall show this desperate criminal in her true colors."

MR. PLATT SPEAKS

Condemning Seth Low as a Traitor.

AND A MAN WHOM REPUBLICANS COULDN'T TRUST.

Says New York's Defeat is Insignificant.

New York, Nov. 15.—Senator Platt, who has had little to say since the election, prepared the following statement in answer to repeated requests: "It is the plain purpose of those Republican factionists, who, failing in every effort repeatedly made to control the Republican organization, projected Seth Low into the municipal campaign, thereby dividing the anti-Tammany vote, to force into the public mind the impression that the responsibility for this division attaches not to them, but to the Republican organization. Just as during the campaign they stopped at no act of treachery in order to create dissension, so now they are hesitating at no falsehood of calumny in order to promote it and keep it alive.

"This malicious misrepresentation of these incurable factionists must not go unchallenged. No fair minded Republican, who will allow his mind to go back over the events of the last six months, can fail to remember that the attitude of the Republican organization up to the very last moment at which the law permitted a nominating certificate to be filed was much more than favorable to a union with the Citizens' organization. Fair minded men will remember that when Mr. Quigg assumed the presidency of the county committee he made the offer of union distinctly and in terms. They will remember indeed that when the Citizens' association organized, it adopted a platform which was intended to commit its members to the 'go it alone' policy. This platform denied the relation of a national political party to municipal affairs. It challenges the right of the Republican party to make a Republican nomination. It placed upon the doctrine of non-partisanship a new interpretation, and one which forbade the possibility of co-operation between the Republican party and the Citizens' union.

"No party should be false to its principles. The fact that Mr. Low was not the man for whom the Republican party could afford to be responsible was shown by his personal conduct throughout the canvass. It was shown when, after saying that he would not allow himself to become the instrument of disruption, he made himself the leader in the crime of preventing a union. It was shown in his shameful abuse of General Tracy, the man who gave him his first opportunities by generously retiring from the field several years ago; and it was shown when, after the two nominations had been made, he refused, or his managers refused for him, even to consider the proposition of retiring jointly with the Republican candidate and substituting some such man as Secretary Cornelius Bliss or ex-Mayor Frederick A. Schroeder, either one of whom could have been made the leader of a united, harmonious and victorious host.

"The Republican defeat in New York was a local defeat. It had its cause in local controversies. In the state the Republican majorities above the Harlem were all that could be desired. The elections throughout the country proved that Republican principles have lost no part of the strong hold upon the people of which the victory of 1896 gave magnificent evidence. The Republican organization in New York and in the city of New York no less than in the ... districts is still powerful, earnest and devoted. In the menace of another Bryanite campaign factional controversies will be soon forgotten and Republicans will be Republicans again."

THE POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Postmaster General Gary, in his annual report, says that there has been no extravagance of expenditure save that obligated by law. Reiterating the injustice inflicted both upon the postal revenues and the people by second class mail matter carriage regulations, the enactment by congress of some measure to remedy the wrong, similarly pointed out by the past postmaster general, is urged. As to this the postmaster general says: "If this were done there would be an end to postal deficits, and the service could be enlarged and popularized by a broad extension of free delivery without infringement upon the general resources of the government, and eventually result in the much-desired reduction of letter postage to one cent per ounce."

On the question of establishing a banking system in connection with the department, the report says: Many millions of dollars is undoubtedly secreted by people who have little or no confidence in ordinary securities and monetary institutions organized by private citizens. It is dead capital, but if its owners could be inspired with absolute confidence in the security of an investment, it is altogether probable that the bulk of this fund would find its way into the channels of trade and commerce. If the government undertook this task, the service would undoubtedly be gladly accepted by the people. Their faith in the government is unbounded.

MURDER OVER A WOMAN.

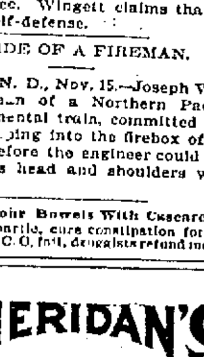
Sandusky, O., Nov. 15.—George Wingett, a white man, killed William Everett, colored, in a row over a woman. Wingett stabbed Everett in the abdomen, inflicting a fatal wound. Wingett fled and was caught by a mob of negroes, who wanted to lynch him, but after a desperate struggle he escaped from the mob and surrendered himself to the police. Wingett claims that he acted in self-defense.

SUICIDE OF A FIREMAN.

Mandan, N. D., Nov. 15.—Joseph Williams, fireman of a Northern Pacific trans-continental train, committed suicide by jumping into the firebox of his engine. Before the engineer could pull him out his head and shoulders were consumed.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

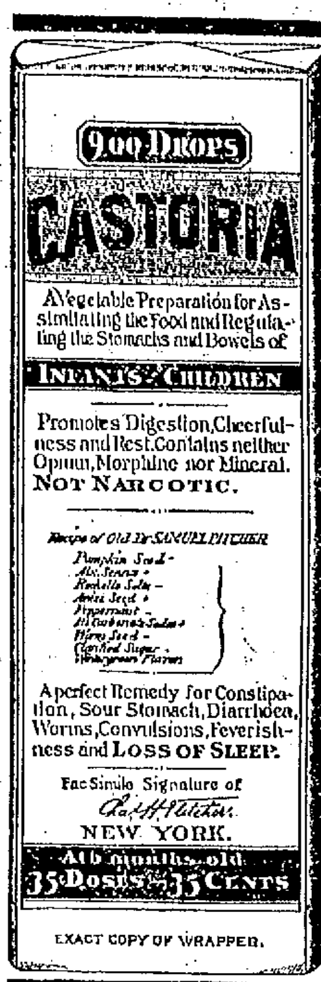
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER



It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise, your profit this fall and winter will be lost when the price for eggs is very high. It assures perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to produce health and form eggs. It is sold by druggists, grocers, feed dealers or by mail. If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. ... Custom House St., Boston, Mass.



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MONEY TO BURN!

You Will Have Money to Burn If You Trade at

John Drain's, 111 Gorham St.

Below is a list of bargain offers for this week:

Children's Cloaks.

Children's Cloaks were $4.00, now $2.75.
Children's Cloaks were $3.00, now $2.25.
Children's Cloaks were $2.25, now $1.00.

Beautiful Bonnets

to match Cloaks equally as cheap. 38c. Bonnets 25c, 75c. Bonnets now 50c, $1.25 Bonnets now 75c.

Something that will interest everybody at this season of the year is the price at which we are selling

Woolen Yarns of All Grades

Very best Scotch Yarn, 25c. quality, our price 20c. Very Best Saxony Yarn, 15c. quality, our price 10c. Very best Spanish Yarn, 25c. quality, our price 15c. Very best Germantown Yarn, 20c. quality, our price 12c. Remember we have the different Yarns in all colors and of all the best makes. Some dealers when they advertise yarn, it is old stock, but not so in this case, as our yarns are all new and clean. The reason why we can sell our yarn so cheap is we placed our orders early before prices advanced. Same with all our woolen stock. Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves at about 25 per cent. below any other house in Lowell. Everything in our store marked down in order to reduce stock to make room for Holiday Goods.

Millinery, Flowers, Feathers,

At your own price. Just received one more lot of those nice large Feathers we sold so many of last week, 3 in a bunch, sale price 50c. a bunch.

REMEMBER THE PLACE. COME EARLY.

JOHN DRAIN, 111 Gorham St.

Open Every Evening.

CREDIT TO ALL

LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES.

Hundreds of nobby effects in Fly Front Reefers, Double Breasted Reefers, and the new Blouse Front Coats. Starts at $5.48, which buys an excellent Garment, and goes up in easy price stages like $7.48, $8.98, $10.48, $10.98 and up to $24.98.

We are showing some great values in Capes, Waists and Skirts.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Suits and Reefers.

Every garment was ordered before the new Tariff Bill went into effect. $10.75 buys an elegant Overcoat or Suit; $4.00 a stylish and well made Children's Reefer or Suit.

Credit Without Cost or Question.

Caesar Misch 78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

TODAY Is Quarter Day at WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK

4 Per Cent.

Compounded Semi-annually.

273 Central and 4 Gorham, LOWELL, MASS.

Land Sale in Pawtucketville In the New District

Will be at the corner of Moody street and Fourth avenue every afternoon.

WM. H. EMERY.

A QUEER COLONY OF FEMALE CONVICTS IN GEORGIA.

Georgia has a queer colony of women at the town of Heardmont. It is a female convict camp, and is the only female penitentiary camp in the state. Camp Heardmont was provided for under the administration of Governor Northen. The convicts are leased out to a farmer under state control. The lessee who has taken these women under his charge is Colonel W. H. Maddox, who owns a 5,000 acre farm at Heardmont.

When Colonel Maddox was in the Georgia legislature and in the senate, he won friends on account of his great liberality and big heart. In the management of his convicts he has advocated the same policy, and there is not a woman in the whole camp who would not swear by him today. There are no clanking chains that gall and bind, there is no profanity in giving orders, and no winchesters or shotguns are leveled at the criminals. It is a panoramic review of antebellum days, where the master was kind and the slave obedient and faithful.

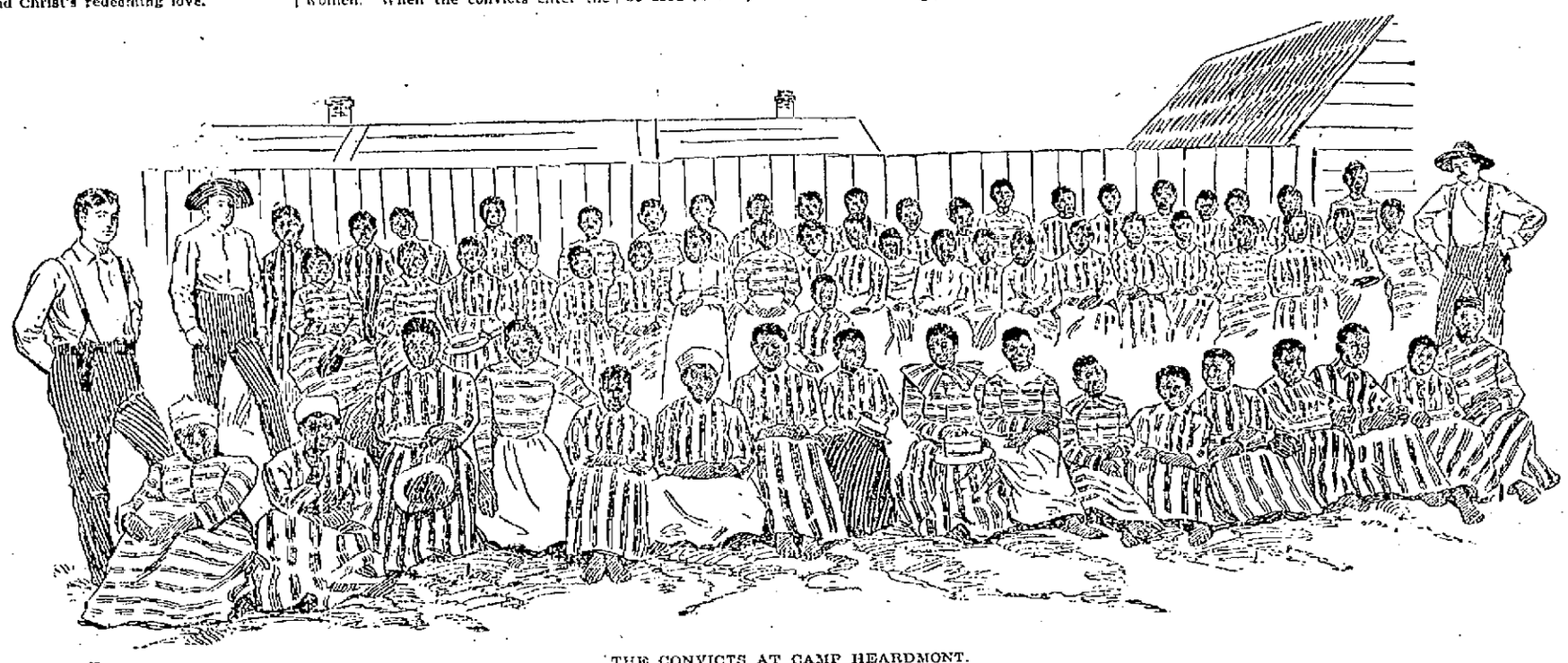
"You can drive a horse to water, but you can't make him drink," said Colonel Maddox, as he talked of his camp and the conduct of the convicts. "I tried driving at first. The convicts gave me trouble. They rebelled and mutinied under the sting of the lash; they cursed the captain who brought the strap down upon their smarting backs. I lead them now instead of driving them. The change is as remarkable as the results are astonishing. There is no longer mutiny or rebellion. The convicts appreciate what I am doing for them, and they work with a will at a word now when years ago, before I used the present methods of discipline, I found they would shirk every task possible.

"If it were not that the law required me to guard them, I would feel perfectly safe in turning every woman loose to work where she pleased, for I would know she would come back at sundown. Escapes are unknown since I have ruled with kindness and consideration. The women no longer play off sick, but to the contrary they are anxious to work at all times.

"I believe they do regret their past," said Colonel Maddox. "Few of the women will talk of the crime. When recruits come in, they have an idea that they will be heroines if they have committed a brutal murder. They are not in the camp a day before they find a sentiment against these things. They have every encouragement on earth to reform and be good citizens. If a convict is caught in a lie, every member of the camp puts the liar to shame. If a convict is caught stealing, her comrades in stripes guy her unmercifully. Several of the women have been converted since their arrival in my camp and a number have joined the church. There is divine service every Sabbath, and all the women take a great interest in the meetings."

From a financial standpoint, these women give more than value received for their hire. They are workers that would put strong men to shame. The hand that rocks the cradle cuts cord wood, clears up new ground, pulls fodder, plows like a veteran, milks cows, feeds and curries mules and makes itself an indispensable factor in the development of the farm. They are sober because there is no drink to be had; they are industrious because they have every incentive to work; they sing gladsome songs in the field because they are happy and satisfied.

Colonel Maddox says his camp has solved the reformatory as far as convicts are concerned. He has incorporated into his camp every idea of reformation. He has a minister to preach to the women; his beautiful daughter sends them Bibles and missionary teachings and even at times entertains the workers with stories of the Bible and Christ's redeeming love.



THE CONVICTS AT CAMP HEARDMONT.

"There is no brutality here," says he. "I have strict rules, of course, but I try to teach the convicts that obedience is a panacea for punishment and that the golden rule is an infallible guide to happiness. The majority of the convicts are better today than they were when they came, and they will be better tomorrow than they are today. The reformation is slow and tedious and oftimes disappointing, but I see the progress the women are making, and I have many letters from those whose terms expire and who tell me of their new resolutions when they reach the homes which they left perhaps years before under the ban of crime and the cloud of blood."

Camp Heardmont is 118 miles from Atlanta on the Seaboard Air Line. It is just ten miles beyond Elberton, with which city it is connected by telephone. The camp buildings are situated in the center of Colonel Maddox's plantation, which is about eight miles square, the Savannah river being the eastern boundary.

The camp crowns the crest of a hill. A piece of ground about the size of a large city lot is inclosed with a ten foot fence. The fence is whitewashed, as are all the buildings on the place. On the inside of this inclosure are numerous rooms 10 by 12, which are used as bath and dressing rooms for the women. When the convicts enter the inclosure, they go to these rooms and take a bath if they desire, or they may change their clothes if they have been caught in a shower. A bath is compulsory every Sunday morning, although there are many who take a bath twice each day.

The dormitory is reached through a large gate which leads from the inclosure. This building is tall between floor and ceilings and is well ventilated. There are bars over the windows, but in winter the shutters are closed and the two big stoves are heated redhot. Several hundred cords of wood are now being hauled to the camp by the women, to be used in heating the dormitory when cold weather begins.

The beds are homemade affairs. They have no springs, but the mattress is thick with straw and excelsior. There are a pair of white sheets and then a pair of blankets. Colonel Maddox will not allow any striped material to be used on the beds. Not even a chair is allowed in the dormitory. The convicts are not even allowed to use snuff in the building, and she who spits upon the scoured floor must suffer the penalty of carrying water on the Saturday half holidays.

"We used to allow chairs in this room," said Colonel Maddox, "but we took them out so that in case of a fight between the women the chairs could not be used as weapons. There is nothing in the room but beds and the coverings."

In one corner of the building is a lavatory which is deodorized twice a day. In the vestibule of the building sleeps the guard on a cot which is placed across the barred door when the door is locked.

The convicts sleep until the big bell rings at 5:45 o'clock in the morning. That is the signal for them to leave their beds and dress. Fifteen minutes later the door is unlocked by the night guard and the women pass out in twos. Not a word is spoken by the guard, for each woman knows the number of her bathroom. At the big gate they assemble and wait until the gate is opened upon the stroke of the bell.

The messroom is just across the road. As the women pass out of the gate they are counted by the night guard, by the captain and by the only white woman in the state penitentiary—Pearl Pendergast, who is regarded as the matron of the camp. This woman is gradually dying from dropsy, and although her seven years' term expires next February she may die a convict.

Breakfast is ready in the messroom when the line of women file into the building. Each woman takes her seat at her table and waits until the signal is given for eating to begin. Every order, morning and evening, is given by a stroke of the bell. After the breakfast the captain lines up the women, and the start for the field begins. The women sing at the top of their voices, and the singing can be heard for miles as the negro melodies float over the fields and echo back from the hillsides.

In the afternoon work is stopped in time so that the convicts can get into camp before dark. This is required by law, as all work must be done during daylight.

Pearl Pendergast is a woman with a past that recalls the days of daring pirates and the child stories of gypsies and their tents and horses. She was arrested in the city of Savannah for aiding in the kidnaping of a little 14-year-old country girl. Annie White, a white woman, but then only 16 years, was convicted with Pearl for kidnaping. Annie has been pardoned on account of ill-health, and within a few weeks after she left the camp she died.

Pearl is now the matron of the camp, if a convict can be called one. She is too feeble to work in the field on account of the dropsy, with which her body is daily swelling. She looks after the dormitory and does a large amount of the sewing of the camp. She is separated from the negro women and is their superior, as she has the counting of the convicts morning and evening intrusted to her care and is given minor authority in the camp.

There is one negro woman who wears trousers as a man. She is the machinist of the camp and runs a 50-horse power engine. One day her skirts became entangled in the wheels, and she immediately asked permission to wear trousers. Colonel Maddox was authorized by the penitentiary department under the circumstances to permit this, and the woman now dresses just as a man. She runs the big gristmill and the sawmill and does about half of the blacksmithing for the farm.

Last year the female convicts cost Colonel Maddox $12.50 each. The clothing, feeding, doctoring and guarding of them made the total annual cost of last year $67 each. The cost per capita varies each year. Under the original 2[illegible] year lease, which was executed in 1879 the state was to be paid an annual rental of $25,000 for all of her convicts male and female, white and colored. As the number varies each year, so the price each lessee pays varies. There are about 2,300 convicts of the felony class in the state this year.

When Colonel Maddox took the female convicts he had only seven remaining years of the lease in which to operate them. The lease expires April 1899. It is quite probable, however, that the lease will be canceled or some arrangement made to relieve him of the charge on the 1st of January, 1899, as he thinks it would be unfair for him to be required to hold them until April, the busy season with the farmer.

"While the work of the women has been entirely satisfactory as a financial venture," says Colonel Maddox, "I shall be glad when the lease expires, for I am tired of the great responsibility. I have become interested in these unfortunate people, and they regard me as their master. There is not a woman in all the camp who would not nurse me day and night if I were ill, and if a member of my family becomes ill every woman makes daily inquiry for their captain."

In addition to the convict labor, Colonel Maddox employs more than 100 free laborers and has a large number of renters and croppers. The free and convict laborers are entirely separate, and the convicts are isolated. The free laborers work on the more distant farms, and the work of the convicts is confined only to the fields nearest the camps.

What will the state do with the convicts when the present lease expires is a question with which the prison and penitentiary officials are laboring. Colonel Maddox has not been able to solve the vexing problem, although he doubtless is more familiar with the situation as regards the female convicts than any other man in the state.

"If the women are placed in camps where there are males, there will be fights, felonies and escapes," says he. "The women must be isolated. They must be kept distinct and separate, and they must be treated humanely. I know nothing about the management of male convicts, but I do know that it is the nature of a woman to rebel if she is treated cruelly. Take a woman and beat her with the lash and she becomes stubborn, hysterical, cowed and browbeaten. It won't do to manage them as the men are managed."

The decision reached by Governor Atkinson relative to the private leasing of the misdemeanor convicts meets with the hearty indorsement of Colonel Maddox. Many convicts have been received by him who have been before in the county gangs. They tell stories of cruelty and inhumanity that savor strongly of fiction, and doubtless many of these bloodcurdling recitals have no basis for belief. Some of the stories, however, find corroboration from fact, as many of the negroes' backs are marked by the lash and their ankles scarred from the shackles.

MOUNTED SOLDIERS OF EUROPE.

Strength of the Continental Cavalry.

The different branches of cavalry appertaining to the peace establishment of the five continental great powers of Europe are composed as follows:

France.—Twenty-six regiments of dragoons, 13 of hussars, 12 of cuirassiers, 20 of chasseurs; total, 71 regiments.

Germany.—Twenty-nine regiments of dragoons, 20 of hussars, 12 of cuirassiers, 26 of uhlans; total, 87 regiments.

Russia.—Forty-eight regiments of dragoons, 14 of line Cossacks and in the Garde Imperiale, 2 of hussars, 2 of uhlans, 4 of cuirassiers; total, 70 regiments. In time of war Russia depends largely on her irregular cavalry, the Cossacks.

Austria.—Fourteen regiments of dragoons, 16 of hussars, 11 of uhlans; total, 41 regiments.

Italy.—Twelve regiments of dragoons, 10 of cavallegieri; total, 22 regiments.

All these countries in time of war make use of their mounted gendarmes (country police). This refers particularly to France, whose gendarmes are in closer relation to her army than is the case in other countries. The comparative smallness of the Italian cavalry is due to Italy's geographical condition, which is not favorable to the employment of large cavalry masses.

In describing the uses which are made of the cavalry in all its branches in time of war it is best to refer to Germany, as her cavalry has been employed more frequently and on a larger scale in modern wars than that of any other country.

All German cavalry regiments are composed of five squadrons, of which four squadrons of 600 horses each are destined to take the field, while the fifth squadron remains at home for recruiting and depot service. All cavalrymen except the officers are armed with repeating carbines and heavy cavalry swords. The form of the latter, however, is different in each of the four branches. Lances used to be carried by uhlans only, but have since 1889 been furnished to the entire cavalry because they proved so effective in the hands of the uhlans in the French war. The best military authorities prophesy they will prove of much value in the next war, but as yet other countries have not imitated Germany in this respect. In Austria not even the uhlans, who in that country belong to the light cavalry, are provided with lances. In the other countries lances are carried by the uhlans, Cossacks, chasseurs and cavallegieri.

The employment of cavalry in battle depends entirely on the disposition of the commanding general. He may use any or all of the different branches to charge the enemy's forces, to establish or destroy communications, to pursue the enemy and to make prisoners, to furnish safeguards to the transportation and other departments and to reconnoiter the country. In cases of emergency, or when it becomes necessary to deceive the enemy as to the strength of his adversaries, it sometimes becomes necessary to sacrifice large bodies of cavalry by leading them to desperate charges, as was done, for instance, in the three great battles before Metz by both sides, and at Sedan by the French. Besides the above enumerated uses, each of the four different cavalry branches is trained to perform special duties.

The cuirassiers, who constitute the heaviest cavalry, are all large, well built men, and the strongest and heaviest horses are picked out for their use. They accompany the main body of the army, and are principally used to charge the lines of the enemy in order to divide them and to make openings for the infantry; also to charge against hostile batteries as soon as these have been partly or entirely silenced or are just about getting into position. The dragoons also are generally kept near the main body of the army, but always a little in advance of it, unless they are in reserve. It is their business to do all patrolling service, as far as this can be done by cavalry. Under particular circumstances they may be ordered to dismount and serve as riflemen, for which service they are carefully trained in time of peace.

The hussars are kept still a little more in advance of the army, and it is their business to reconnoiter the country on all sides, to harass the enemy and cut off his communications, to locate the enemy's position and intrenchments, to go in quest of provisions and to search all houses, farms and villages on their way for hidden enemies. The principal duty of the uhlans consists in entering hostile territory, as far as this can be done with safety, and to keep close to the heels of the enemy. Although constantly exposed to danger and hardship, they are not supposed to engage in doubtful encounters, but are ordered to retreat whenever they are attacked by a superior force, unless they can positively rely on immediate re-enforcements. The report of their investigations is transferred to the hussars behind and by them to headquarters.

Particular care is exercised in selecting the men and horses for cavalry service. Only big, strong men are enlisted as cuirassiers, tall men as uhlans, medium sized men as dragoons and the smaller men as hussars. The horses are proportionately selected. Very small horses are not accepted, as they cannot be brought to accustom themselves to the uniform movements so essential to effective cavalry service. The officers who select the horses have been specially educated for this purpose. As soon as the animals are turned over to the respective regiments they are under the supervision of competent officers carefully trained by noncommissioned officers who have studied the art of training at the riding academy at Hanover. All the principal commands are given by bugle signals, which the horses soon learn to distinguish as well as the riders.

These short specifications of the duties of the different branches of cavalry by no means cover everything, but may be sufficient to furnish the civilian with a tolerable idea of modern cavalry service. Some military men hold that, in consequence of the now universally introduced quick firing guns and rifles, the usefulness of heavy cavalry has been diminished and that this branch might safely be abolished. Others contend that the step from breech loading to repeating rifles is by no means of as great consequence as the step from muzzle to breech loaders has been. A light cavalry—that is, light in weight—does not exist nowadays. The lightest cavalryman, with full uniform, riding boots and spurs, cannot weigh less than 150 pounds, and if we add to this the weight of the saber, carbine, 100 rounds of ammunition, cloak, filled canteen, one day's rations, army saddle, double bridle, straps and blanket the minimum load which the horse has to carry will weigh close to 250 pounds. The lances, now used by the entire German cavalry, do not increase the weight much, as they are made of thin steel, are hollow and only about two inches in diameter. The metal breast plates and helmets of the cuirassiers are of little practical value and are more of a decorative than of a defensive nature. They will probably be cast aside when a new war breaks out.

The importance of cavalry is not considered as having diminished in consequence of any of the modern inventions, as is made evident by the fact that all countries are more anxious to increase than to decrease their cavalry.

GERMAN UHLAN—ITALIAN CAVALRY OFFICER. OFFICER OF FRENCH CHASSEURS. AUSTRIAN HUSSAR. A COSSACK.

He Fired the First Gun

Tony Capestrow of St. Louis enjoys the distinction of having fired the first gun at the battle of Chickamauga. For a long time after the terrible, continuous fighting along the banks of Chickamauga creek and under the shadows of Missionary ridge his comrades in the Confederate army chaffed him about it, with simulated ill humor, cautioning him to beware of any attempt at stirring up a second mess of the same kind.

Mr. Capestrow went into the southern army from St. Louis at the beginning of the war. After a short stay at Poplar Bluff he began moving rapidly and kept it up until the trouble was over. He was enrolled in an Arkansas cavalry regiment which became a part of the celebrated body of mounted troops known as the Texas rangers. Mr. Capestrow served under Van Dorn, Forrest and other leaders, who played havoc with Federal plans, and especially with Federal supplies in Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama. Mr. Capestrow tells in this way how the battle of Chickamaug began:

"I was in General Forrest's command, and we lay the night before the battle, about 19 miles from Chattanooga, along the sides of some hills just back of Chickamauga creek, a short distance below the old mill. Early in the morning of the 19th of September we were called out to reconnoiter. The advance was made on foot, a detail of men holding the horses. Before going forward any great distance from the sides of the hills back of the creek, where we had lain as pickets during the night, we saw numbers of Federal troops, some of them engaged in dragging pieces of artillery into position. They were some distance from us, and, although we watched them intently, with a view to finding exactly what they were about, no lead was wasted on them. Suddenly a lot of them hobbed up right in front of us. They came into view so quickly and so unexpectedly that almost by an involuntary motion I threw up my gun and fired. I presume it was the first shot of the battle. Everybody said so at the time. In a few minutes guns were popping all around, and the fun had begun in great shape. It was the hardest battle, or, rather, succession of battles, fought during the war, lasting for two days, during which time the troops were actively engaged in real fighting without intermission. General Forrest was always a great fighter. Nobody ever caught him when he wasn't ready for a tilt, and he didn't lack opportunity during the two long days at Chickamauga. We fought all around the big semicircle made by the creek, fought about Missionary ridge, got into the rear of the Federals and close to the base of Lookout mountain, fought our way back again and had all varieties of fighting."

Hymns and Hymn Writers.

"Arm of the Lord, Awake," was one of the first of Charles Wesley's hymns. It was published in 1739.

"Infinite God, to Thee We Raise," was a translation by Charles Wesley of a part of the "Te Deum."

"How Pleasant, How Divinely Fair!" was originally entitled by Watts the "Pleasures of Public Worship."

"Come, Saviour Jesus," is a translation of a French hymn by the pious mystic Antoinette Bourignon. The translator is unknown.

"Blow Ye the Trumpet, Blow!" was one of the seven hymns written by Charles Wesley for New Year's day. It was first used in 1750.

"Jesus, I My Cross Have Taken," was from a book of short poems by Henry Francis Lyte, printed in 1833. The melody to which it is sung is from one of Mozart's operas.

"Come, Holy Ghost, In Love," is a translation by Itay Palmer of the celebrated Latin hymn "Veni Sanslet Spiritus," attributed to Robert II of France, who died in 1031.

"Drooping Souls, No Longer Mourn," was the work of Thomas Hastings, the author of more than 600 sacred lyrics and even better known as a composer of church music for use in popular religious assemblies.

"Just as I Am" first appeared in the "Invalids' Hymn Book" in 1836. It was the work of Charlotte Elliott, who became an invalid in 1821 and remained such until her death in 1871. To this remarkable collection of hymns she contributed over 100 lyrics of striking beauty.

Caught a Deer In His Arms.

Harper Middlehouse of Grand Rapids is probably the only man in Michigan who ever caught a deer in his arms and captured it alive. A few days ago young Middlehouse, who was visiting his cousin at Remus, caught a glimpse of a 250 pound buck that had been a captive when a fawn, but which broke away four years ago and has been wild ever since. Middlehouse hid himself behind a log while a companion drove the deer toward him. The buck came to the edge of the log and stopped. Middlehouse did not have the heart to shoot it and sprang for the buck, clasping his arms around its neck. Then ensued a battle royal.

Middlehouse managed to throw the buck, but it speedily rose to its feet. Farwell, his companion, was too far away to be of assistance. Each time Middlehouse succeeded in throwing the buck it managed to get a prod at him with its horns, which fortunately had been recently shed. By the time Farwell reached the scene Middlehouse was almost worn out, his clothing was mostly gone and he had two big lumps on his side, raised by the buck's feet. With Farwell's help Middlehouse finally got a halter around the buck's neck and tied it to a tree.

After the two young men had rested they bound the buck's feet together and carried it back to its old home.

Curiosities In Names.

In the United States generally there is a wonderful recklessness in the matter of names.

For instance, there was a lady in Salem, Mass., who rejoiced in the cognomen of Preserved Bullock, while Preserved Salmon was once a well to do Jersey merchant.

Then, a Philadelphia lawyer is named Shellem, and another lawyer of the same famous city of genius bears the name of Honestman.

And the mayor of a town in Ontario, which had just been honored by a visit from the Canadian premier in his capacity of minister of trade and commerce, signalized the occasion by naming the twins with which his wife had just presented him "Trade" and "Commerce."

Even on the other side of the Atlantic there are some funny names, such as those of a pair of twins, born in 1877, who were christened Peter the Great and William the Conqueror.

Moreover, baptismal registers verify the following names: Christmas Carrol, Mineral Waters, Wild Rose, Ether Spray, Boadicea Basher, Orange Lemon, Jubilee Gosling and Laughing Waters.

The Powers of Liquid Air.

A tablespoonful of liquid air poured on about a fluid ounce of whisky will freeze it at once into flat scales, giving the whole the appearance and color of cyanide of potassium. This may be emptied out on a table and will remain frozen in that condition for fully five minutes. One thing that impresses one is that while all molecular motion is practically arrested at this temperature the odor is perfectly distinct, showing that these particles which stimulate the sense of smell are active and independent of the temperature. A handkerchief of either silk, linen or cotton saturated with the liquid will be charred and destroyed just the same as if it were put in an oven and browned, though no change of color is apparent. Its evaporation is quite slow, and it may be carried about for a number of hours in an open vessel without entirely disappearing. It probably represents a compression of about 700 atmospheres and would therefore in a confined space and at 60 degrees temperature represent a pressure of somewhere from 10,000 to 12,000 pounds to the square inch.

In Germany, when the vote of the jury stands 6 against 6, the prisoner is acquitted. A vote of 7 against 5 leaves the decision to the court, and in a vote of 8 against 4 the prisoner is convicted.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Bricks, apparently as good as when first made, were excavated in Babylon, the marks on them proving them to be 4,000 years old.

In 1816 the value of a bushel of wheat in England was equal to that of a pound of nails. Today a bushel of wheat will buy ten pounds of nails.

During the past three months there has been so heavy a demand for lumber in California that many firms have been obliged to refuse orders. In many cases the increased demand has caused an advance of nearly 60 per cent in prices.

Kaiser Wilhelm's speeches during the last two years fill 323 closely printed pages in the cheap German edition in which they are printed.

To the average eye not more than 6,000 stars are visible. Some persons having extraordinarily strong eyes can see about 8,000 stars. Through the Lick telescope and other powerful instruments about 50,000,000 stars are visible.

In Norway ice breaking machines are in use which paddle their way through ice 23 inches thick at the rate of four miles an hour. One of these machines has lately been sent to Vladivostok to keep its harbor open in winter.

The first imports of cattle to America were made by Columbus in 1493, who brought [illegible] bull [illegible] several cows.

Attar [illegible] are prohibiting vehicles from passing places of worship at a rapid rate of speed on Sundays.

The Mennonites are to found a colony near Houston, purchasing an immense farm, to be colonized by all the Mennonites now scattered throughout the west.

It is estimated that 22 acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land if devoted to wheat culture would feed 42 people; if to oats, 88; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 176, and if to the plantain or breadfruit tree, over 6,000 people.

The allowance of the lord mayor of London up to the mayoralty of Sir Sidney Waterlow, in 1872, was $40,000 annually, but it was increased in that year to $50,000, at which sum it has ever since remained.

POLYGAMY STILL LIVES

In the Mormon Colony Despite the Laws Against it.

Moral Means the Only Agency for Combatting This Evil—Martial Law in Brazil.

Boston, Nov. 15.—Rev. Charles R. Bliss, financial agent of the Salt Lake college, Utah, spoke last evening in Somerville on the "Present Attitude of Mormonism." He said that the American people misconceive the nature and underrate the power of Mormonism. The position taken by many that polygamy is dead is not true. It is still practiced by men prominent in the church, and is generally accepted by the Mormon people as true doctrine. As recently as Oct. 29, a president in the Mormon church published in the Provo Enquirer over his own name—Edward Partridge—the following statement: "The principle of plurality of wives was given by revelation from God to Joseph Smith and was practiced by divine commandment, but the principle was rejected by the government of the United States, and such pressure was brought to bear upon its practice that, after much suffering, the Lord moved upon his servant, Wilford Woodruff, to proclaim the discontinuance of the practice. No one need think that God has changed his mind as to the truth of the principle. Truth is eternal and will never change." The same paper gravely discusses, in another issue, the question whether, if Utah should choose to change its constitution, legalizing polygamy, the government would have the right to interfere.

President Partridge concedes it to be his belief that God is a polygamous being, "loving a female companion," and that Christ was also a polygamist. This polygamous "principle" enters into the very warp and woof of his religious convictions. Unquestionably all the other Morman leaders share these convictions with him. They result from the emphatic and incessant teachings of the last 50 years, and it is a very serious question whether with such men polygamy ever can be be dead. Religious convictions do not die so easily; they reappear when least expected, and hence it is easily explained that, even while the leaders are saying "polygamy is dead," they are confronted constantly with facts that prove it is not. The country need not be surprised if within a very few years an agitation should be commenced in Utah to expunge from the state constitution all articles prohibiting polygamy.

That the Mormon church is steadily seeking to re-establish its power is evident from many facts. It was charged and apparently proved at the close of the last session of the legislature that a committee of the church had been appointed to supervise proposed laws in the interest of the church, and by secret influence over its members in the legislature prevent the passage of such laws as were obnoxious, and that proposed laws were defeated by their interference. Last year the church forbade its members to accept nomination to public office without the consent of their ecclesiastical superiors. Recently the papers have published the statement that the president, Wilford Woodruff, has, by the authority of God, instructed Mormons to vote as Mormons. So marked is the reactionary drift that an intelligent observer of public affairs now living in Utah has recently said that in his opinion statehood has greatly retarded progress in Utah.

Undoubtedly the only means now left the country to shape Mormon affairs are moral means. The time for legislation has passed. Utah is the arbiter of her own destiny so far as laws are concerned, but the christian church, school and college are more powerful than statutes, and these can and ought to be multiplied in that state.

INDIANS LYNCHED

A Party of Forty Secures Three

MURDERERS AND PUT THEM TO DEATH.

Taken From Jail and Then Strung up.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 15.—A special from Bismarck, N. D., says: "Alexander Coudert, a half-breed, Paul Holytrack and Philip Ireland, full-blooded Indians, the first of whom was sentenced to death for the murder of six members of the Picer family last February, and had just been granted a new trial by the supreme court, and the latter two self-confessed accessories in the murder, were taken from the county jail in Emmons county Saturday night and lynched by a mob. The lynching had been apparently coolly planned and was carried out without a break in the program. Sudden and swift retribution was meted out by the mob to the murderers.

They rode into Williamsport on horseback late at night and tied their horses a short distance from the city that they might secure them again as speedily as necessary. The jail in which the prisoners were confined is a substantial structure. Since the confinement of the prisoners therein, so great had been the fear that they might escape that one man had watched all night within the jail. About 2 o'clock in the morning there was a rap at the outer door of the jail, and Deputy Sheriff Kelly quickly turned the key in the lock, thinking that the persons he had expected to meet had arrived. No sooner had he opened the door than the mob crowded into the corridors. All were masked and the leaders carried ropes. The lynchers were quiet, but determined. The leaders presented a revolver at the head of Kelly and told him they wanted the prisoners. Kelly demurred, but he saw that resistance was useless, and unlocked the cells.

Two of the prisoners were confined together, and the other was in a separate cell. They had been aroused from sleep by the entrance of the men and sat up half awake and trembling with terror. Ireland and Holytrack were pulled from their beds, ropes were fastened about their necks, and they were dragged out on the ground, after being told to prepare for death. The men were then led to a huge windlass and strung up on a cross beam. Coudot was the first man to be hanged. It is reported that he was asked before he was hanged whether Black Hawk and Defender had also been concerned in the murder for which he was about to be hanged. He answered that they had been. The rope was then thrown over the beam, and he was raised off the ground and suspended in the air. Holytrack and Ireland were so nearly unconscious from the affects of the dragging that they did not realize what was about to happen when the ropes about their necks were tossed over the same beam. They were unable to stand, and were slowly raised from the ground on which they lay until their bodies swung in the air and dangled from the windlass with that of Coudot.

"Williamsport, where the hanging took place, is about 40 miles from this city and off the railroad. The news of the hanging was brought here by a mounted messenger. The sheriff of the county was in this city at the time the hanging occurred. The men, who had been in the custody of the deputy, were banged to a windlass several hundred yards from the jail, where their bodies swung during the entire day, the coroner not having yet arrived and no one having volunteered to cut them down. About 40 men were concerned in the lynching."

CRUSHED BY AN ANACONDA.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15.—A huge anaconda, on exhibition in a museum here, severely injured Samuel Masher, the museum watchman, and crushed to death a valuable trick pony. The pony was tied to a feed box alongside the anaconda's cage. Masher saw the reptile had worked one of the boards of its cage loose, and had stretched its tail out a short distance. He pushed the board, believing the anaconda would pull within the cage again. Instead it wiggled out and wrapped itself several times about Masher. The latter screamed for help, and the pony, frightened by the big reptile, began jumping about. This probably saved Masher's life, for the reptile unwound itself from him and completely encircled the pony. Masher fell to the floor unconscious, while the big snake continued to crush the pony until life was extinct.

When a number of the employes reached the scene the snake had begun to unwind itself and appeared to be getting ready for more fight. The men kept aloof until a lasso had been obtained and the anaconda finally made secure. Several of Masher's ribs were broken, and he was removed to a hospital.

MARTIAL LAW IN BRAZIL.

London, Nov. 15.—A dispatch to The Times from Rio Janeiro says that President Moraes has issued a decree establishing martial law for a period of 30 days. The evidence of a political conspiracy in connection with the recent attempt to assassinate the president is increasing. The city, however, is quiet, and public opinion supports the course of the executive. The prefect of police, who is a prominent Jacobin, has resigned. The police prohibit the gathering of people in the streets. All things considered, the situation is improving.

LETTER CARRIER ROBBED.

Warren, Ida., Nov. 15.—A mail carrier was held up by a lone highwayman and ordered to cut open his mail sacks. The robber took all of the registered mail and letters. There were about [illegible] in cash.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Secretary Alger is ill with tonsilitis.

The wife of the celebrated composer, Giuseppe Verdi, now in his 84th year, is dead.

Lorillard Spencer, for eight years proprietor of The Illustrated American of New York, has sold the entire property to a syndicate.

Sixty-five fourth class postmasters were appointed Saturday, including the following: Silas Newton, Oakdale, Mass.; Joseph A. Quimby, Olcott, Vt.

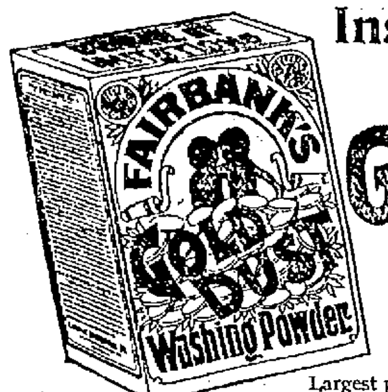
The dead bodies of Henry Turner and those of his wife and sister were found in a field in Campbell county, Ga. They had been shot to death and brained. There is no clew whatever as to the perpetrators.

The William Cramp company has contracted to build four steel screw steamships for the Boston Fruit company, which has steamers running between ports on the island of Jamaica and several cities of this country.

A paper published by the Josephinum, a German college at Columbus, O., says that Mgr. Schroeder, who recently resigned from the chair of theology in the Catholic university at Washington, has been offered a chair in the Josephinum and will probably accept.

The body of James Sullivan, a resident of Chelsea, Mass., and one of the crew of the battleship Massachusetts, was found on the shore at Narragansett Pier Sunday. Sullivan was drowned by the upsetting of a catboat in which he and a companion were on their way from Newport to New York.

First class printing done at this office.



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STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

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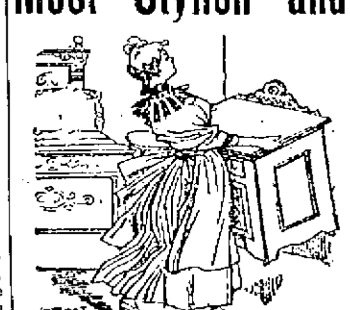

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Ladies' Shoe Dressing, 5c. per bottle.
Ladies' House Slippers, 25c.
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Children's Strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8, 43c; sizes 9 to 11, 49c.
Children's Russet, spring Heel, sizes 5 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid, no heel, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
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LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 17 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

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FOR SALE—NEAR SALEM STREET, COTtage house with land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

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LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNdle containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

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WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady for an Art Needle Work Dept. Must understand embroidery. Apply Reid & Hughes, Lawrence, Mass.

WANTED—HUSTLER TO REPRESENT US in this locality; quick selling articles; large commissions; steady employment; exclusive territory; stamp for particulars. Agents Supply Co., Fall River, Mass.

WANTED—A SMALL TENEMENT CENtrally located for man and wife in respectable surroundings. Apply to "R," Sun office.

LOST—SUNDAY MORNING BETWEEN 7 and 8 o'clock, either in church or between the Immaculate Conception church and 49 Bartlett street, a gold ring. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Mrs. Cunningham's, 49 Bartlett street.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid 2½ story hip-roof house of 8 rooms pantry and bath rooms, with tub, marble wash bowls, &c., maple floors in kitchen, dining room, pantry and bath room, hot and cold water. Piazza and balcony, nice lot of land, high and dry, very sightly, near cars and schools. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, No. 29 A, Hildreth Building, (Old Post Office.)

Lowell High Grade FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

70-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

BARGAIN

Call at the Estey Parlors, 145 Merrimack Street and see this bargain.

Newby & Evans

Upright Piano, with stool, scarf, book and 12 lessons for

$120.00

Will sell on easy terms.

ESTEY

145 Merrimack Street.

THEY WONDER WHY

Jacob Doll is selling so many PIANOS. The reason why is plain. The quality is up, the price is down, the touch is wonderful, the tone is powerful, the scale is perfect, the cases are up to date and forty other reasons. Jacob Doll High Grade Pianos 3-5 Merrimack street, Associate Building, opp. City Hall, Sam L. Orr, Manager.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 58	6 00	§7 07
6 25	7 40	6 25	7 43
6 42	7 62	6 40	§7 55
§7 04	8 62	7 55	9 16
*7 20	8 10	*8 34	§9 10
*7 23	8 15	*9 01	§9 35
§7 33	8 50	9 10	§10 25
*7 45	8 37	10 17	11 35
*8 00	9 49	10 45	11 58
9 15	10 35	11 20	§12 07
9 40	10 40	11 60	§12 56
11 00	12 04	*1 00	§1 35
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 16	1 05	*3 02	§3 35
1 40	2 50	3 47	5 03
3 00	4 35	4 14	§5 34
*§3 52	4 35	*5 00	6 45
4 25	5 30	5 35	6 55
§5 22	6 15	5 41	6 57
5 44	7 10	6 14	7 30
*§6 22	7 03	‡7 30	§8 05
*§7 49	6 30	*8 00	§8 35
		10 15	11 22
		11 23	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 20	8 10	2 15	§3 00
§7 28	8 15	2 02	§3 07
6 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 01	§5 00
§4 25	5 32	7 02	§8 16
§5 58	7 00	8 00	§5 35
		9 00	10 06

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 30	8 03	7 30	8 38
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 37	10 23	11 46
10 53	12 01	11 50	1 03
12 03	1 37	2 16	3 19
12 45	1 56	3 40	4 56
2 30	3 44	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 50
4 05	6 25	6 01	7 13
5 10	6 47	6 35	7 49
6 15	7 26	9 40	10 37
7 00	8 06	11 16 ‖	12 51
9 23	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 26	11 45	12 55
4 15	5 28	5 00	6 16
5 30	6 45	7 00	8 21
7 23	8 46		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton st.

THE NEW TRANSFERS

Are a great thing to encourage walking. Walk into our store and buy a pound of our high grade Tea at 60c., and we will transfer to you a $1.00 Easel for the asking. DICKSON BROS., 63 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

First class job printing done at this office.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone, 556-3.

We only ask you to look at our ladies' watches, not to buy. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Cold? Well, buy your coal of Rourke & Sullivan. It will keep your house comfortable. 223 Central street, 934 Gorham street.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Pease's orchestra at 201 Middlesex street, room 6. Order book at Lawler's book store, corner of John and Merrimack street.

Don't fail to read Cook, Taylor & Co.'s ad. in this paper. The $1.00 and $1.25 wrappers which they sell at 51c. can't afford to pass it.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERR. ST.

Y M C I BAZAAR

CLOSED SUCCESSFULLY SATURDAY NIGHT—$4000 EXPECTED.

The Y.M.C.I. bazaar closed Saturday night with a larger attendance than on any previous evening of the week. The sale of admission tickets was very large. Many of the articles on the tables were disposed of, but as the list of awards is not yet complete, it has not been made public.

The entertainment for the evening consisted of dancing under the direction of T. F. Quinn. The bazaar was a grand success and the young men expect to clear $4000 as a result of their efforts and the generous assistance of their friends.

JUNIOR FORESTERS

A COURT ORGANIZED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

A preliminary meeting to organize a junior court of Foresters was held yesterday in Foresters' hall. Twenty young men were present and received instruction from Messrs. Charles H. McCullough, Charles Connors, and John A. Andrews.

The initiation fee will be $1 and the nominal fee of 25 cents per month will be charged for dues. There will be a sick benefit of $2.50 per week for the first 13 weeks and $1.25 for the second 13 weeks.

No name has been selected yet for the proposed new court, but it is understood that the charter members at the meeting next Sunday afternoon will be asked to adopt the name of "Laurence J. Smith court, Junior Foresters of America."

It is also understood that Thomas Smith, only son of the late ex-supreme chief ranger, will be chosen chief ranger of the court. He is 14 years old. E. F. Slattery and J. J. Gallagher will help at the meeting next Sunday afternoon. Bay State hall will probably be engaged.

EVERYBODY PLEASED.

The Merchants' Coupon company redeemed one hundred thousand coupons last week and one hundred homes have a beautiful addition by some useful article which was obtained free of cost. One hundred and fifty merchants give merchants' coupons and if you trade with the retailers that have signs displayed "Merchants' Coupons Given Here," you can obtain beautiful presents free of cost. Call at 8 Merrimack street and see the articles given away with merchants' coupons. Collect Merchants' Coupons.

AWARDS MADE.

There was a large attendance at the close of the joint fair of Lowell lodge of Odd Fellows and Evening Star Rebekah lodge in Odd Felow's temple Saturady night. Prizes were awarded as follows: Easy chair, Richard Gumb; $51.10. Couch, Mrs. Viola Fifield; $20.40. Dinner Set, William A. Garland; $56.65. Sofa Pillow, Ella Tuttle; No. 65. Barrel of peanuts, Asa B. Hilliard; pipe, Charles H. Clough; pair of blankets, George F. Offut, who guessed the nearest (356) to the number of seeds in the pumpkin, the right number being 360.

AYER'S THE PILL THAT WILL PILLS CURE HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

COMMUNICATION

Editor of The Sun:

Dear Sir—I would like to say a few words in your valuable paper in regard to the street railway transfers. First they are a nuisance of the worst type and the street railway will be losers by them in the end. My family and I took a car on Lakeview avenue just below Bridge street and we got transfers for Lawrence street where we were going to our home and got into the Lawrence street car. When we got to Central street the conductor took our transfers and told us we were in the wrong car. We had to get off and walk our way home up Lawrence street while the car went up Middlesex street. So you see the cars and transfers were not running right as is often the case. The street railway company must think this city is growing smaller instead of larger and that all they need to do is to take their patrons a couple of blocks and then put them off and pocket their nickels. It is a most obliging company, I guess—Nit.

—Subscriber.

The new highway from North Billerica to Lowell is advanced to a little way south of the South Lowell settlement. If ever decent connections are made with the Lowell end this will make the preferable route to Billerica, without the hills or the car tracks of the Gorham street route.

The suit of the First Trinitarian church to get possession of the First Congregational meeting house, is, it is understood, only prefatory to a bill in equity to be brought to place the First Trinitarians in possession of the property. Their ground is that they are the legal successors of the First Congregation Church, to which, as they claim, the property was given, and for which the society of that name has held it as trustee.

WORKINGMEN AND MECHANICS, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

For sale, cheap, on easy terms, located on D street, near the Shaw Stocking company, on high and dry land, with good sewerage, convenient to schools, churches, and two lines of street cars, piped for gas and water; five cottage houses and one two-tenement house. These houses have all modern improvements and are suitably arranged for families. Part of these houses have just been completed and the rest will be finished, ready for occupancy in a very short time.

Terms liberal. A small amount down and the balance can be paid in monthly instalments.

Anyone desiring to go through these houses and inquire terms and prices, call on J. W. Bennett, the owner, at 564 Middlesex street.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

NEW GOODS!
LATEST NOVELTIES
FOR THE FALL SEASON.
Your inspection cordially invited.
Louis Alexander,
Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York, Importer and Tailor,
NO. 65 CENTRAL STREET.
LOWELL.

FAIRY SOAP
PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.
The Soap of the Century
Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

THE
GIGANTIC
STAMPEDE
BY THE
BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

A revelation in the Dry Goods business. Selling Merchandise in season at prices lower than goods can be made for.

TODAY A DRESS GOODS BOOMERANG.

19c and 25c Sicillians, Plain and Brocade for 10c a yard.

40 inch Jacquard Novelties and Silk and Wool Fancies for 19c.

50c and 75c Novelties, Gilbert and other popular makes, for 29c.

Jamestown and Foreign Novelties, sold everywhere for 75c, now 39c.

A Stupendous Offering of Dress Goods at 49c, including all the new Tebelines, Plaids, Tweeds, etc., etc.; 500 pieces in all; none worth less than 75c, and many worth $1,00 and over.

All Wool Storm Serges, blacks and blues, sponged and shrunk, 29c a yard.

All Wool India Twills, blacks and blues, 50-inch wide, 47c, worth 87 1-2c.

All Wool Henriettas, 46-inch, black and colors, 59c, worth 87 1-2c.

All Wool Henriettas, 44-inch, black, only 46c, worth 75c.

All Wool Creponne, 44-inch, black, only 49c, worth 75c.

$2.25 Black Silk and Wool Creponnes (one week only), $1.39. These good cost (today), $1.50 a yard.

$1.00 Priestley's Black Goods, Wool Figures, for 59c.

40c Silk Bar Black Dress Goods, for 25c.

$1.00 and $1.25 Silk and Wool Plaids (largest line this side of Boston), 69c.

75c and 87 1-2c Silk and Wool Plaids, for 49c a yard.

50c Novelty Silks, for 29c a yard.

25c China Silks, 12 1-2c a yard.

$1.00 Novelty Silks, 69c.

$1.00 Silk Velvets, all colors, 49c.

$1.25 Silk Velvets, all colors, 79c.

$2.95 Black Satin Duchess, for 96c a yard.

27-inch Black China Silks, 75c and $1.00, for 49c.

All our $1.00 Glace Taffeta Silks, now 69c a yard.

Yard wide Lining Silks, 39c a yard.

Roman Stripe Brocade Velvets, 69c a yard.

Plaid Velvets, 79c a yard.

Special. 40-inch Black figured Lizard Suitings, worth 50c a yard, for 36c a yard.

And SKIRT MADE FREE if you want it.

"Down with high prices." WE CAN DO IT. The Annihilation still on in the Basement Department. Saturday's Phenomenal Figures will be eclipsed today. It's a Boomerag

AT THE BUSY STORE,
THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

MERCHANTS' COUPONS! HURRAH!!

The people hurrah for Merchants' Coupons because with three hundred Merchants' Coupons they can obtain a beautiful premium.

The merchants hurrah, for the increase in their trade enables them to sell closer than ever and give Merchants' Coupons to their patrons.

The Merchants' Coupon Co. hurrah, because they have just received a carload of new premiums, which they will give for Merchants' Coupons.

Trade Where You See the Signs:
"MERCHANTS' COUPONS GIVEN HERE."